

Approved



**COMMUNITY
DEVELOPMENT**
2025–2029 Consolidated Plan *and*
2025–2026 Annual Action Plan

CDBG B-25-MC-48-0006 | HOME M-25-48-0229



1803 Greenfield Plaza, Bryan, TX 77802
Phone: (979) 209-5175 | Fax: (979) 209-5184 | bryantx.gov/community-development

Executive Summary for 2025–2029 Consolidated Plan and 2025–2026 Annual Action Plan

CDBG B-25-MC-48-0006 | HOME M-25-48-0229



What is Community Development?

- Community Development receives and administers Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) funds, as well as other funds from time to time, for the benefit of citizens of the City of Bryan to:
 - Facilitate the development and preservation of affordable housing
 - Promote neighborhood integrity
 - Partner in providing public services, facilities, and other assistance to primarily low to moderate income residents
 - Empower residents to leverage community resources available to them.

What is the Consolidated Plan?

- A comprehensive, five – year strategic document developed by the city to guide how federal funding is allocated for housing and community development efforts.
- Assesses community needs and identifies priorities based on those needs.
- Serves as both a planning tool and a formal application for funding from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development.

What is the Annual Action Plan?

- Provides funding for programs on an annual basis and is guided by the priority needs and goals set in the 5 Year Consolidated Plan.
- Also serves as a formal application to the US Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Consolidated Plan Executive Summary

- **Accomplishments from 2020-2024 (Does not include accomplishments from 2024 since the program year has not ended yet)**
 - 7 rehabilitation/reconstruction projects
 - 173 minor repair projects
 - 9 down payment assistance projects
 - 5 voluntary demolitions
 - 3,015 low to moderate income clients served through partnerships with Public Service Agencies
 - 2 rental housing units developed through CHDO Elder Aid
 - Covid relief
 - 14 businesses assisted and 69 jobs retained/employees benefited
 - 16 households assisted through Tenant Based Rental Assistance

Public Input

- **Surveys**
 - Service providers – distributed to nonprofits, private businesses, and public agencies
 - Community Needs Assessment – distributed to citizens of Bryan and advertised through a wide variety of media and resources
- **Focus Groups & Consultations**
 - Medical needs focus group
 - One on One consultations with agencies
- **Public Meetings and Hearings**
 - Informal town hall format meetings in the community
 - Formal hearings at Community Development Advisory Committee meetings

Key Findings

- **Community needs and priorities have been identified from the surveys, public meetings, and consultations.**
 - Safe and affordable housing
 - Job opportunities and skills training
 - Financial education
 - Financial literacy, credit repair, and debt management
 - Improved access to health and human services
 - Mental health care
 - Homelessness support for the unsheltered
 - Access to affordable child care
 - Transportation needs

5 Year Consolidated Plan Impact Focuses

- Reduce the number of substandard and dilapidated structures in the community.
- Help residents remain stably housed by addressing health and safety concerns.
- Preserve and extend the life of existing housing stock.
- Makes homeownership accessible for first-time buyers.
- Improve quality of life for underserved and vulnerable populations.
- Increase financial literacy and educational opportunities for residents.
- Strengthen access to essential services, including youth programs, health care, and supportive services.
- Expand economic opportunity for low to moderate income residents through small business support and job creation.
- Improve community safety, accessibility, and overall quality of life.



2025–2026 Annual Action Plan Summary

CDBG Projects

- **Homeowner Housing Assistance (\$562,748.00)**
 - Approximately 30 households are expected to be assisted by our minor repair grant program in Program Year (PY) 2025.
 - Approximately 2 households are expected to receive assistance through our voluntary demolition program.
 - Funding for this program also includes staff program delivery and costs necessary to carry out program activities.
- **Public Service Agency Funding (\$137,941.00)**
 - Addressing the needs of homelessness, youth and families, healthcare, and foster care.
 - Funding for this program also includes staff program delivery, which is the costs necessary to carry out program activities.
- **Project Hope - BISD (\$25,000.00)**
 - Goal: Provide eligible expenses for a program designed to support students facing homelessness or in the foster care system. Estimated 500 clients.
- **BCS Together (\$25,000)**
 - Goal: Provide support for caregivers of kids in the foster care system through financial assistance and the Closet which provides foster care families with essential items. Estimated 200 clients.
- **Brazos Maternal Health and Child Health Clinic (\$40,000)**
 - Goal: Provide funds for prenatal program supplies, ultrasounds, lab tests, and patient education. Estimated 352 clients.
- **Catholic Charities (\$40,000)**
 - Goal: Provide funding for the Brazos Valley Financial Stability Program which can include financial education and financial assistance to help eligible households avoid loss of utilities and/or housing. Estimated 300 clients.
- **Economic Development Assistance (\$75,000)**
 - A program to provide targeted funding to small businesses and microenterprises in Bryan to support local economic growth. The goal is to create and retain jobs, particularly for low to moderate income residents, while strengthening neighborhood business activity and long-term economic stability.
 - Approximately 2 businesses are expected to receive assistance in PY 2025.
- **Program Administration / Grant Compliance - CDBG (\$183,922.00)**
 - Program administration and grant compliance of CDBG programs.

HOME Projects

- **Homeowner Housing Assistance (\$258,883.34.00)**
 - Goal: Major rehabilitation/reconstruction of owner-occupied housing. Estimated 2 households assisted.
- **Acquisition/Homebuyer Assistance (\$72,000)**
 - Goal: Assist approximately 3 first time homebuyers with down payment assistance.
- **Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDO) (\$52,176.67)**
 - Production of affordable units, homebuyer or rental housing, by funds and technical support of the development of 1 CHDO project.
- **Program Administration / Grant Compliance - HOME (\$34,784.45)**
 - Program administration and grant compliance of HOME programs
- **HOME MATCH Requirements & Leveraging**
 - All Participating Jurisdictions must contribute or match no less than 25 cents for each dollar of HOME funds.
 - Estimated HOME leveraging of other resources in this Program Year is anticipated to be ~\$1 million.



CDBG B-25-MC-48-006
HOME M-25-MC-48-0229



CITY OF BRYAN
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

Acknowledgements

BRYAN CITY COUNCIL

Bobby Gutierrez, Mayor

Paul Torres, Single Member District 1

Ray Arrington, Single Member District 2

Jared Salvato, Single Member District 3

James Edge, Single Member District 4

Marca Ewers-Shurtleff, Single Member District 5

Kevin Boriskie, At Large - Place 6

EXECUTIVE SERVICES STAFF

Kean Register, City Manager

Joey Dunn, Deputy City Manager

Hugh Walker, Deputy City Manager

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT STAFF, VOLUNTEER, AND STUDENT WORKERS

Lindsey Guindi, Director

Bill Crowe

Charles Stilwell

Zyreshia Jackson

Lesley Villafuerte

Art Roach, Manager

Blanca Nava

Shannon Stricker

Gloria Weichert

Elisa Duskic

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Bob Bryns

Jaime Cavazos

Rissina Hall

Tonya Driver

Peter McIntyre

Christopher James Reyes

Robbye Elaine Taylor

Lindsay Hackett

Allison Broach Polka

Rebecca Marie Reyes

Carlos Santos-Rivera

SPECIAL THANKS

The Community Development Department expresses sincere appreciation to the numerous agencies, departments, committees, and individuals who participated in the development of the City of Bryan's 2025-29 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Annual Action Plan.

Approved by the Bryan City Council on: July 8, 2025

Submitted to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development on: August 14, 2025

Table of Contents

City of Bryan

2025-2029 Consolidated Plan & 2025 Annual Action Plan

Executive Summary

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| ES-05 Executive Summary | 4 |
|-------------------------------|---|

The Process

| | |
|---|----|
| PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies | 12 |
| PR-10 Consultation | 13 |
| PR-15 Citizen Participation | 27 |

Needs Assessment

| | |
|--|----|
| NA-05 Overview | 36 |
| NA-10 Housing Needs Assessment | 38 |
| NA-15 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Problems | 47 |
| NA-20 Disproportionately Greater Need: Severe Housing Problems | 50 |
| NA-25 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Cost Problems | 53 |
| NA-30 Disproportionately Greater Need: Discussion | 54 |
| NA-35 Public Housing | 55 |
| NA-40 Homeless Needs Assessment | 61 |
| NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment | 66 |
| NA-50 Non-Housing Community Development Needs | 68 |

Market Analysis

| | |
|--|-----|
| MA-05 Overview | 70 |
| MA-10 Number of Housing Units | 71 |
| MA-15 Cost of Housing | 74 |
| MA-20 Condition of Housing | 78 |
| MA-25 Public and Assisted Housing | 84 |
| MA-30 Homeless Facilities | 87 |
| MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services | 91 |
| MA-40 Barriers to Affordable Housing | 95 |
| MA-45 Non-Housing Community Development Assets | 96 |
| MA-50 Needs and Market Analysis Discussion | 104 |
| MA-60 Broadband Needs of Low- and Moderate-Income Households | 119 |
| MA-65 Hazard Mitigation | 120 |

Strategic Plan

| | |
|--|-----|
| SP-05 Overview | 122 |
| SP-10 Geographic Priorities | 123 |
| SP-25 Priority Needs | 125 |
| SP-30 Influence of Market Conditions | 130 |
| SP-35 Anticipated Resources | 132 |

| | |
|--|------------|
| SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure | 135 |
| SP-45 Goals Summary | 141 |
| SP-50 Public Housing Accessibility and Involvement | 145 |
| SP-55 Barriers to Affordable Housing | 146 |
| SP-60 Homelessness Strategy | 148 |
| SP-65 Lead based paint Hazards..... | 150 |
| SP-70 Anti-Poverty Strategy | 152 |
| SP-80 Monitoring..... | 153 |
| | |
| Annual Plan | |
| AP-15 Expected Resources | 155 |
| AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives | 160 |
| AP-35 Projects | 163 |
| AP-38 Project Summary | 164 |
| AP-50 Geographic Distribution | 172 |
| AP-55 Affordable Housing | 174 |
| AP-60 Public Housing | 175 |
| AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities | 176 |
| AP-75 Barriers to Affordable Housing | 178 |
| AP-85 Other Actions..... | 180 |
| AP-90 Program Specific Requirement..... | 183 |
| | |
| Attachments / Appendices | 186 |
| Alternate Data Sources | |
| Citizen Participation Plan | |
| Affidavits of Publication and Public Notices | |
| Community Development Program Maps | |
| Affirmative Marketing Policy | |
| Program Monitoring & Policies | |
| Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing | |
| Resolution, SF-424's, & Certifications | |

Executive Summary

ES-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

The Consolidated Plan (CP) for the City of Bryan, Texas, has been prepared in response to a required planning and application process developed by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the four entitlement grant programs. The Consolidated Plan allows the City to assess affordable housing and community development needs and market conditions to make data-driven decisions. The CP also provides a strategic plan for meeting priority needs that were identified through the consultation process. The analytical parts of the document draw from Census Data, the American Community Survey, and other data provided by HUD. Other data sources include surveys that were used to assist in prioritizing needs as well as public meetings, public hearings, and more. The City of Bryan's 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan serves as the planning document meeting the federal statutory requirements in 24 CFR 91.200-91.230 guiding the use of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME Investment Partnership Funds funding based on the priorities set forth in the Consolidated Plan.

The CP also includes the first Annual Action Plan (AAP) of the 5-year plan period. The Community Development Block Grant and HOME Grant provide Bryan with annual financial resources to achieve strategies developed in the planning process. The City of Bryan does not receive the Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) grant and must compete for Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) funds through the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs. The City became a Participating Jurisdiction with HUD in 1995, which allows the City to receive HOME funding on an annual basis. Currently, the City uses CDBG funds to help the homeless, and through working with local partners Project Unity and Twin City Mission who have been recipients of HOPWA and ESG.

The 2025-2029 5-Year Consolidated Plan is a coordinated approach to addressing Bryan's housing and community development needs. The goal of this collaborative planning process is to integrate economic, environmental, physical, and human development needs in a comprehensive and coordinated way. With the hope of enabling families, neighborhoods, and the broader community to continue working together to improve the quality of life for all citizens in the City of Bryan. Ultimately, the Consolidated Plan allows the City of Bryan, its partners, providers, and citizens the opportunity to create a unified vision for the community.

2. Summary of the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan Needs Assessment

Overview

The City identified objectives and outcomes detailed in the Strategic Plan (SP-25 and SP-45) and will address the following HUD objectives:

- Provide decent housing;
- Establish and maintain a suitable living environment, and;
- Provide expanded economic opportunities.

CDBG and HOME funded activities addressing HUD objectives will be assigned one of the following HUD outcomes:

- Availability/Accessibility
- Affordability
- Sustainability

Identified Priority Needs:

- **Housing:** Access to decent, safe, and affordable housing remains one of the most critical needs in Bryan. This priority encompasses a wide range of housing related activities aimed at supporting low- and moderate-income households and vulnerable populations. General objectives for this would include decent housing and outcomes from housing activities include affordability and sustainability.

Our next 5 years, Bryan will continue to fund programs that provide minor home repairs, rehabilitation, and reconstruction programs for low-to-moderate income homeowners, as well as programs that assist first time home buyers. The City will also continue to explore new opportunities to increase affordable housing in the City through community partnerships. As part of its comprehensive housing strategy, Bryan will also remain an active participant in the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless and the Continuum of Care planning process, working collaboratively in an effort to expand homelessness services, shelter, and housing in our community.

- **Economic Development:** One of the key findings from community input and stakeholder engagement was the strong need for increased job opportunities and greater support for small businesses. Economic opportunity is critical to improving quality of life, reducing poverty, and promoting long term stability within the community. By strengthening the local economy, the City can help ensure that all residents have access to meaningful employment and pathways to financial independence. The objective of any economic development activities would be to expand economic opportunities and address the HUD outcomes of availability, accessibility, as well as sustainability.

Over the next five years, the City of Bryan will promote economic stability and opportunity by supporting local businesses and job creation initiatives. The City plans to provide technical and financial assistance to small businesses and microenterprises, and other businesses, such as Section 3 businesses. By helping stabilize and grow local businesses, Bryan aims to strengthen mixed-use neighborhoods and foster economic self-sufficiency.

- **Public Services:** Access to health and human services remains a significant need in our community, especially among our vulnerable populations. Ensuring these services are both accessible and available plays an integral role in supporting resident’s wellbeing and stability. Funding public service agencies aligns with the broader objective of creating a suitable living environment and contributes to the overall goal of enhancing quality of life for those most in need.

In the next five years, the City will continue to provide technical and financial assistance to eligible nonprofit service providers through a formal application process. Nonprofits may offer a range of programs from health services, youth and family programs, job readiness training, financial assistance, and more.

Continued: Summarize the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan

- **Clearance and Demolition:** Substandard and dilapidated structures can pose safety risks and hinder community development efforts. A voluntary demolition program addresses these unsafe conditions. Funding for this activity supports HUD’s objective of providing decent housing by creating opportunities for future redevelopment.

Over the next five years, City of Bryan will address slum and blight through our voluntary demolition program. By funding the voluntary demolition of abandoned or uninhabitable structures, the City aims to enhance public safety and create opportunities for future redevelopment.

- **Public Facilities:** The City will provide funding for projects that improve access to quality public facilities, including the rehabilitation of community centers, nonprofit facilities, and other eligible spaces that serve low-to-moderate income residents. These investments are critical to strengthening the infrastructure that supports effective service delivery and ensures accessibility for all community members.

Over the next 5 years, funding opportunities will be made available for eligible public facility projects through a formal application process.

- **Public Infrastructure:** Improving public infrastructure in low- to moderate- income neighborhoods is essential to ensuring health and safety, and overall quality of life for residents.

Over the next 5 years, the City will make program funding available to support infrastructure improvements as needs arise. Eligible projects may include upgrades to streets, sidewalks, and pedestrian pathways that enhance safety, accessibility, and mobility in underserved areas.

3. Evaluation of past performance

Following are the most recent accomplishments reported to HUD:

Administrative

- The City completed and submitted both the 2024–2025 Annual Action Plan and the 2023 Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER). To ensure meaningful community participation, four public hearings were held across two separate advisory committee meetings. Additionally, the Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC) convened public meetings about once a month to discuss ongoing projects, gather feedback, and guide decision-making.

Housing Programs

- Completed 1 major rehabilitation/reconstruction project to restore safe, quality housing for a low-to-moderate income homeowner.
- Provided housing assistance through the completion of 35 minor repair projects, addressing health and safety deficiencies and preserving the housing stock for low-income homeowners.
- Completed 2 voluntary demolition projects of dilapidated structures.
- Coordinated with and provided HOME Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) set-aside funding and other available HOME funding for senior housing rental units in partnership with Elder-Aid, a city certified CHDO.

Code Enforcement

- Code enforcement efforts by the City (general funds) resulted in 5,804 code enforcement actions to eliminate slum and blight in the community.

Fair Housing

- The City's Community Development Department participated in 17 activities to promote Fair Housing and Equal Opportunities, to include public hearings, radio and television advertisements, and presentations to groups.

Public Services

These agencies were funded by the City of Bryan in the most recent reporting period and met the objective category of suitable living environment and outcome category of availability/accessibility.

- Unlimited Potential served 22 clients.
- Big Brothers, Big Sisters served 33 clients.
- Brazos Maternal and Child Health Clinic Women's Health Program served 322 clients.
- Family Promise Case Management 123 clients served.

Approximately \$514,045 of other federal, state/local, and private funds were leveraged in delivery of non-housing, public service agency program efforts.

4. Summary of citizen participation process and consultation process

The CP is informed by a range of planning efforts and data sources to guide how the City of Bryan allocates federal funds for housing, human services, and community development. The consultation process demonstrates how HUD funds fit into a broader network of funding and services available in the city.

To develop the CP, AAP, and Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice, the City used an inclusive approach to gather public input. This outreach included focus groups, meetings, surveys, and online engagement opportunities such as:

- Service Provider Survey
- Community Needs Assessment
- Public Meetings and Hearings
- Medical Needs Focus Group
- One-on-One Consultations

The Service Provider Survey collected data on agencies, client needs, and service gaps. Outreach to health and human service providers was conducted through focus groups, surveys, and direct consultations. Information about these engagement opportunities was shared with approximately 80 agencies through emails to Community Partnership Board members, the Coalition for the Homeless, and the United Way 211 Newsletter.

The Community Needs Assessment was made available both online and through in-person public meetings and hearings, allowing Bryan residents to provide input on housing and community needs. To reach a broad audience, notices were shared through legal ads, radio and television segments, and other public notices in both English and Spanish. Additional outreach included neighborhood associations and local churches.

These efforts gathered feedback from a diverse group of stakeholders including nonprofit organizations, government agencies at all levels, the local school district, civic and religious organizations, the private sector, and local residents. A complete list of participating organizations is available in the “List of Consulted Agencies” table.

Between October 2024 and June 2025 (on October 10, December 12, February 13, March 6, May 15, and June 5), the CDAC hosted public forums to discuss the City’s community development programs and gather feedback on local housing and non-housing needs. During public hearings, staff presented information about eligible activities under the CDBG and HOME programs, as well as priorities and proposed funding for the CP and AAP. Presentations also covered topics such as Fair Housing, the Affirmative Marketing Plan, and the Analysis of Impediments.

All community comments were carefully reviewed and considered during the development of the Consolidated Plan’s goals, objectives, and performance outcomes for the next five years.

| List of Consulted Agencies | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| City of Bryan Mayor | Bryan City Council | Executive Office (City Manager) | Bryan & College Station Community Development |
| Planning & Development Services | Public Works Department | Fire Department | Police Department |
| Parks & Recreation Department | Building Standards Division | Flood Management Division | City of Bryan Emergency Management |
| Planning & Zoning Commission | AgriLife Extension Service | B/CS Habitat for Humanity | B/CS Homebuilders Association |
| BCS Together | Big Brothers, Big Sisters | Brazos County | Brazos County Emergency Management |
| Brazos County Health Department | Brazos County Public Defender's Office | Brazos Interfaith Immigration Network | Brazos Maternal and Child Health Clinic (Prenatal) |
| Brazos Transit System – The District | Brazos Valley Affordable Housing Corp. | Brazos Valley Cares | Brazos Valley Community Action Programs |
| Brazos Valley Food Bank | Bridge Ministries | Bryan Housing Authority | Bryan Independent School District |
| Bryan Pregnancy Center | BV Center for Independent Living | BV Coalition for the Homeless | BV Council of Governments |
| BVCOGNet | BV Rehabilitation Center | BV Small Business Development Center | BV Workforce Development Coalition |
| BVCAP Energy / Housing Services | Catholic Charities of Central Texas | Empower Behavioral Health | Family Promise (Homeless Shelter) |
| First Financial Bank | Greater Brazos Partnerships | Healthpoint | Heart of Texas Goodwill |
| Junction 5-0-5 | MHMR Authority of BV | National Alliance on Mental Illness | Peacock Legacy |
| Project Unity | Prosperity Bank | Salvation Army | Scotty's House Child Advocacy Center |
| Sexual Assault Resource Center | St. Joseph Regional Hospital | Summit Pediatrics | Sweet Oak Collaborative |
| Texas A&M University College of Nursing | Texas A&M University Off Campus Housing | Texas A&M University Real Estate Research Center | Texas A&M University System |
| Texas Commission on Environmental Quality | Texas Department of Family and Protective Services | Texas Dept. of Housing and Community Development | Texas Workforce Solutions |
| The Reach Project | Twin City Mission | Unbound Now | United Way of the Brazos Valley |
| Voices for Children (CASA) | Workforce Board | | |

Table 1 - List of Consulted Agencies

5. Summary of public comments

Comments were received by a wide range of stakeholders, including residents, nonprofit organizations, for-profit developers and businesses, faith-based entities, medical professionals, educational institutions, governmental offices, regional planning organizations, and more. Input was gathered through public hearings and meetings, one on one consultations, focus groups, and surveys. A full review of all public

comments and feedback is included in the Grantee Unique Appendices in attachments. Below is a summary of key themes.

Key Community Needs:

Community feedback emphasized the need for safe/affordable housing, especially highlighting a need for emergency shelters, transitional housing, affordable rental units, and senior housing. There's a need for support for first time homebuyers, such as financial literacy and down payment assistance. Other top priorities included healthcare, transportation, mental health services, affordable and accessible childcare, job creation, and homeless services.

Community Concerns:

Comments also reflected concerns about the rising cost of living, neighborhood preservation, and infrastructure. Some residents expressed concerns over the absence of a senior center, difficulties in qualifying for housing due to credit or legal history, and deteriorating sidewalks, curbs, and road conditions in some parts of the city. Transportation barriers and the limited supply of affordable housing were frequently mentioned. Local nonprofits shared concerns about high demand for rental and utility assistance and unable to keep up with this demand.

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them

All comments were accepted and used in development of the CP and AAP, particularly regarding program priorities and funding allocations. Only comments outside the scope of the City or CDBG and HOME grant policies were not used in deciding priorities.

7. Summary

The City of Bryan's 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan outlines key priorities and goals for improving the quality of life for our residents and neighborhoods, especially those who are low to moderate income. The plan includes a needs assessments and market analysis of housing and related community development issues. It serves as a strategic planning and performance measurement tool for the use of HUD grant funds over the next five years.

To inform the plan, the City solicited input from citizens, public agencies, and community organizations throughout the development of this plan. Surveys were made available both online and in physical copies, and outreach was conducted through newspaper notices, TV and radio announcements, website and social media posts, newsletters, and coalition groups. All outreach materials were provided in both English and Spanish to ensure accessibility. Public meetings and hearings were held in person in accessible locations (see Grantee Unique Appendices in Attachments). Outreach groups included: the general public, local and regional agencies, elected officials, city departments, higher education representatives, neighborhood associations, state agencies, churches, schools, faith organizations, and civic groups. This Citizen Participation process helped guide the City's strategy for using HUD grant funds to provide decent

housing, establish and maintain a suitable living environment, and provide expanded economic opportunities.

The Process

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies 24 CFR 91.200(b)

1. Describe agency/entity responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

| Agency Role | Name | Department/Agency |
|--------------------|-------|----------------------------------|
| CDBG Administrator | BRYAN | Community Development Department |
| HOME Administrator | BRYAN | Community Development Department |

Table 1 – Responsible Agencies

Narrative

The City of Bryan is a Home Rule City with a Council/Manager form of government. The lead entity responsible for overseeing the development and process of the Consolidated Plan (CP), annual action plans, the CAPER, and the AI is the City of Bryan Community Development Department. The Director of Community Development reports to the Deputy City Manager. The Deputy City Manager reports directly to the City Manager. The City Manager, or his appointed designee, through Resolution is designated by the City Council as the City's Certifying Officer for Community Development activities. As needed, the CD office coordinates with other various city departments in the process of administering grant funded activities.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information

Art Roach, Community Development Manager
Community Development Department
P.O. Box 1000
Bryan, TX 77805
(979) 209-5175
art@bryantx.gov

PR-10 Consultation – 91.100, 91.110, 91.200(b), 91.300(b), 91.215(I) and 91.315(I)

1. Introduction

The Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) sets forth the City’s policies and procedures for citizen input and participation during the CP process. Following the CPP, the City of Bryan Community Development Department used an inclusive approach to gather input for the development of the Consolidated Plan (CP), Annual Action Plan (AAP), and Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI).

Outreach efforts involved local, regional, state, and federal agencies; housing, health, and human service providers; elected officials, nonprofit organizations, and community stakeholders. Opportunities for input included online and paper surveys, public meetings and hearings, workshops, and one-on-one consultations. Participants provided input on priority needs, goals, and funding allocations for housing and community development programs.

In accordance with HUD requirements, the City also consulted broadband providers and organizations focused on narrowing the digital divide for low- to moderate-income populations, and agencies responsible for flood-prone areas, public land, water resources, and emergency management.

Two public hearings were held during this process. One held during plan development and another to initiate the 30-day comment period on the draft plan. These efforts ensured the planning process was comprehensive, collaborative, and consistent with HUD’s guidance.

Provide a concise summary of the jurisdiction’s activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies (91.215(I)).

The City of Bryan Community Development Department actively collaborates with a wide network of public and assisted housing providers, as well as health and human service providers in the planning and implementation of its CP planning process. In this planning cycle, the City consulted local, regional, and state entities involved in housing and supportive services (see: Summary of Citizen Participation Process and Consultation Process). Public outreach efforts included online surveys to gather input on needs and priorities for future HUD funded activities.

The Community Development Department also participates in multiple collaborative networks and coalitions that aim to improve service delivery and reduce duplication, including the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless, where staff serve as active members. The Department maintains coordination with the local public housing authority through regular reviews of budgets, construction efforts, and certification of consistency aligned with the City’s annual and 5-year goals.

Also, the Bryan City Council delegates to the Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC), the responsibility to review, advise, and recommend funding allocations and program details to City Council and staff. The CDAC is an advisory committee comprised of seven City Council appointees that

hold regular public meetings and required public hearings for federally funded activities. The City of Bryan also partners with the City of College Station to identify shared community needs and enhance regional efforts to improve quality of life.

Finally, city staff remain available to provide technical assistance and support to affordable housing initiatives, when appropriate, including CHDO development projects and Habitat for Humanity programs. Reinforcing the City's commitment to coordinated housing and service strategies.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness

Over the past two decades, the City of Bryan, through its Community Development Department, has worked collaboratively with several local agencies to more effectively identify and address the needs of individuals and families experiencing homelessness. The City's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds are made available annually through a competitive application process to support local health and human service programs, including those that specifically target homelessness.

In addition to CDBG funding, the City actively coordinates with key service providers such as Twin City Mission, Project Unity, and Family Promise in support of their applications for federal assistance through programs like the Continuum of Care (CoC) grant, Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA). These partnerships enhance the City's ability to meet the complex and evolving needs of people facing homelessness.

Bryan is an active member of the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH), a regional body that fosters collaboration among public and private partners. Through this partnership, the City participates in coordinated outreach efforts aimed at connecting unsheltered individuals with services while reducing unnecessary interactions with law enforcement. City departments are equipped with contact information for outreach professionals who can directly assist individuals experiencing homelessness, helping to divert them from the criminal justice system and toward support services.

As part of its ongoing collaboration with BVCH, the City supports the annual Point-in-Time (PIT) count, a HUD-mandated effort to estimate the number of individuals experiencing homelessness on a single night. The most recent PIT count was conducted on January 23, 2025, and identified 44 unsheltered and 72 sheltered individuals in Bryan.

Service providers have reported that the most underserved populations include low-income individuals, those with mental health conditions or cognitive disabilities, and people experiencing homelessness. Key needs identified include access to affordable housing, reliable transportation, mental health care, and substance abuse treatment. These challenges are closely tied to the risk factors for homelessness, and addressing them requires a comprehensive, coordinated response. One of the key barriers identified is the limited capacity to screen unsheltered individuals for mental health or substance use issues. Additionally, many shelters lack the resources to provide clinical mental health or addiction counseling. In response, the City of Bryan and BVCH have developed a coordinated outreach strategy designed to better connect

individuals to services, improve care continuity, and reduce gaps in the support network for the homeless population.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the jurisdiction's area in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards and evaluate outcomes, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the administration of HMIS

The City of Bryan actively consults with the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless, the local Continuum of Care (CoC), in determining priorities for ESG funding and in the development of strategies related to homelessness prevention and housing stability. City staff participate in CoC meetings and planning sessions to coordinate on funding decisions, ensure alignment with CoC goals, and avoid duplication of services across agencies.

Through this collaboration, the City works with CoC partners to:

- **Allocate ESG Funds:** CoC input is integral in identifying service gaps and directing ESG resources to the most effective emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid re-housing activities. Funding decisions reflect shared priorities developed in consultation with CoC member organizations, including service providers, housing agencies, and advocacy groups.
- **Develop Performance Standards and Evaluate Outcomes:** The City and CoC collaborate to establish performance benchmarks for ESG-funded programs. These include goals related to housing stability, length of homelessness episodes, and placement in permanent housing. Program outcomes are regularly reviewed by the CoC and City staff to inform future funding decisions and improve service delivery.
- **Administer and Expand HMIS:** The City supports CoC-led efforts to manage and expand the HMIS. This includes participating in the development of policies and procedures for data quality, privacy, and reporting. ESG subrecipients are required to enter data into HMIS in accordance with CoC standards. The City helps ensure compliance with HUD requirements, including CoC, SuperNOFA, and AHAR submissions.

Additionally, the City supports the CoC's efforts to maintain HEARTH Act compliance, participate in the annual Point-in-Time Count, and evaluate policies and procedures governing the overall CoC system. These collaborative efforts ensure a coordinated, data-driven approach to addressing homelessness in Bryan and the surrounding region.

2. Describe Agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and describe the jurisdictions consultations with housing, social service agencies and other entities

Table 2 – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| 1 | Agency/Group/Organization | Brazos Valley Council of Governments |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing Services - Housing Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Health Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Services - Narrowing the Digital Divide Regional organization Planning organization Civic Leaders |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs HOPWA Strategy Economic Development Market Analysis Anti-poverty Strategy Non-Housing Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| 2 | Agency/Group/Organization | BRYAN |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing PHA Services - Housing Service-Fair Housing Agency - Managing Flood Prone Areas Agency - Management of Public Land or Water Resources Agency - Emergency Management Other government - Local Planning organization Civic Leaders Grantee Department |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Economic Development Anti-poverty Strategy Non-Housing Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Staff were consulted to better understand the needs of residents. Based on these discussions, there is a commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 3 | Agency/Group/Organization | BRYAN HOUSING AUTHORITY |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing PHA Services - Housing Services-Children Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities Service-Fair Housing |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Market Analysis Anti-poverty Strategy |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 4 | Agency/Group/Organization | Bryan/College Station Metropolitan Planning Organization |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Regional organization Planning organization Civic Leaders Multi entity transportation planning organization |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Transportation needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 5 | Agency/Group/Organization | Brazos County Health District |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Health Health Agency Other government - County |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Lead-based Paint Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Economic Development Non-Housing Needs |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 6 | Agency/Group/Organization | The Brazos Transit District |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities Regional organization Public Transportation Organization |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Non-Housing Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 7 | Agency/Group/Organization | Bryan-College Station Habitat for Humanity |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing Services - Housing Regional organization |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Market Analysis Anti-poverty Strategy Financial Literacy |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 8 | Agency/Group/Organization | Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services-homeless Regional organization Planning organization |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth HOPWA Strategy |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 9 | Agency/Group/Organization | BCS Chamber of Commerce |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services-Employment Regional organization Business Leaders Civic Leaders Business and Civic Leaders |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Economic Development |

| | | |
|----|--|--|
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 10 | Agency/Group/Organization | Brazos Valley Community Action Programs |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing Services - Housing Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Health Services-Education Service-Fair Housing Health Agency Regional organization |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs HOPWA Strategy Anti-poverty Strategy Non-Housing Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |

| | | |
|----|--|--|
| 11 | Agency/Group/Organization | BRAZOS COUNTY |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Agency - Managing Flood Prone Areas Agency - Management of Public Land or Water Resources Agency - Emergency Management Publicly Funded Institution/System of Care Other government - County Planning organization Civic Leaders |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Economic Development |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 12 | Agency/Group/Organization | Project Unity (PU) |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services-Children Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-Health Services-Education Services - Victims |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs HOPWA Strategy Anti-poverty Strategy |

| | | |
|----|--|--|
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 13 | Agency/Group/Organization | Texas A&M University |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services-Education Services - Narrowing the Digital Divide Other government - State Planning organization Business Leaders Civic Leaders Business and Civic Leaders Major Employer |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Economic Development Non-Housing Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 14 | Agency/Group/Organization | Texas Division of Emergency Management |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Agency - Emergency Management Other government - State Regional organization Planning organization Civic Leaders |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Non-Housing Needs |

| | | |
|----|--|--|
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |
| 15 | Agency/Group/Organization | MHMR AUTHORITY OF BRAZOS VALLEY |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services - Housing Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Health Publicly Funded Institution/System of Care |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Personal consultation (in person) and/or Service Providers survey. The agency also received notifications about additional opportunities to provide input, including public hearings and community meetings. Based on these consultations and discussions, there is a shared commitment to increasing collaboration among partners to maximize the impact of grant funding and better serve the Bryan community. |

Identify any Agency Types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting

All agency types were included in consultation during development of the City of Bryan’s 2025-29 CP and 2025 AAP. Specific agencies and organizations not consulted in either workshop or one-on-one meetings, were invited to provide input and comment by participation in online survey opportunities and/or by correspondence.

Other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan

| Name of Plan | Lead Organization | How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan? |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Continuum of Care | BV Coalition for the Homeless | The Strategic Plan includes goals developed to address needs identified by both the City and Homeless Coalition. |

| Name of Plan | Lead Organization | How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan? |
|--|--|--|
| Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy | Brazos Council of Governments (BVCOG) | As a BVCOG member, the Bryan goals for meeting: affordable housing; transportation; economic, healthcare, and infrastructure needs reflect similar priorities in the BVCOG CEDS plan. |
| PHA 5-Year Plan | Bryan Housing Authority (BHA) | Goals identified by BHA mirror goals in the BHA Strategic Plan, namely: affordable rental housing; renovation of housing; and energy efficiency. |
| Texas Low Income Housing Plan and Report | Texas Dept. of Housing and Urban Development (TDHCA) | The Strategic Plan supports TDHCA affordable housing goals to include home-buyer assistance, housing repair, affordable housing development, fair-housing, and other local housing needs. |
| Comprehensive Plan | City of Bryan | Strategic Plan goals reflect similar priorities outlined in the Bryan Comprehensive Plan, to include: affordable housing; housing rehabilitation; code enforcement; and infrastructure. |
| Greater Brazos Valley Regional Health Assessment | The Center for Community Health Development | Priority needs identified in the Strategic Plan are also recognized by the Regional Health Assessment, including: affordable housing, homelessness shelter services, health services, job training, affordable childcare, etc. |
| Brazos Valley Coordinated Transportation Update | Brazos Council of Governments (BVCOG) | Goals identified by the survey confirm needs in the Strategic Plan, namely a need for improved public transportation services for the low and moderate-income citizens. |

Table 3 – Other local / regional / federal planning efforts

Describe cooperation and coordination with other public entities, including the State and any adjacent units of general local government, in the implementation of the Consolidated Plan (91.215(I))

The City of Bryan works closely with various public entities at the local, regional, and state levels to support the successful implementation of its CP.

The City maintains a strong working relationship with the City of College Station, collaborating on shared housing and community development goals, coordinating outreach efforts, and aligning strategies to address regional needs. This partnership helps ensure consistency in service delivery and maximizes the impact of HUD resources across both jurisdictions.

At the state level, the City coordinates with the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA) and the Texas Health and Human Services Commission, especially in reviewing Housing Tax Credit applications and other housing initiatives to ensure alignment with local priorities outlined in the CP.

The City is an active member of the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless and collaborates with the Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) to support regional planning efforts, homelessness services, and affordable housing strategies.

Additionally, the City consults regularly with the local public housing authority, reviewing budgets, planned improvements, and providing Certifications of Consistency with Bryan's housing and community development goals.

This coordinated approach ensures that Bryan's use of federal funds is strategic, efficient, and aligned with broader regional and state efforts to serve low- to moderate-income residents.

Narrative (optional):

To ensure a comprehensive analysis of local needs as well as effective program goals and objectives, the City involved all types of health and human service providers, government agencies, and private sector service entities the Consolidated Planning process. Individual consultations, agency workshops, online surveys, and mail-outs, public hearings and review of other available resources allowed the City to prepare strategies that serve both stakeholders and clients. The City of Bryan enjoys good working relations with local providers and fosters those associations by regularly scheduled forums and workshops. These regular meetings ensure goals are being carried out, grant program requirements are being satisfied, and needs are being met according to the Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan.

PR-15 Citizen Participation – 91.105, 91.115, 91.200(c) and 91.300(c)

1. Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting

The City's Citizen Participation Plan is designed to afford all citizens of Bryan, especially low and moderate income citizens, the opportunity to comment on the Consolidated Plan and community development programs. Policies and actions addressed in the plan include: encouraging participation, minimum requirements, amendments, performance reports, public hearings, meetings, availability to the public, access to records, technical assistance, use of plan, jurisdiction response, and definition of substantial change.

As a public forum for the City's programs and to gain input on local needs and priorities, the City's Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC) held public meetings on: October 10, 2024, December 12, 2024, February 13, 2025, March 6, 2025, May 15, 2025, and June 5, 2025. Development on the Consolidated Plan involved several means of citizen participation, including: various online surveys, physical surveys, workshops, public meetings and hearings, one on one consultations, newspaper notices, television and radio public service announcements, and website informational postings.

Likewise, development of the 2025 AAP involved an online survey opportunity, multiple public meetings and hearings, newspaper notices, television and radio public service announcements; and, website and social media postings.

The March 6th and June 5th meetings included public hearings on the local needs and draft 2025-29 CP and 2025 AAP Plan summaries, respectively, as well as on Fair Housing and Affirmative Marketing requirements. Public meetings were announced by notices in the local newspaper, radio, television, public service announcements to agencies, social media, and on the city's website. Public meetings agendas were also posted on the official legal notice websites. The variety of outreach methods resulted in a broad range of input from citizens. Outreach included, but was not limited to: legal ads in newspapers, public services announcements on the city website, television, radio, non-profit newsletters, and other media and venues. An online survey also ran from February 3, 2025 to March 6, 2025 and provided opportunity for citizens to provide input on local housing and non-housing needs and priorities. Assistance was also available to agencies, developers and other inter-departmental offices needing application assistance as well as technical assistance and feasibility reviews so as to apply for grant funding.

CDAC reviewed the input and proposed programs throughout the development of the 2025-29 CP and 205 AAP. The resulting plan containing recommendations regarding needs, priorities, and funding allocations were then forwarded to the Bryan City Council for approval. As required by HUD, a 30-day public comment period ran from June 5, 2025 through July 7, 2025, during which time the Draft 2025-29 CP and 2025 AAP was

available for review online and at various city offices. On July 9, 2024, the Bryan City Council held a public council meeting during which the 2024 AAP was approved and adopted.

Citizen Participation Outreach

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|------------|------------------|--|---|---|--|---------------------|
| 1 | Newspaper Ad | Non-English Speaking - Specify other language: Spanish Non-targeted/broad community | Approximately 25 citizens and staff attended the public hearings on the Consolidated Plan, hosted by the City of Bryan, in March and June. Newspaper ads were placed in both English and Spanish speaking publications. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------|
| 2 | Public Hearing | Non-targeted/broad community | Public hearings were held on March 6, 2025, and June 5, 2025, to gather input on the 2025-29 CP, the 2025 AAP, proposed funding allocations, Fair Housing, and Affirmative Marketing efforts. Approximately 25 residents and staff members attended the public hearings. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|------------|-----------------------|--|--|---|--|---|
| 3 | Public Meeting | Non-targeted/broad community | Approximately 14 residents attended the Consolidated Plan public meeting held on February 18, 2025. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://facebook.com/events/s/2025-29-consolidated-plan-publ/602613472375534/ |
| 4 | Public Meeting | Non-targeted/broad community | Approximately 15 residents attended the Consolidated Plan public meeting held on February 20, 2025. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://facebook.com/events/s/2025-29-consolidated-plan-publ/1431363014939395/ |
| 5 | Social Media Outreach | Non-English Speaking - Specify other language: Spanish Non-targeted/broad community | The online survey was available from February 3 to March 7, 2025, and received a total of 194 responses. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://survey.zohopublic.com/zs/uUk5Ec |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|---|----------------------------|
| 6 | Social Media Outreach | Minorities Non-English Speaking - Specify other language: Spanish | The paper survey was available from February 3 to March 7, 2025, and received a total of 15 responses. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| 8 | Internet Outreach | Non-targeted/broad community | From January 30 to March 31, 2025, the Consolidated Plan webpage received 344 views. In addition, the February 4, 2025, newsletter generated further engagement, with 69 users clicking the online survey link and 39 users accessing the webpage directly through the email. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://www.bryantx.gov/consolidatedplan/ |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| 9 | Social Media Outreach | Non-targeted/broad community | Social media platforms were used to support outreach efforts, including Facebook event pages, posts, and LinkedIn posts. These posts generated approximately 15 reactions, 4 comments, and 8 responses to event pages on Facebook, with additional engagement through LinkedIn. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://www.facebook.com/CityofBryan/ |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| 10 | Social Media Outreach | Local agency partners and stakeholders | Response evaluated by attendance at public meetings, public hearings, and comments received. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | |
| 11 | Social Media Outreach | Non-targeted/broad community | Response evaluated by attendance at public meetings, public hearings, and comments received. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://wtaw.com/city-of-bryan-invitation-to-participate-in-the-next-community-development-plan-serving-low-and-moderate-income-residents/ |
| 12 | Social Media Outreach | Residents of Public and Assisted Housing | Response evaluated by attendance at public meetings, public hearings, and comments received. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://www.kbtx.com/2025/02/06/community-input-sought-city-bryan-consolidated-plan/ |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of response/attendance | Summary of comments received | Summary of comments not accepted and reasons | URL (If applicable) |
|------------|-----------------------|--|---|---|--|---|
| 13 | Social Media Outreach | Residents of Public and Assisted Housing | From May 14 to July 7, 2025, the webpage received 162 views. During the public comment period, the draft plan document linked on the page was clicked 25 times. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | https://www.bryantx.gov/public-comments-sought-for-community-developments-draft-2025-plans/ |
| 14 | Social Media Outreach | Persons with disabilities | Response evaluated by attendance at public meetings, public hearings, and comments received. | See comments received provided under AP-05 Summary of Public Comments as well as under attachments. | All comments were accepted. | |

Table 4 – Citizen Participation Outreach

Needs Assessment

NA-05 Overview

Needs Assessment Overview

The City of Bryan's Needs Assessment was developed through a combination of data analysis and community engagement to identify and prioritize the city's housing and non-housing needs. HUD's default data for this section is from the 2000 Census (Base Year); 2016-2020 ACS; and the 2016-2020 CHAS data. Where available, data is updated or supplanted with the 2019 -2023 ACS and CHAS data. All data encompasses the City of Bryan, with some references to the broader Bryan-College Station Area.

Analysis of the data indicates that cost burden, defined as spending more than 30 percent of household income on housing, is the most prevalent housing issue in Bryan. Both renters and homeowners are affected, with the incidence of cost burden exceeding the Texas state average. Low-income elderly households and families with children are particularly vulnerable, often facing cost burden in combination with other challenges such as substandard housing or overcrowding. CHAS/ACS data further shows that multiple, unrelated family households are increasingly common in both renter (105) and owner (180) categories, suggesting some level of housing crowding or shared housing arrangements. This may indicate affordability challenges or a lack of appropriately sized units for extended or non-traditional households. When discussing the disproportionately burdened, the data suggests that 1,475 out of 5,155 (approx. 29%) of Black households pay more than 50% of income toward housing. In contrast, about 20% of White households are in this category.

To help meet affordable housing needs, the Bryan Housing Authority manages 300 units, which are rated by BHA as in good overall condition. Many of these units have been renovated to improve energy efficiency, enhance safety, and provide more modern living conditions. BHA reports adequate accessible units with all of them currently being occupied. Additional rental housing is provided by the Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) Housing Choice Voucher Program which makes approximately 1,643 vouchers available. Approximately 65% of those vouchers are used in Bryan to assist citizens with payment of rent on privately owned residential units. There is a waiting list for the voucher program and BVCOG estimates a multiyear waiting period for those who do not qualify for a priority preference.

Regarding homelessness, numbers from the January 2025 Point-in-Time Count show there were 44 unsheltered individuals and 72 sheltered individuals across 56 households. Sheltered locations included Family Promise, Phoebe's Home, and the Doug Weedon Shelter for Hope. The majority of those experiencing homelessness were adults, with 15 children also reported. Common contributing factors include substance use, mental health issues, and the lack of living wage employment.

Input collected on non-housing issues indicates a continued need for all current city programs, particularly making public service agency funding available to local providers. Agencies reported housing, transportation, job training and employment, and mental health and health care as some of the

most pressing needs. Several of these also tend to be indicative of a risk of homelessness. Other top priority needs, as reported by clients and agencies, were affordable housing, health services, job creation and training, enhanced public transportation options, infrastructure / public facility improvements, and code enforcement.

NA-10 Housing Needs Assessment - 24 CFR 91.205 (a,b,c)

Summary of Housing Needs

The most prominent housing problem from the housing needs assessment are housing cost burdens, which impact groups most in need of housing assistance from income levels from 0% to 80% of the Area Median Income (AMI). According to 2025 data from the National Low Income Housing Coalition (NLIHC), 87% of individuals facing cost burdens are classified as extremely low income. Small and large related homes and the elderly were most affected by cost burdens more than 30% of income. Cost burdens over 50% of income affected the elderly.

Single-person households, particularly those led by elderly individuals, face higher rates of housing cost burdens and often experience issues related to poor housing conditions and limited accessibility. Of those in the Housing Choice Voucher Program, 27% are households with an elderly head of household or spouse, highlighting a significant need.

Data from the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) and the American Community Survey (ACS) further highlight the housing needs of vulnerable populations, including people with disabilities and survivors of dating violence and sexual assault. Among the 1,728 families impacted by the BVCOG grant, 56% include a person with a disability. Twin City Mission, a nonprofit organization serving domestic violence survivors, reports that 42 of its clients currently need housing assistance—comprising 16 adults and 26 children across 15 households. These households are predominantly Black and White, and face challenges such as lack of income, single parenthood, and limited self-sufficiency skills.

Similarly, a survey conducted by Bryan’s Sexual Assault Resource Center (SARC) identified housing assistance as a primary need from clients. Additional barriers for victims of sexual assault were transportation and limited awareness of services.

Community feedback from Bryan’s Consolidated Plan input meetings in February emphasized the need for affordable housing, job training, and employment opportunities. Specific concerns were raised about the lack of emergency homeless shelters, particularly for low-income families with children. Reports and data show that low-income families with children facing housing cost burdens between 30% and 50% of their income, as well as formerly incarcerated individuals, are at heightened risk of homelessness. Reports and data from the National Low Income Housing Coalition (NLIHC) and the Texas Criminal Justice Coalition demonstrate the connection between incarceration and increased risk of homelessness.

| Demographics | Base Year: 2009 | Most Recent Year: 2020 | % Change |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| Population | 79,410 | 85,645 | 8% |
| Households | 28,930 | 30,650 | 6% |
| Median Income | \$40,312.00 | \$46,813.00 | 16% |

Table 5 - Housing Needs Assessment Demographics

Data Source: 2000 Census (Base Year), 2016-2020 ACS (Most Recent Year)

Number of Households Table

| | 0-30% HAMFI | >30-50% HAMFI | >50-80% HAMFI | >80-100% HAMFI | >100% HAMFI |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Total Households | 5,895 | 4,400 | 5,715 | 3,680 | 10,960 |
| Small Family Households | 1,775 | 1,560 | 2,280 | 1,370 | 4,955 |
| Large Family Households | 755 | 510 | 530 | 505 | 1,070 |
| Household contains at least one person 62-74 years of age | 855 | 535 | 970 | 570 | 2,220 |
| Household contains at least one person age 75 or older | 485 | 455 | 610 | 230 | 945 |
| Households with one or more children 6 years old or younger | 984 | 1,050 | 1,120 | 814 | 1,155 |

Table 6 - Total Households Table

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

Housing Needs Summary Tables

1. Housing Problems (Households with one of the listed needs)

| | Renter | | | | | Owner | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | >80- 100% AMI | Total | 0- 30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | >80- 100% AMI | Total |
| NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Substandard Housing - Lacking complete plumbing or kitchen facilities | 145 | 50 | 15 | 25 | 235 | 70 | 140 | 10 | 0 | 220 |
| Severely Overcrowded - With >1.51 people per room (and complete kitchen and plumbing) | 280 | 75 | 0 | 45 | 400 | 0 | 25 | 45 | 10 | 80 |
| Overcrowded - With 1.01-1.5 people per room (and none of the above problems) | 120 | 60 | 120 | 60 | 360 | 0 | 210 | 35 | 99 | 344 |
| Housing cost burden greater than 50% of income (and none of the above problems) | 2,940 | 795 | 185 | 0 | 3,920 | 765 | 295 | 195 | 20 | 1,275 |
| Housing cost burden greater than 30% of income (and none of the above problems) | 440 | 1,450 | 1,235 | 280 | 3,405 | 140 | 405 | 580 | 315 | 1,440 |

| | Renter | | | | | Owner | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | >80-100% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | >80-100% AMI | Total |
| Zero/negative Income (and none of the above problems) | 495 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 495 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 110 |

Table 7 – Housing Problems Table

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

2. Housing Problems 2 (Households with one or more Severe Housing Problems: Lacks kitchen or complete plumbing, severe overcrowding, severe cost burden)

| | Renter | | | | | Owner | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | >80-100% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | >80-100% AMI | Total |
| NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Having 1 or more of four housing problems | 3,485 | 985 | 315 | 130 | 4,915 | 835 | 675 | 285 | 129 | 1,924 |
| Having none of four housing problems | 1,175 | 1,660 | 2,835 | 1,690 | 7,360 | 395 | 1,075 | 2,275 | 1,730 | 5,475 |
| Household has negative income, but none of the other housing problems | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 8 – Housing Problems 2

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

3. Cost Burden > 30%

| | Renter | | | | Owner | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total |
| NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | |
| Small Related | 1,230 | 860 | 440 | 2,530 | 310 | 355 | 295 | 960 |
| Large Related | 580 | 85 | 4 | 669 | 115 | 165 | 115 | 395 |
| Elderly | 825 | 285 | 170 | 1,280 | 295 | 225 | 260 | 780 |
| Other | 1,150 | 1,160 | 830 | 3,140 | 255 | 195 | 105 | 555 |

| | Renter | | | | Owner | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total |
| Total need by income | 3,785 | 2,390 | 1,444 | 7,619 | 975 | 940 | 775 | 2,690 |

Table 9 – Cost Burden > 30%

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

4. Cost Burden > 50%

| | Renter | | | | Owner | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total |
| NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | |
| Small Related | 0 | 0 | 225 | 225 | 275 | 125 | 0 | 400 |
| Large Related | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 115 | 0 | 230 |
| Elderly | 670 | 150 | 40 | 860 | 205 | 45 | 160 | 410 |
| Other | 0 | 1,100 | 480 | 1,580 | 240 | 0 | 0 | 240 |
| Total need by income | 670 | 1,250 | 745 | 2,665 | 835 | 285 | 160 | 1,280 |

Table 10 – Cost Burden > 50%

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

5. Crowding (More than one person per room)

| | Renter | | | | | Owner | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | >80-100% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | >80-100% AMI | Total |
| NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Single family households | 330 | 95 | 30 | 130 | 585 | 0 | 120 | 80 | 49 | 249 |
| Multiple, unrelated family households | 15 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 105 | 0 | 120 | 0 | 60 | 180 |
| Other, non-family households | 55 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total need by income | 400 | 135 | 120 | 130 | 785 | 0 | 240 | 80 | 109 | 429 |

Table 11 – Crowding Information – 1/2

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

| | Renter | | | | Owner | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total |
| Households with Children Present | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 12 – Crowding Information – 2/2

Data Source
Comments:

Describe the number and type of single person households in need of housing assistance.

Census Reporter statistics from 2023 ACS data states that out of the 33,775 households that are in the City of Bryan, with about 33% of those being single person households. This number factors in the number of single individuals who are attending Texas A&M University or Blinn College. From this number, and from the listed CHAS and ACS data, those in single person households in need of housing assistance are those who are 65 years of age or older. The CHAS/ACS data reveal that elderly experience cost burden, housing condition problems, and accessibility issues at higher rates, followed by all racial groups in the lowest income levels 0% to 50% of Area Median Income (AMI). Additionally, individuals with disabilities are significantly represented among those in need, often facing similar or compounded barriers to stable housing. Data from the Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) show that 56% of the 1,728 families with a Housing Choice Voucher has a member with a disability. Underscoring the high demand for housing assistance within this population. The BVCOG Housing Choice Voucher Program currently serves a significant portion of the elderly population as well, with 27% of its vouchers going to households led by an elderly head or spouse.

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance who are disabled or victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.

There is no definitive number of households currently in need of housing assistance who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. However, available data from local service providers show the need for housing assistance among these populations. According to 2024 data from Twin City Mission, a local nonprofit providing shelter and resources, 15 female head of households received their domestic violence services. Out of their 42 clients, 16 were adults and 26 were children. The majority identified as Black (25) and White (16), with 6 identifying as Hispanic.

The Sexual Assault Resource Center (SARC) reports serving over 1,000 residents annually across the region. While the specific number in need of housing is unknown, responses to the City’s online survey from SARC identified safe and affordable housing as a top unmet need among their clients. This showcases the critical role that housing assistance can play in supporting victims of domestic violence.

Households that include individuals with disabilities also demonstrate a strong need for housing assistance. Data from the BVCOG shows that 56% of the 1728 families assisted through their housing programs had at least one disabled household member. This population often faces housing challenges due to limited income and accessibility barriers.

What are the most common housing problems?

The most common housing problem in the City of Bryan is housing cost burden, particularly among renter households with extremely low incomes (0 to 30 percent of Area Median Income or AMI). Data shows that 2,665 renter households are paying more than 50 percent of their income on housing, indicating a severe cost burden. Of these, 670 households fall within the 0 to 30 percent AMI range, highlighting the disproportionate impact on the city's most economically vulnerable residents. Owner occupied households also face cost burdens, with 1,280 homeowners spending more than 50 percent of their income on housing costs. A majority of these, 835 households, are also in the lowest income category.

When broader cost burdens are considered, specifically households paying more than 30 percent of their income on housing, 7,619 renters and 2,690 owners are affected. This data illustrates that cost burden is not limited to extremely low-income households but also significantly impacts those earning up to 80 percent of the AMI, particularly in the rental market.

In addition to affordability issues, overcrowding and substandard housing are also significant concerns. Severe overcrowding, defined as more than 1 person per room, impacts 785 renter households and 429 owner occupied households. Moderate overcrowding, between 1.01 and 1.5 persons per room, affects 360 renters and 344 owners. Substandard housing conditions, such as units lacking complete kitchen or plumbing facilities, are experienced by 235 renter households and 220 owner households. Additionally, 495 renter households and 110 owner households report having zero or negative income, placing them at extremely high risk of housing instability and homelessness. A recent survey of approximately 25,000 residential properties by the City using Brazos Central Appraisal District (BCAD) data to consider age, quality of construction, lack of maintenance, and observed deterioration, suggested as many as 885 single-family owner-occupied units and 503 renter occupied units are classified as substandard (units in urgent need of repair and/or rehabilitation).

Stakeholder feedback and community engagement sessions further emphasized the complexity of these issues. Residents and service providers highlighted that individuals and families impacted by domestic violence often face additional barriers, such as limited income, single parent households with multiple children, and a lack of self-sufficiency skills. Survivors of sexual assault, according to the Sexual Assault Resource Center, frequently report challenges with securing housing, transportation, and accessing supportive services. These needs were echoed in public input meetings held on February 18 and 20, 2025, where residents consistently identified affordable housing, job training, and redevelopment opportunities as critical needs.

Are any populations/household types more affected than others by these problems?

Analysis of CHAS and ACS data indicates households most affected by the housing cost burden greater than 30% of income were other forms of households aside from small and large related and the elderly. Out of the listed households, small related households were more affected by the cost burden over 30%. For cost burdens over 50% of income, the households most affected aside from other households are the elderly. Overcrowding, particularly severe overcrowding, was found to impact single family households

the most. These conditions often present in lower income neighborhoods are commonly linked to limited availability of appropriately sized and affordable housing units.

Among victims of domestic violence, the most affected demographic is single parent households. According to the data, 585 single parent households were identified as experiencing housing cost burdens. Other vulnerable populations include women fleeing domestic violence and individuals facing mental health challenges or substance use disorders. These groups often struggle to access stable housing without supportive services and face additional barriers such as limited income, lack of safe shelter options, and insufficient availability of rental assistance or housing vouchers.

Describe the characteristics and needs of Low-income individuals and families with children (especially extremely low-income) who are currently housed but are at imminent risk of either residing in shelters or becoming unsheltered 91.205(c)/91.305(c)). Also discuss the needs of formerly homeless families and individuals who are receiving rapid re-housing assistance and are nearing the termination of that assistance

Low-income individuals and families with children, especially those with extremely low incomes, continue to face significant housing cost burdens, often spending more than 30% - 50% of their income on housing. Many are unable to access stable housing due to the limited supply of affordable units, which forces some households to double up with friends or family to avoid homelessness. This can often be true for formerly homeless individuals or those nearing the end of rapid rehousing assistance.

Community feedback gathered during Consolidated Plan public meetings emphasized the need for more emergency shelters, transitional housing, and the construction of affordable housing options. Agencies like SARC provide essential services to victims of violence and individuals experiencing homelessness, including referrals to housing programs. However, due to limited resources, they sometimes have to turn away residents in need. This is just one example of the high demand for services and the pressing need for affordable, accessible housing and support services.

Formerly homeless individuals and those nearing the end of rapid rehousing assistance often show the need for more reliable public transportation, affordable childcare, and more low-income housing options. Many struggle to secure stable, well-paying jobs due to a lack of skills and training. Access to higher-paying employment opportunities and skills development are also seen as needs for these populations.

If a jurisdiction provides estimates of the at-risk population(s), it should also include a description of the operational definition of the at-risk group and the methodology used to generate the estimates:

No estimates provided.

Specify particular housing characteristics that have been linked with instability and an increased risk of homelessness

Several factors contribute to housing instability and increase the risk of homelessness, with financial strain being one of the most common reason, especially among vulnerable populations. According to the CHAS data, approximately 3,945 households in Bryan experience severe housing cost burden, spending more than 50% of income on housing. However, housing instability is also linked to conditions such as substandard housing and overcrowding.

Substandard conditions, including lack of complete plumbing or kitchen facilities, impact 235 renters and 220 owner households, with majority concentrated among households earning less than 30% of the AMI. Overcrowding is another critical factor, predominantly impacting extremely low income households. These housing challenges, combined with high costs, creates a challenging situation that can lead families and individuals to double up with family or friends to avoid homelessness.

Vulnerable groups such as seniors, formerly incarcerated individuals, people with substance use disorders, and single parent families disproportionately face these barriers to stable, affordable housing. Many also encounter additional obstacles, like difficulty securing employment and limited income. When considering the complex realities of poverty, these interconnected factors compound vulnerability and increase the risk of homelessness.

Discussion

Concluded findings of the following needs assessment report of CHAS and ACS data is that out of the many problems to housing, the most common among households is cost burden, affecting households whose cost burden is within 30-50% of their income. Input from community development meetings, agency surveys, and BCAD data suggest continued need for housing assistance and programs supported by CDBG and HOME allocations. The City of Bryan will continue to utilize its CDBG and HOME allocations to address housing needs locally and support programs that further the City's housing initiatives. Other resources, public and private, will be used to leverage program efforts in providing housing needs for renters, owners, buyers, the homeless, and non-homeless special needs.

NA-15 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Problems – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction

The City of Bryan analyzed CHAS data from the U.S. Census Bureau to identify instances of Disproportionately Greater Need, as defined by HUD among racial, ethnic, and income groups. This analysis focused on the four housing problems: lack of complete kitchen, lack of complete plumbing facilities, housing cost burden greater than 30% of income, and overcrowding (defined as more than one person per room).

The following tables present housing problem data by income categories, 0–30%, 30–50%, and 50–80% of Area Median Income (AMI) to provide insight into how housing problems affect different income levels and to identify patterns of disproportionate need across these groups.

0%-30% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 4,895 | 995 | 0 |
| White | 1,960 | 400 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 1,400 | 335 | 0 |
| Asian | 25 | 20 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 1,260 | 230 | 0 |

Table 13 - Disproportionately Greater Need 0 - 30% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities,
2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities,
3. More than one person per room,
4. Cost Burden greater than 30%

30%-50% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 3,515 | 885 | 0 |

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| White | 1,310 | 330 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 685 | 155 | 0 |
| Asian | 94 | 0 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 1,325 | 385 | 0 |

Table 14 - Disproportionally Greater Need 30 - 50% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities,
2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities,
3. More than one person per room,
4. Cost Burden greater than 30%

50%-80% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 2,420 | 3,285 | 0 |
| White | 1,130 | 775 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 400 | 570 | 0 |
| Asian | 65 | 120 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 825 | 1,695 | 0 |

Table 15 - Disproportionally Greater Need 50 - 80% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities,
2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities,
3. More than one person per room,
4. Cost Burden greater than 30%

80%-100% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 850 | 2,820 | 0 |
| White | 520 | 1,125 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 30 | 483 | 0 |
| Asian | 25 | 29 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 259 | 1,160 | 0 |

Table 16 - Disproportionally Greater Need 80 - 100% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities,
2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities,
3. More than one person per room,
4. Cost Burden greater than 30%

Discussion

An analysis of housing problems by income levels in Bryan reveals that households earning less than 80% of the AMI face significant and disproportionate housing challenges. Across the lowest income group (0 to 30% AMI), approximately 80% of households experience one or more of the four HUD-defined housing problems, which include cost burden, overcrowding, and inadequate kitchen or plumbing facilities. This high level of need is consistent among Black or African American and Hispanic households, who represent a large share of affected households in this income category.

For households earning between 30%-50% AMI, roughly 80% continue to face housing difficulties, with minority groups, particularly Hispanic and Black or African American households, disproportionately impacted. Asian households in this group also report a high incidence of housing problems. While the prevalence of housing problems begins to decline for those earning between 50% - 80% AMI, about 42% still experience challenges, with White, Hispanic, and Black or African American populations affected.

Overall, the data highlights persistent disparities in housing stability and affordability among minority populations and lower-income households throughout Bryan. These findings emphasize the importance of targeted housing programs and policies designed to address affordability, improve housing quality, and reduce overcrowding, with a focus on vulnerable populations disproportionately impacted by housing problems.

NA-20 Disproportionately Greater Need: Severe Housing Problems – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction

Review of 2016-20 CHAS data from the U.S. Census Bureau allowed the City of Bryan to explore possible occurrences of Disproportionately Greater Need (as defined by HUD) related to severe housing problems for the various racial, ethnic and income groups. Housing problems include lacks complete kitchen facilities, lacks complete plumbing facilities, cost burden greater than 50%, and overcrowding (more than one person per room). The following tables show data on severe housing problems for income groups of 0-30%, 30-50%, 50-80%, and 80-100% of the area median income, thereby allowing an examination of the likelihood of Disproportionately Greater Need by multiple income categories.

0%-30% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 4,320 | 1,570 | 0 |
| White | 1,690 | 680 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 1,265 | 465 | 0 |
| Asian | 25 | 20 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 1,115 | 370 | 0 |

Table 17 – Severe Housing Problems 0 - 30% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four severe housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room, 4. Cost Burden over 50%

30%-50% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 1,660 | 2,735 | 0 |
| White | 570 | 1,070 | 0 |

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|---------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Black / African American | 255 | 590 | 0 |
| Asian | 54 | 40 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 745 | 960 | 0 |

Table 18 – Severe Housing Problems 30 - 50% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four severe housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities,
2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities,
3. More than 1.5 persons per room,
4. Cost Burden over 50%

50%-80% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|---------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 600 | 5,110 | 0 |
| White | 270 | 1,635 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 90 | 880 | 0 |
| Asian | 45 | 140 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 195 | 2,320 | 0 |

Table 19 – Severe Housing Problems 50 - 80% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four severe housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities,
2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities,
3. More than 1.5 persons per room,
4. Cost Burden over 50%

80%-100% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|---------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 259 | 3,420 | 0 |
| White | 94 | 1,560 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 0 | 513 | 0 |
| Asian | 25 | 29 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 140 | 1,280 | 0 |

Table 20 – Severe Housing Problems 80 - 100% AMI

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

*The four severe housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities,
2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities,
3. More than 1.5 persons per room,
4. Cost Burden over 50%

Discussion

Analysis of severe housing problems in Bryan reveals a clear correlation between income level and housing instability. The most vulnerable households, particularly those earning less than 30% of AMI, experience the highest rates of severe housing issues. Over 4,300 households in this extremely low-income category face challenges such as unaffordable housing costs, overcrowding, or inadequate facilities. These problems diminish as income increases but remain present among moderate-income groups.

Significant disparities also exist among racial and ethnic groups. Black or African American and Hispanic households are disproportionately affected by severe housing problems, especially at lower income levels. For example, in the 0% -30% AMI bracket, both groups have thousands of households experiencing severe housing difficulties. White households also face notable challenges, though generally at lower rates compared to minority populations. Asian households show smaller numbers but still experience severe housing issues across income levels.

NA-25 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Cost Burdens – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction:

Analysis of 2016-20 CHAS data from the U.S. Census Bureau allowed the City of Bryan to explore possible occurrences of Disproportionately Greater Need (as defined by HUD) related to two categories: cost burden greater than 30 - 50% of income needed for housing expense; and over 50% of income required for housing costs. The following tables contain data for race and ethnicity, allowing an examination of the likelihood of Disproportionally Greater Need by multiple racial and ethnic categories.

Housing Cost Burden

| Housing Cost Burden | <=30% | 30-50% | >50% | No / negative income (not computed) |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 18,555 | 5,710 | 5,680 | 710 |
| White | 9,045 | 2,580 | 2,515 | 360 |
| Black / African American | 2,475 | 1,015 | 1,475 | 190 |
| Asian | 280 | 60 | 104 | 20 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 30 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 6,470 | 1,865 | 1,370 | 130 |

Table 21 – Greater Need: Housing Cost Burdens AMI

Data Source: 2016-2020 CHAS

Discussion:

The housing cost burden data indicates that while a majority of households in Bryan maintain affordable housing costs relative to their income, a substantial portion of households face financial stress related to housing expenses. Racial and ethnic disparities in housing cost burden are evident. Black or African American and Hispanic households disproportionately face moderate and severe burdens compared to White households. The number of households with no or negative income, while smaller, is critical to note, as these households are particularly vulnerable to homelessness and housing insecurity.

NA-30 Disproportionately Greater Need: Discussion – 91.205(b)(2)

Are there any Income categories in which a racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need than the needs of that income category as a whole?

Review of CHAS/ACS data indicates that all forms of housing problems in Bryan occur at higher percentages for lower-income households than other housing problems in general. Data also reflects disproportionately greater need where severe cost burden and other housing problems affect Black / African Americans and Hispanics at a higher proportion of the population than white households, particularly in the 0-30% and 30-50% AMI income categories.

If they have needs not identified above, what are those needs?

In terms of an adequate supply of affordable housing units, data shows sufficient numbers of housing units for households up to 100% of AMI, but this is not an indication of the condition of affordable housing. The data reviewed indicated that a substantial number of rental units have at least one of the four housing problems, and owner-occupied units also exhibit a relatively high number of condition issues. This review also found that affordable homes for sale to households in the 30-50% AMI income categories is lacking. While the condition and quality of the housing stock represent a pressing need, housing cost burden remains a significant concern for many residents, affecting their ability to maintain stable and sustainable housing. Together, these challenges highlight the need for comprehensive strategies that address both housing affordability and quality.

Are any of those racial or ethnic groups located in specific areas or neighborhoods in your community?

Reviewing U.S. Census data, the City identified census tracts with 50% or more of any one race or ethnic minority group. For the purposes of this document, an "Area of Racial/Ethnic Minority Concentration" is a U.S. Census Tract with a total population that consists of more than 50% racial or ethnic minority residents. In Bryan, concentrations of racial and ethnic minority citizens are predominately located in the older central and northern neighborhoods. The census tracts containing 50% or more, racial and ethnic minority concentrations are shown in maps following in other sections of this plan, including Grantee Unique Appendices. Many of the dwelling units in these neighborhoods were built in the 1970's and earlier, and a substantial percentage of them are in poor condition. During the last 20 years, a very high percentage of the rehabilitation projects sponsored by the City of Bryan Community Development and HUD have been located in these neighborhoods.

NA-35 Public Housing – 91.205(b)

Introduction

The Bryan Housing Authority manages 300 duplex and townhome style units at 5 different locations in Bryan. This is the only public housing available in the area, and is the maximum number of units allowed under the Faircloth Limit. The Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) administers the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program for the seven-county region. There are a total of 1,643 housing vouchers available, with 1,073 vouchers in use in the City of Bryan. BHA currently has 97 families on its waitlist. Current occupancy is 96%, with 11 units vacant. All 8 handicap accessible units are occupied.

Totals in Use

| | Program Type | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | Certificate | Mod-Rehab | Public Housing | Vouchers | | | Special Purpose Voucher | | |
| | | | | Total | Project - based | Tenant - based | Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing | Family Unification Program | Disabled * |
| # of units vouchers in use | 0 | 0 | 236 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 22 - Public Housing by Program Type

***includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-year, and Nursing Home Transition**

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Characteristics of Residents

| | Program Type | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Certificate | Mod-Rehab | Public Housing | Vouchers | | | Special Purpose Voucher | |
| | | | | Total | Project - based | Tenant - based | Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing | Family Unification Program |
| Average Annual Income | 0 | 0 | 10,272 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Average length of stay | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Average Household size | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| # Homeless at admission | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| # of Elderly Program Participants (>62) | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| # of Disabled Families | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| # of Families requesting accessibility features | 0 | 0 | 236 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| # of HIV/AIDS program participants | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| # of DV victims | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 23 – Characteristics of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Race of Residents

| Race | Program Type | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | Certificate | Mod-Rehab | Public Housing | Vouchers | | | Special Purpose Voucher | | |
| | | | | Total | Project - based | Tenant - based | Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing | Family Unification Program | Disabled * |
| White | 0 | 0 | 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Black/African American | 0 | 0 | 142 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

*includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-year, and Nursing Home Transition

Table 24 – Race of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Ethnicity of Residents

| Ethnicity | Program Type | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | Certificate | Mod-Rehab | Public Housing | Vouchers | | | Special Purpose Voucher | | |
| | | | | Total | Project - based | Tenant - based | Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing | Family Unification Program | Disabled * |
| Hispanic | 0 | 0 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not Hispanic | 0 | 0 | 163 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

***includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-year, and Nursing Home Transition**

Table 25 – Ethnicity of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

| 2025 Updated Bryan Housing Authority Data 2025-29 Consolidated Plan | |
|--|-----|
| Characteristics of Residents – Total 300 Units | |
| # Homeless at admission | 0 |
| # Of Elderly (>62) | 43 |
| Disabled Families | 4 |
| Families requesting accessibility features | 0 |
| HIV/AIDS Program participants | 0 |
| DV Victims | 0 |
| Race of Residents | |
| White | 153 |
| Black/African American | 122 |
| Asian | 1 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 |
| Other | 4 |
| Ethnicity of Residents | |
| Hispanic | 131 |
| Non Hispanic | 149 |

Table 2 - Updated Public Housing Data

Section 504 Needs Assessment: Describe the needs of public housing tenants and applicants on the waiting list for accessible units:

The Bryan Housing Authority (BHA) reported that all residents needing accessible units have such units. BHA reports no residents on waiting lists for Section 504 compliant units.

Most immediate needs of residents of Public Housing and Housing Choice voucher holders

BHA has identified funding for renovations as their most immediate need. Additional financial resources would allow them to continue upgrading units and improving overall energy efficiency and livability of units for residents. From a client services perspective, the most pressing needs reported by BHA staff include access to nearby job opportunities and transportation assistance. BHA currently has a number of applicants on their waiting list for housing.

For voucher holders, the most urgent challenge is finding available and affordable housing units. The Housing Choice Voucher Program waiting list, administered by BVCOG, is currently closed and is not expected to reopen until March 2027. In addition to housing, voucher recipients face several related challenges, including access to transportation, medical care and coverage, employment support, financial literacy, social and health services, and child care.

Fortunately, many of these supportive services are available through BVCOG's offices in Bryan, which are located on a bus route. This centralized location provides a "one-stop-shop" model that helps streamline access to resources. At present, there are 2,819 individuals on the voucher waiting list.

How do these needs compare to the housing needs of the population at large?

These needs closely align with the broader housing challenges observed throughout the City of Bryan. Across all income levels, housing cost burden remains one of the most prevalent issues citywide. However, for voucher holders and public housing residents, who are often extremely low-income, the cost burden is often more acute. While the HCV program is designed to mitigate rental costs, the limited availability of affordable rental units constrains the program's effectiveness. This mirrors larger market trends in Bryan, where affordable and quality rental housing are in short supply.

Many low- and moderate-income households face barriers to homeownership or stable rental housing due to cost. Public housing residents and voucher recipients also frequently lack access to reliable transportation, employment opportunities, and wraparound services, which further jeopardize their housing stability. These issues were echoed in community input sessions, where residents cited transportation and access to services as top concerns across multiple income groups.

While many homeowners in Bryan experience housing quality concerns, such as substandard or aging homes, public housing units also require regular renovation and modernization. The renovation needs cited by BHA reflect broader concerns over aging housing stock in the city.

Discussion

Clearly, the most pressing need related to public housing and housing voucher assistance is funding, as the voucher program locally has inadequate federal funds to satisfy the applicant list. Also, transportation, medical coverage and care, employment assistance, and child care are also needs reported by the BVCOG as needs seen in clients. BVCOG provides a self-sufficiency program enabling clients to save toward homeownership. The program also promotes vocational, technical or higher education and is seeking ways to address local needs. The BHA has active internal programs assisting clients with life skills, tutoring for youth, and financial literacy and continues to expand programs to assist BHA resident needs.

NA-40 Homeless Needs Assessment – 91.205(c)

Introduction:

The current Continuum of Care (CoC) includes cities and agencies within the Brazos Valley region. The lead agencies for the CoC are the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless as well as Twin City Mission. The City will continue to align its work with the CoC and Brazos Valley Coalition of the Homeless. The CoC’s work benefits persons experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness across all populations (single adults, young adults, couples, families, and veterans). Examples of coordination include codeveloping service delivery standards, identifying training needs and delivering training, contributing resources to support HMIS and coordinated entry, and engaging with people who have experienced homelessness.

The most recent Point-in-Time count was done on January 2025. Numbers from the January 2025 Point-in-Time Count show there were 44 unsheltered individuals and 72 sheltered individuals across 56 households. Sheltered locations included Family Promise, Phoebe’s Home, and the Doug Weedon Shelter for Hope. The majority of those experiencing homelessness were adults, with 15 children also reported.

Some of the contributing factors to homelessness include high costs for housing and living expenses, low household incomes, limited support systems, and more. Individuals and families face a variety of personal challenges that can place them at greater risk of housing instability and homelessness, including mental illness, domestic violence, disabling health issues, criminal justice system involvement, lack of education, and more.

Homeless Needs Assessment

| Population | Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night | | Estimate the # experiencing homelessness each year | Estimate the # becoming homeless each year | Estimate the # exiting homelessness each year | Estimate the # of days persons experience homelessness |
|--|--|-------------|--|--|---|--|
| | Sheltered | Unsheltered | | | | |
| Persons in Households with Adult(s) and Child(ren) | 0 | 10 | 69 | 50 | 70 | 30 |
| Persons in Households with Only Children | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |

| Population | Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night | | Estimate the # experiencing homelessness each year | Estimate the # becoming homeless each year | Estimate the # exiting homelessness each year | Estimate the # of days persons experience homelessness |
|--|--|-------------|--|--|---|--|
| | Sheltered | Unsheltered | | | | |
| Persons in Households with Only Adults | 67 | 49 | 446 | 400 | 109 | 180 |
| Chronically Homeless Individuals | 10 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 400 |
| Chronically Homeless Families | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 400 |
| Veterans | 3 | 3 | 26 | 15 | 6 | 60 |
| Unaccompanied Child | 27 | 5 | 44 | 40 | 21 | 60 |
| Persons with HIV | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 120 |

Table 26 - Homeless Needs Assessment

Alternate Data Source Name:
2025 CoC Housing Inventory Count
Data Source Comments:

Indicate if the homeless population is: Has No Rural Homeless

If data is not available for the categories "number of persons becoming and exiting homelessness each year," and "number of days that persons experience homelessness," describe these categories for each homeless population type (including chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth):

Nature and Extent of Homelessness: (Optional)

| Race: | Sheltered: | Unsheltered (optional) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| White | 253 | 41 |
| Black or African American | 237 | 26 |
| Asian | 2 | 0 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 8 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 2 | 0 |
| Ethnicity: | Sheltered: | Unsheltered (optional) |
| Hispanic | 59 | 14 |
| Not Hispanic | 443 | 53 |

Alternate Data Source Name:
2025 CoC Housing Inventory Count
Data Source
Comments:

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance for families with children and the families of veterans.

Numbers from the January 2025 Point-in-Time Count show there were 44 unsheltered individuals and 72 sheltered individuals across 56 households. The majority of those experiencing homelessness were adults, with 15 children also reported. The Emmanuel Lighthouse Mission (ELM) in Bryan operates a transitional housing shelter for homeless single women with substance abuse and other harmful addictions. The shelter also serves as a transitional housing facility for women being discharged from prison. Women may stay at the shelter for up to one year, and occasionally longer when warranted. Occasionally, ELM serves women expecting babies and serves approximately 15 women annually.

This data, combined with the information in the previous section, would suggest hundreds of individuals are receiving, or in need of housing assistance at any point in time during a calendar year. Likewise, the types of families include all categories: single adults, households with children, veterans, female head-of-household, etc. The only category not often served is unaccompanied children.

Describe the Nature and Extent of Homelessness by Racial and Ethnic Group.

Current data on homelessness reflects the presence of individuals from a range of racial and ethnic backgrounds experiencing both sheltered and unsheltered homelessness. This information is gathered from the Twin City Mission.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sheltered Homeless Population by Race: | Sheltered Homeless Population by Ethnicity: |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • White - 253 • Black or African American - 237 • Asian - 2 • American Indian or Alaska Native - 8 • Pacific Islander - 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-Hispanic - 443 • Hispanic - 59 |
| Unsheltered Homeless Population by Race: | Unsheltered Homeless Population by Ethnicity: |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • White - 41 • Black or African American - 26 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-Hispanic - 53 • Hispanic - 14 |

Table 3 - Nature and Extent of Homelessness

While White individuals comprise the largest share of both sheltered and unsheltered populations, the data shows that Black or African American individuals make up a disproportionately high percentage of those experiencing sheltered homelessness compared to their representation in the general population.

Describe the Nature and Extent of Unsheltered and Sheltered Homelessness.

Homelessness data in the Bryan-College Station area reflects a range of needs across different populations, with notable disparities in shelter access, duration of homelessness, and service outcomes. The data shows that adult-only households comprise the largest share of the homeless population, with approximately 446 such households experiencing homelessness annually. Families with children represent a smaller but significant group, with around 69 households affected each year.

Chronically homeless individuals and families, though fewer in number, face prolonged homelessness—averaging up to 400 days—and require targeted supportive housing and services. Unaccompanied youth also face homelessness, particularly unsheltered, highlighting the need for youth-specific interventions.

Veterans represent an important population within the Bryan-College Station area. Data shows that around 26 veterans in our area experience homelessness annually. Persons living with HIV, while few, experience extended periods of homelessness at 120 days.

A notable concern is the higher number of people entering homelessness compared to those exiting, especially among single adults and youth, indicating gaps in housing availability and prevention programs.

Overall, while progress exists in sheltering families and some vulnerable groups, persistent challenges remain in addressing the needs of chronically homeless individuals, single adults, and those with complex health needs. Enhanced coordination and resource allocation are critical to improving outcomes.

Discussion:

As a contributing partner to the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless, the City provides support, technical assistance, and funding not only to providers of shelter, but to health and human service agencies who deliver support services to homelessness in our community. As noted in the non-housing

priority needs assessment, homeless housing options and supportive services, especially for special needs populations, is regarded as a high need in our community.

NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment - 91.205 (b,d)

Introduction:

Non-homeless special needs individuals often live with family members or in supportive housing facilities. This group includes elderly individuals, people with physical or developmental disabilities, those struggling with substance abuse, individuals with mental health conditions, and persons living with HIV/AIDS. Survivors of domestic violence also face similar housing and non-housing challenges, along with unique needs related to their experiences. These populations typically require a broad range of services, such as specialized healthcare, counseling, transportation, food assistance, social and recreational opportunities, employment support, and accessible or adapted housing. While many health and human service agencies provide these supports, families caring for special needs members frequently face significant stress and challenges in meeting these demands.

Describe the characteristics of special needs populations in your community:

Non-homeless special needs populations in Bryan reflect the broader community but face elevated risks of homelessness due to their unique challenges, dependence on others, and limited financial resources. These populations include the elderly, individuals with physical and developmental disabilities, persons dealing with substance abuse or mental illness, survivors of domestic violence, and people living with HIV/AIDS. Many elderly individuals with special needs are widowed and live alone despite physical frailty or disabilities. Physical disabilities affect all demographic groups, including veterans. Substance abuse and mental health issues also span diverse populations. Survivors of domestic violence have specific housing and supportive service needs; data indicates they are primarily female, with approximately half between the ages of 17 and 37.

What are the housing and supportive service needs of these populations and how are these needs determined?

The needs of these special populations align with those experienced by other communities, including access to adequate and affordable housing, health and human services, transportation, and increased supportive housing options for individuals with disabilities. Due to their unique circumstances, these groups often require specialized assistance. Effective collaboration and referrals among service providers are essential to meet these needs. Mental health care is a critical component, as is support in navigating Medicaid and overcoming related access barriers. These needs were identified through community input meetings, consultations with local service providers, and data analysis of vulnerable populations within the city.

Discuss the size and characteristics of the population with HIV/AIDS and their families within the Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area:

Brazos County, which includes the City of Bryan, was identified as one of the top 25 counties in Texas with the highest number of individuals living with HIV in 2021, with over 400 residents reported to be living with the disease. Individuals living with HIV/AIDS and their families often face a range of housing

and health-related challenges, including limited income, discrimination, and the need for ongoing medical care and support services.

In the Bryan area, Project Unity, BVCOG, and the Brazos County Health District play key roles in supporting this population. Project Unity partners with agencies such as the Brazos County Health District to ensure coordinated care and support. Services include long-term rental assistance through housing subsidies, as well as short-term financial support to help cover essential needs such as utility and medical bill payments. These efforts help stabilize housing and improve health outcomes for residents living with HIV/AIDS and their families.

If the PJ will establish a preference for a HOME TBRA activity for persons with a specific category of disabilities (e.g., persons with HIV/AIDS or chronic mental illness), describe their unmet need for housing and services needed to narrow the gap in benefits and services received by such persons. (See 24 CFR 92.209(c)(2) (ii))

This provision is not applicable, as the City does not intend to fund TBRA activities with HOME funds during this period.

Discussion:

In summary, the housing and supportive needs of the non-homeless special needs population is as varied as the various population characteristics themselves. Only with the comprehensive support services provided family members and the local health and human services providers, can these clients be assured of the supportive services and housing they need. The City of Bryan coordinates with those providers through technical assistance, program funding and other development assistance. Every effort is employed to ensure needs are identified and met without gaps or duplication of services.

NA-50 Non-Housing Community Development Needs – 91.215 (f)

Describe the jurisdiction’s need for Public Facilities:

Input from multiple sources indicates that public facilities for local non-profit agencies are considered a local priority. Additionally, because Bryan is an older community and, as such, has aging infrastructure/facilities, responders to survey questions and persons consulted indicated that a variety of non-housing activities are also important in city planning, regardless of revenue sources. These activities include improvements to the streets, sidewalks, water and sewer systems, public facilities, and parks.

How were these needs determined?

Identification of needs was accomplished by a variety of consultation, surveys, public hearings, and online surveys. Input was gathered from a wide range of stakeholders. This included local government officials such as the Mayor, County Judge, City Engineer, and Director of Parks and Recreation, along with representatives from the Brazos Valley Council of Governments, local nonprofit agencies, and members of the general public. To ensure all needs and perspectives were considered, we provided multiple opportunities for stakeholders to provide input through surveys, public meetings, and more.

Describe the jurisdiction’s need for Public Improvements:

Input gathered through public surveys and hearings consistently indicated strong community support for using grant funding to address public improvements. As an older municipality, the City of Bryan faces ongoing challenges with aging and undersized infrastructure. Comments from residents, as well as input from City staff, identified a broad range of needed improvements. These include upgrades to water and sewer systems, storm drainage, sidewalks, street repairs, and park enhancements. Residents also emphasized the importance of public facilities and general infrastructure as priority needs.

The Parks and Recreation Department maintains an extensive list of potential park maintenance, improvement, and development projects across the city. Both infrastructure and park-related projects may qualify for Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding, provided they are located in areas that primarily benefit low-income residents and meet applicable program eligibility criteria. Each year, the City of Bryan conducts a formal application process for public facility projects. This process is managed in accordance with Community Development Department policies and procedures, with funding recommendations reviewed and made by the Community Development Advisory Committee as part of the Annual Action Plan development.

How were these needs determined?

These needs were determined through a comprehensive and inclusive process that involved consultations with key stakeholders, public hearings, and both in-person and online surveys. The City of Bryan actively engaged a broad range of participants to ensure the assessment reflected the diverse needs of the community. Stakeholder consultations included local government officials, city staff, nonprofits, and

more. Multiple online survey opportunities were promoted to residents, nonprofit agencies, and public institutions to maximize participation. Public hearings were held at several public meetings and through virtual platforms to provide accessible options for engagement. All of this guided the development of needs and strategies outlined in the Consolidated Plan.

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Services:

Consultation with local officials, service providers, and community members highlighted a significant and ongoing need for a wide range of public services in Bryan. Feedback emphasized the importance of accessible health and social services, particularly in areas such as job creation, youth programming, economic development, job training, and education. Other critical service needs identified included mental health care, substance abuse treatment, domestic violence support, homeless services, and accessible public transportation.

Health and human service providers consistently identified basic needs, such as healthcare access and food security, as top priorities. Given the breadth and complexity of these needs, public service agencies serve as critical partners in delivering resources and support systems that complement the City's efforts and extend the reach of available services to residents most in need.

How were these needs determined?

These needs were determined through a comprehensive and inclusive process that involved consultations with key stakeholders, public hearings, and both in-person and online surveys. The City of Bryan actively engaged a broad range of participants to ensure the assessment reflected the diverse needs of the community. Stakeholder consultations included local government officials, city staff, nonprofits, and more. Multiple online survey opportunities were promoted to residents, nonprofit agencies, and public institutions to maximize participation. Public hearings were held at several public meetings and through virtual platforms to provide accessible options for engagement. All of this guided the development of needs and strategies outlined in the Consolidated Plan.

Housing Market Analysis

MA-05 Overview

Housing Market Analysis Overview:

The City of Bryan, while experiencing steady growth in population and employment during the prior 5-Year planning cycle, continues to significantly lag both the state (62.2%) and the U.S. (65%) homeownership rate. Bryan's homeownership rate is currently 46.6% according to ACS 2023 (1-year) data. This is not unusual in college communities, however, as student rentals compete with homeownership housing, particularly for more affordable homes. Sales data from the Texas Association of Realtors shows that April single-family home sales volume in Bryan has increased year-over-year by 8.8%, and the median sales price has recently increased by 8.0% to a \$289,000 (April 2025). Active listings have increased 42%, and days on the market up slightly by seven days to a total of 102. Available inventory rose 1.6 months year over year to 4.8 months, indicating that the market is becoming more balanced between buyers and sellers. The primary factor affecting rising prices and volume is steady job growth in the MSA. Over the past five years, the number of jobs has increased an average of 3.15% per year, with 4,200 new jobs created in the community since March 2024, according to the Texas Real Estate Center. The ACS-estimated median housing value is now \$210,600, up 76% from the prior 2020 – 25 Consolidated Plan value of \$119,500.

Housing physical conditions have continued to improve for single family homes, and remained fairly constant for multifamily. Since the most recent physical condition survey in 2021, single family units rated Excellent increased by six percent, while Substandard and Dilapidated units declined slightly. Units rated Good and Conservable decreased by five percent. Apartment conditions saw a seventeen percent increase in units rated Good and Conservable, with no substantial change in units rated Excellent or Dilapidated.

Bryan is primarily renter-occupied, with over half of renter households experiencing a rental cost burden exceeding 30% of household income. A significant number experience severe cost burden exceeding 50% of income. Current median rent is \$1,176 per month, up from \$632 per month in the prior 2020-25 Consolidated Plan, an 86% increase. Although housing costs for both rental and homeownership have increased substantially, the overall vacancy rate has remained fairly constant at 11.5%, suggesting that while there may be sufficient units available in the marketplace, list prices of available units may exceed the capacity of many potential residents.

MA-10 Number of Housing Units – 91.210(a)&(b)(2)

Introduction

According to the most recent 2023 ACS 1-year estimate, there were 33,775 occupied housing units within the City of Bryan, up from 28,925 from the 2019 plan, an increase of 17%. Of the current occupied units, 47% owner-occupied and 53% renter occupied, little changed from the 2019 data for the 2020-24 plan. Current estimated vacancy is 11.5%, up very slightly from the prior plan period. The ACS-estimated median housing value is now \$210,600, up 76% from the prior CP value of \$119,500. Current median rent is \$1,176 per month, up from \$632 per month in the prior CP, an 86% increase. While affordability remains a challenge, the supply of housing units has increased, with an estimated 31,025 such units are now available, compared to 24,127 during the previous plan period.

A cost burden analysis of Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data shows over 52% of renters are cost burdened, spending over 30% of household income on housing. Conversely, only just over 21% of homeowner households experience cost burden. There are 3,975 renter households that have monthly costs between 31% and 50% of the household's monthly income (down significantly from 7,285 in the prior plan), and 1,985 owner households in this cost burden range, also down significantly from 2,989 in the prior CP.

Of more concern, there are 4,195 renter occupied units experiencing severe housing cost burden, expending more than 50% of household income on rent (down slightly from 4,285 in the prior plan). There are 1,300 owner households in this category, up slightly from 1,224 in the previous plan period.

CHAS data indicates there are 11,730 renter households below 100% AMI, and 3,935 above 100% AMI, while owners had 6,750 below 100% AMI and 8,610 above. In total there were 18,840 households below 100% AMI and 12,545 above. This is little changed from the 16,900 below and 12,025 above 100% AMI noted in the prior plan.

All residential properties by number of units

| Property Type | Number | % |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1-unit detached structure | 18,135 | 53% |
| 1-unit, attached structure | 1,135 | 3% |
| 2-4 units | 4,790 | 14% |
| 5-19 units | 4,165 | 12% |
| 20 or more units | 3,425 | 10% |
| Mobile Home, boat, RV, van, etc | 2,505 | 7% |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>34,155</i> | <i>100%</i> |

Table 27 – Residential Properties by Unit Number

Data Source: 2016-2020 ACS

Unit Size by Tenure

| | Owners | | Renters | |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| | Number | % | Number | % |
| No bedroom | 145 | 1% | 830 | 5% |
| 1 bedroom | 270 | 2% | 3,110 | 20% |
| 2 bedrooms | 2,240 | 15% | 7,065 | 46% |
| 3 or more bedrooms | 12,640 | 83% | 4,345 | 28% |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>15,295</i> | <i>101%</i> | <i>15,350</i> | <i>99%</i> |

Table 28 – Unit Size by Tenure

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

Describe the number and targeting (income level/type of family served) of units assisted with federal, state, and local programs.

The Housing Authority of the City of Bryan owns and operates 300 duplex and townhome-style Public Housing rental units targeted to low, very low, and extremely low-income households. This is the maximum number of public housing units possible under the HUD Faircloth limits.

In Bryan, there is one Section 202 Housing Program, Crestview Apartments, for low-income elderly and disabled. These apartments offer a variety of supportive programs. There are 138 one-bedroom apartments and 6 two-bedroom apartments.

The Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program is a federally funded manner of stimulating construction and rehabilitation of affordable housing by reducing federal income tax liability. The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA) is responsible for awarding tax credits to qualifying residential developments. Bryan has 764 LIHTC units targeted to low- and moderate-income households. Of these units, 141 units at the Mid Towne Apartments Homes are reserved for elderly residents. The remainder are for the general population. There are an additional 488 LIHTC units in Brazos County that are outside the City of Bryan, but which also serve the community. Of those, 172 are reserved for elderly residents.

Nonprofit Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) Elder Aid operates 24 HOME-financed single family rental units restricted to elderly low to moderate income occupants in Bryan. Of these, 14 units are still within the affordability period, and one (1) unit is currently under construction, for a total of 15 single family properties with active HOME Land Use Restriction Agreements serving households under 60% of the Area Median Income. Elder Aid also owns and operates 21 rental units in College Station for low-income elderly rentals which serve the community.

The Brazos Valley Council of Governments provides Housing Choice Voucher assistance in the area. There are currently 1,073 Housing Choice Vouchers in use within the City of Bryan, targeting households earning up to 50% of the Area Median Income. A total of 1,643 vouchers are in use in Bryan and the surrounding seven-county area, consisting of Brazos, Burleson, Grimes (excluding the City of Navasota), Leon, Madison, Robertson, and Washington (excluding the City of Brenham).

Provide an assessment of units expected to be lost from the affordable housing inventory for any reason, such as expiration of Section 8 contracts.

Of the 15 Elder Aid HOME units currently under an affordability period, three (3) will expire within the next five years. No other restricted properties are known to have restrictions expiring during the 2025-2029 5-year Consolidated Plan period.

Does the availability of housing units meet the needs of the population?

The vacancy rate is approximately 11.5%, which may indicate an adequate number of housing units. However, there is a lack of affordable units for lower-income residents, as shown by the number of cost-burdened and severely cost-burdened renter households. Additionally, a years-long Section 8 housing voucher waiting list indicates that there is still a need for additional affordable rental units. The high vacancy rate and large number of cost burdened households may indicate that many higher income households are occupying a significant number of more affordable units.

Describe the need for specific types of housing:

Consultation with local agencies, government offices, and citizen input indicate the local area is in need of permanent supportive housing for special needs, elderly, and large family (5+ member) rental units. Also, there is a need for new homebuyer developments affordable to homebuyers in the 50-80% AMI range.

Discussion

While the number of available units may be sufficient for the current population based on the number of vacant units, it is apparent from the cost burden data that the price distribution of the available rental units does not meet the needs of the low to moderate income population.

MA-15 Housing Market Analysis: Cost of Housing - 91.210(a)

Introduction

Housing affordability impacts not only decisions related to housing choice, but, if the household spends between 30% and 50% of its income on housing costs, the household may be at increased risk of the impact of being housing cost burdened, being unable to afford other basic necessities, such as food, clothing, transportation, medical, housing maintenance, etc., and are at greater risk for foreclosure, eviction, and code enforcement actions. The City's goal is to partner with public and private entities to ensure there are adequate safety net programs and services in place to assist low to moderate income homeowner, buyer, and tenant households to overcome the negative effects of cost burden.

Cost of Housing

| | Base Year: 2009 | Most Recent Year: 2020 | % Change |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| Median Home Value | 119,500 | 158,000 | 32% |
| Median Contract Rent | 632 | 766 | 21% |

Table 29 – Cost of Housing

Data Source: 2000 Census (Base Year), 2016-2020 ACS (Most Recent Year)

| Rent Paid | Number | % |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Less than \$500 | 2,440 | 15.9% |
| \$500-999 | 9,399 | 61.2% |
| \$1,000-1,499 | 2,575 | 16.8% |
| \$1,500-1,999 | 405 | 2.6% |
| \$2,000 or more | 520 | 3.4% |
| Total | 15,339 | 99.9% |

Table 30 - Rent Paid

Data Source: 2016-2020 ACS

Housing Affordability

| Number of Units affordable to Households earning | Renter | Owner |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| 30% HAMFI | 985 | No Data |
| 50% HAMFI | 4,100 | 1,910 |
| 80% HAMFI | 10,595 | 4,885 |
| 100% HAMFI | No Data | 6,814 |
| Total | 15,680 | 13,609 |

Table 31 – Housing Affordability

Data Source: 2016-2020 CHAS

Monthly Rent

| Monthly Rent (\$) | Efficiency (no bedroom) | 1 Bedroom | 2 Bedroom | 3 Bedroom | 4 Bedroom |
|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Fair Market Rent | 839 | 904 | 1,024 | 1,455 | 1,571 |
| High HOME Rent | 660 | 767 | 911 | 1,125 | 1,235 |
| Low HOME Rent | 600 | 642 | 771 | 890 | 993 |

Table 32 – Monthly Rent

Data HUD FMR and HOME Rents
Source:

Is there sufficient housing for households at all income levels?

The 2023 ACS 1-year estimate shows 33,775 occupied housing units in Bryan (46.6% owner-occupied and 53.4% renter occupied). Estimated vacancy rate is 11.5%. The median housing value is \$210,600 (ACS2019-23), up from \$119,500 in 2019, and the median gross rent is \$1,176. At first impression, there appears to be a sufficient number of available housing units, 36,566 (2023 ACS 1-year), up from 24,127 units in 2019. There are a total 33,775 households (2023 ACS 1-year), indicating excess available units of about 2,791. CHAS shows a total of 29,289 units affordable to households earning up to 100% of the HUD Area Median Family Income (HAMFI). Also based on CHAS data, there were 18,480 households below 100% HAMFI (12,545 above 100% HAMFI). However, CHAS indicates that there is an acute shortage of units available to renters earning below 50% HAMFI. The data indicates there are only 985 units priced to serve renter households earning up to 30% HAMFI, while there are 4,470 renter households earning under 30% HAMFI, a severe deficit of 3,485 units. For the 4,100 renters in the 30% to 50% HAMFI range, CHAS data indicates there is actually a surplus of 1,725 units available, while the 10,595 renters in the 50%-80% HAMFI range have a large surplus of 8,780 affordable units. This pattern is also evident in ownership units, with an acute shortage of 2,115 units available for purchasers under 50% AMFI, with significant surpluses of units for households in the 80%-100% HAMFI (approximately 7,544 total unit surplus).

The high vacancy rate and large number of cost burdened households may indicate that many higher income households are occupying a significant number of more affordable units.

How is affordability of housing likely to change considering changes to home values and/or rents?

Sales data from the Texas Association of Realtors shows that April single-family home sales volume in Bryan has increased year-over-year by 8.8%, and the median sales price has recently increased by 8.0% to a \$289,000 (April 2025). Active listings have increased 42%, and days on the market up slightly by seven days to a total of 102. Available inventory rose 1.6 months year over year to 4.8 months, indicating that the market is becoming more balanced between buyers and sellers. The primary factor affecting rising prices and volume is steady job growth in the MSA. Over the past five years, the number of jobs has increased an average of 3.15% per year, with 4,200 new jobs created in the community since March 2024, according to the Texas Real Estate Center. The ACS-estimated median housing value is now

\$210,600, up 76% from the prior plan value of \$119,500. As valuations increase, associated homeownership costs for insurance and property taxes also increase.

One measure of home purchase affordability is the median multiple method, using the ratio between the median house price and the median household income (Demographia International 2024). Ratios under 3.0 are considered affordable, with higher ratios indicating less affordability. Currently the median multiple Housing Affordability Rating in the City of Bryan is calculated by dividing the median home price of \$289,000 by the median household income of \$53,006, resulting in a 5.45 ratio, considered severely unaffordable to most households. By comparison, in 2020, the median home price in Bryan was \$198,200, and the median household income was \$49,181, resulting in a median multiple ratios of 4.03, a .28 per year, or 7% annual increase. This trend is expected to continue, as demand for homes remains high, and property values are high. The supply of homeownership units is not expected to increase more rapidly because of the rising cost of building materials, mortgage interest rates, and homeowner insurance. While many homeowners purchased or refinanced in recent years with very low interest rates below three percent, interest rates are currently over 6.5 percent, which has the effect of discouraging existing owners from selling and further limits the supply of units available. Although there is increasing inventory, home prices continue to rise, and homes are expected to remain unaffordable for most low to moderate income purchasers for the near term.

The current median gross rent of \$1,176 per month is affordable to those earning the median income of \$4,417 per month. The payment ratio is below 30% (26.6%), which is considered affordable. This is attributable to the excess supply of units for households earning above 80% HAMFI. Rental unit supply continues to rise in the community, primarily in the student housing market. Texas A&M University has capped enrollment, however there are many additional planned units expected to come online. This should have the effect of continuing to soften rental rates.

How do HOME rents / Fair Market Rent compare to Area Median Rent? How might this impact your strategy to produce or preserve affordable housing?

**Final FY 2025 & Final FY 2024 FMRs
By Unit Bedrooms**

| Year | Efficiency | One-Bedroom | Two-Bedroom | Three-Bedroom | Four-Bedroom |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| High HOME Rent | 775 | 830 | 996 | 1,150 | 1,283 |
| Low HOME Rent | 988 | 1,059 | 1,206 | 1,463 | 1,613 |
| FY 2025 FMR | 1,034 | 1,089 | 1,206 | 1,690 | 1,863 |
| FY 2024 FMR | 958 | 1,015 | 1,140 | 1,606 | 1,710 |
| FY 2020 FMR | 682 | 791 | 938 | 1,353 | 1,647 |

The current median rent over all bedroom sizes is \$1,176 per month, up from \$632 per month in 2020, an 86% increase, or a 17% per year annual increase. Fair Market Rents (FMR) and HOME rents have not kept pace with market rents. FMR’s increased on average 31% over all bedroom sizes, or 6% annually. High HOME rents increased only 8%, or 2% annually, and Low HOME rents increased 63%,

or 13% annually. The failure of subsidized rental rates to keep pace with market rents reduces the likelihood that developers and investors will consider producing new subsidized rental units, and will likely allow rental developments with existing rent restrictions to revert to market rates when current restrictions expire.

Discussion

CHAS data indicates that the primary policy focus should be to increase the housing supply for the lowest income residents experiencing the greatest need. As subsidized rental rates have failed to keep pace with market increases, subsidized developments are less likely to be attractive to developers and investors without significant initial subsidies by governments, such as LIHTC and HOME. Other possible tools to increase the supply of housing include further relaxing of zoning restrictions such as minimum lot sizes and unit density restrictions, as well as incentivizing infrastructure installation in older, low-income neighborhoods where lots were platted but the original developers failed to install streets and utilities. Other opportunities might include making surplus institutional land available for development (city, school districts, universities, etc.), and assisting property owners with demolition and clearance of dilapidated structures, and to clear clouded titles. Additionally, the City will look for opportunities to deploy its HOME and CDBG resources to collaborate with public and private entities to leverage available resources to ensure there are adequate safety net programs and services in place to assist low to moderate income homeowner, buyer, and tenant households to overcome the negative effects of cost burden.

MA-20 Housing Market Analysis: Condition of Housing – 91.210(a)

Introduction

In September of 2024, the City of Bryan Community Development Department received data from the Brazos Central Appraisal District (BCAD) to assist in analyzing trends in housing conditions across various property types, including traditional single-family homes, apartments, duplexes, triplexes, townhomes, and similar units. Units were analyzed by sorting data based on several BCAD categories: year built, improvement class, depreciation, and adjusted percent-good. The newly collected data was then compared with the 2021 and 2019 data to provide insights to local housing conditions. Manufactured housing was excluded from this update, as current zoning regulations no longer permit manufactured homes by right outside of designated parks. As a result, they are no longer considered part of the City's permanent housing stock.

Data and Sorting

- The 2024 BCAD data included information on 23,829 residential units, compared to 32,470 in 2021 and 31,400 in 2019. It is important to note that manufactured homes were not included in the most current analysis.
- Single-family units were analyzed by sorting data based on BCAD categories of year built, improvement class, depreciation, and adjusted percent good.
- Plex-units (duplex, triplex, etc.), townhomes, condos, and other comparable units were also sorted using year built, improvement class, depreciation, and adjusted percent good.
- Apartments were specifically analyzed using calculations for remaining depreciation.
- Units were classified into four primary condition categories: excellent, good/conservable, substandard, and dilapidated.
- While sorting parameters were generally effective, there were some cases where units exhibited factors that warranted a reclassification. In these instances, adjustments were made to ensure appropriate condition category.
- To further ensure accuracy, Building and Standards data was used to verify and validate the classification of homes as substandard or dilapidated.
- To estimate the number of substandard or dilapidated owner-occupied dwellings, BCAD data was reviewed for designations commonly associated with owner-occupancy. This included reviewing exemptions and identifying properties where the owner's mailing address matched the property address.

Describe the jurisdiction's definition of "standard condition" and "substandard condition but suitable for rehabilitation":

The U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires that the City define and quantify "Standard" and "Substandard but Suitable for Rehabilitation" with regards to residential housing units. The City's "Substandard but Suitable for Rehabilitation" rating is used to define units that, while substandard, are suitable for rehabilitation. Properties rated as "Dilapidated" are not suitable for rehabilitation.

For the City's CDBG/HOME grant funded programs, housing units defined as ***Substandard - Suitable for Rehabilitation*** are those requiring significant repair. These units are, with minimal renovation, structurally sound, but due to lack of maintenance and repair, are in jeopardy of falling into a dilapidated state if needed renovations are delayed or ignored. To be considered for rehabilitation assistance, the estimated after-rehab appraisal of the unit must be equal to or greater than 50% of the pre-rehab appraisal added to the rehabilitation costs.

The city's category of ***Substandard - Not Suitable for Rehabilitation*** is not suitable for rehabilitation and is considered dilapidated. These structures often do not provide safe or adequate shelter and may endanger the health, safety and well-being of the occupants. Repair costs could exceed 50% of the value of the dwelling. Such units have one or more critical defects or a combination of a number of deficiencies so as to require considerable repair of the substandard construction. Many of these structures are vacant.

Following are City of Bryan Housing Condition definitions:

Standard Condition: Improvements / structures which are determined to be in compliance with the City of Bryan Building Codes.

Substandard Condition: Improvements / structures which are determined to be in non-compliance with the City of Bryan Building Codes.

Substandard - Suitable for Rehabilitation (Rehabable): An improvement/structure which is structurally sound, and for which the cost to address the identified City of Bryan Building Code deficiencies will not cause the total property indebtedness to exceed 90 percent of the after-rehabilitation property value

Substandard - Not Suitable for Rehabilitation (Non-Rehabable, Dilapidated):

(For the purposes of Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act)

1) Structurally Infeasible for Rehabilitation: An improvement/structure in which the majority of the primary structural components have deteriorated to the extent that the physical integrity is seriously compromised. The structure can only be brought into code compliance through new construction activities.

2) Economically Infeasible for Rehabilitation: An improvement/structure for which the cost required to address the identified City of Bryan Building Code deficiencies will cause the total property indebtedness to exceed the after-rehabilitation property value.

NOTE: By local definitions, Substandard Condition and Not Suitable for Rehab defines dwelling units that are in such poor condition as to be neither structurally nor financially feasible for rehabilitation, and Substandard Condition but Suitable for Rehab defines dwelling units that do not meet standard conditions but are both financially and structurally feasible for rehabilitation. This does not include units that require only cosmetic work, correction of minor livability problems, or maintenance work.

The following definitions were used for the housing condition survey:

- **Excellent:** Typically newer, well-maintained homes with high-quality construction, minimal to no issues in critical areas, and no immediate repair needs.
- **Good/Conservable:** Homes in sound condition that might require minor maintenance. Critical areas of the home like roofing, electrical, and plumbing are functional but may need minor attention.
- **Substandard:** A structure needing significant repairs beyond normal maintenance, with possible Building Code deficiencies, but financially and structurally viable for rehabilitation.
- **Dilapidated:** A structure in severe disrepair, with critical issues that may pose health and safety risks to occupants, often vacant.

Standard Condition homes are considered to be those in the Good/Conservable and Excellent categories. Substandard but Suitable for Rehabilitation are in the Substandard category above.

From 2021 to 2024, for single family residential housing units, there was a 6% increase in units rated Excellent, while units rated Substandard and Dilapidated experienced a slight decline of 1%. For

Single Family

20,400 Single Family non-apartment, non-manufactured units were evaluated, as well as 3,429 plex, townhome, and similar units (23,829 total):

Excellent (25%) 6,024 – SF homes, townhomes, plex units, etc. (compared to 4,153 - 19% in 2021, 3,074 - 15% in 2019 and 2,281 - 14% in 2015)

Good/Conservable (71%) 16,920 - SF homes, townhomes, plex units, etc. (compared to 16,634 -76% in 2021, 16,610 – 80% in 2019 and 12,246 – 75% in 2015)

Substandard (3%) 749 - SF homes, townhomes, plex units, etc. (compared to 829 – 4% in 2021, 883 – 4% in 2019 and 1,664 – 10% in 2015)

Dilapidated (1%) 136 - SF homes, townhomes, plex units, etc. (compared to 141 – 1% in 2021, 167 - 1% in 2019 and 162 – 1% in 2015)

Multifamily

10,713 Multifamily apartment units were evaluated (NOTE: apartments were not reviewed in 2015 so only comparisons between 2019 and 2021 are made):

Excellent (30%) 3,182 - apartment units (compared to 4,412 (41%) in 2019)

Good/Conservable (30%) 3,257 - apartment units (compared to 4,554 (43%) in 2019)

Substandard (35%) 3,771 - apartment units (compared to 928 (9%) in 2019)

Dilapidated (5%) 503 - apartment units (compared to 779 (7%) in 2019)

Condition of Units

| Condition of Units | Owner-Occupied | | Renter-Occupied | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | Number | % | Number | % |
| With one selected Condition | 3,560 | 23% | 8,035 | 52% |
| With two selected Conditions | 320 | 2% | 645 | 4% |
| With three selected Conditions | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| With four selected Conditions | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| No selected Conditions | 11,405 | 75% | 6,685 | 44% |
| Total | 15,285 | 100% | 15,365 | 100% |

Table 33 - Condition of Units

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

Year Unit Built

| Year Unit Built | Owner-Occupied | | Renter-Occupied | |
|-----------------|----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| | Number | % | Number | % |
| 2000 or later | 4,010 | 26% | 3,960 | 26% |
| 1980-1999 | 4,495 | 29% | 6,270 | 41% |
| 1950-1979 | 5,679 | 37% | 4,555 | 30% |
| Before 1950 | 1,100 | 7% | 574 | 4% |
| Total | 15,284 | 99% | 15,359 | 101% |

Table 34 – Year Unit Built

Data 2016-2020 CHAS
Source:

Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard

| Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard | Owner-Occupied | | Renter-Occupied | |
|---|----------------|-----|-----------------|-----|
| | Number | % | Number | % |
| Total Number of Units Built Before 1980 | 6,779 | 44% | 5,129 | 33% |
| Housing Units build before 1980 with children present | 3,244 | 21% | 1,530 | 10% |

Table 35 – Risk of Lead-Based Paint

Data 2016-2020 ACS (Total Units) 2016-2020 CHAS (Units with Children present)
Source:

Vacant Units

| | Suitable for Rehabilitation | Not Suitable for Rehabilitation | Total |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------|
| Vacant Units | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Abandoned Vacant Units | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| REO Properties | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Abandoned REO Properties | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 36 - Vacant Units

Data Source: 2005-2009 CHAS

Need for Owner and Rental Rehabilitation

The ACS data above indicates 25% of owner units have reportable conditions and may need repairs, while 56% of renter units have conditions reported (HUD's data source for this document). While the City concentrates CDBG/HOME funds in owner occupied housing programs, staff provides technical assistance and guidance to landlords seeking to upgrade rental properties. The owner demographics also show that households who are low-income and moderate-income may live in housing units that have housing problems in which the owner is unable to repair due to a financial hardship. These circumstances can affect the health and safety of children and the elderly. Many such residents of Bryan have relied on the City for minor home repair assistance (includes immediate health/safety concerns), lead based paint testing, accessibility for disabled residents, and major rehabilitation and reconstruction needs. As noted earlier, BCAD data was analyzed and, based on that analysis, it's estimated that approximately 4,520 Substandard owner and rental structures exist within the city limits of Bryan. It's also estimated that approximately 136 single-family and approximately 503 dilapidated rental structures exist within Bryan.

Estimated Number of Housing Units Occupied by Low or Moderate Income Families with LBP Hazards

The ACS data shows that potential lead-based paint hazards might be found in 44% of all owner housing and 33% of rental housing, as these units were constructed prior to 1980. In all 21% of owner housing units and 10% of rental housing units built prior to 1980 are occupied by families with children present, a total of 4,774 housing units. As housing units and neighborhoods age, they are typically passed down from middle or moderate-income households to lower income households.

Discussion

The City of Bryan's collaboration with BCAD allows the City to assess local property conditions, so as to plan and develop effective programs to address local housing needs. The next five-year period will involve partnerships with other local private and public housing providers and will combine federal grant funds with other leveraged resources. The sorting and analysis of these residential properties will allow assessment of the scope of overall property conditions and helps to identify programmatic remedies. Given the demand for services and limitation, on local and federal funding, it appears program

and incentive efforts should be directed at conditions that erode neighborhood safety and integrity, specifically for substandard and dilapidated housing units.

MA-25 Public and Assisted Housing – 91.210(b)

Introduction

The Bryan Housing Authority manages 300 duplex and townhome style units at 5 different locations in Bryan. This is the only public housing available in the area, and is the maximum number of units allowed under the Faircloth Limit. The Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) administers the Housing Choice Voucher program for the seven-county region. There are a total of 1,643 housing vouchers available, with 1,073 vouchers in use in the City of Bryan. BHA currently has 97 families on its waitlist. Current occupancy is 96%, with 11 units vacant. All 8 handicap accessible units are occupied.

Totals Number of Units

| | Program Type | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|----------------|----------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | Certificate | Mod-Rehab | Public Housing | Vouchers | | | | | |
| | | | | Total | Project -based | Tenant -based | Special Purpose Voucher | | |
| | | | | | | | Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing | Family Unification Program | Disabled * |
| # of units vouchers available | | | 300 | | | | | | |
| # of accessible units | | | | | | | | | |
| *includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-year, and Nursing Home Transition | | | | | | | | | |

Table 37 – Total Number of Units by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Describe the supply of public housing developments:

The Bryan Housing Authority manages 300 duplex and townhome style units at 5 different locations in Bryan. This is the only public housing available in the area, and is the maximum number of units allowed under the Faircloth Limit. The Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) administers the Housing Choice Voucher program for the seven-county region. There are a total of 1,643 housing vouchers available, with 1,073 vouchers in use in the City of Bryan. BHA currently has 97 families on its waitlist. Current occupancy is 96%, with 11 units vacant. All 8 handicap accessible units are occupied.

Describe the number and physical condition of public housing units in the jurisdiction, including those that are participating in an approved Public Housing Agency Plan:

Bryan Housing Authority's 300 public housing units are generally in good condition, with many units currently undergoing updates, or which have been updated and renovated over the last few years to include roofs, energy efficiency upgrades, as well as other typical upgrades (appliances, fixtures, flooring, paint). 2021 XRF Lead-based paint testing shows no lead-based paint in any of the properties. 2023 Asbestos testing indicated small amounts of non-friable asbestos in floor mastic, drywall texture and joint compound, exterior door caulk, window glazing, and exterior window caulk. Asbestos abatement is currently being conducted as units become vacant. Radon testing is currently being performed to ensure that there is no radon risk. BHA has adequate units available to satisfy Section 504 accessibility requirements. In the most recent 2021 HUD inspection, the BHA units scored a 94 out of a possible 100.

Public Housing Condition

| Public Housing Development | Average Inspection Score |
|--|--------------------------|
| Housing Authority of the City of Bryan | 94 |

Table 38 - Public Housing Condition

Describe the restoration and revitalization needs of public housing units in the jurisdiction:

BHA plans additional future renovations, to include typical upgrades (appliances, fixtures, flooring, paint, etc.), sanitary sewer improvements, and asbestos abatement. The properties are generally in good condition, with many units updated and renovated over the last few years. Recent renovations included energy efficiency upgrades, as well as other typical upgrades and future asbestos abatement as units become vacant. BHA has adequate units available to satisfy Section 504 accessibility requirements. As noted above, the BHA units scored a 94 in their most recent property inspection.

Describe the public housing agency's strategy for improving the living environment of low- and moderate-income families residing in public housing:

BHA is currently utilizing Capital Funds grants for testing, remediation, and improvements. BHA continues to have a Service Coordinator to coordinate services to residents such as budgeting, homeownership training, parenting skills etc. as well as partnering with other agencies to provide training or information meetings. In addition, there are services geared toward youth residents such as 4H, Safe Sitter Classes, and Reading Programs in collaboration with BISD, Learn Eat Grow & Go (a nutritional program), and youth gardening. BHA continues to provide affordable, safe and decent housing for low-income residents. The City of Bryan's Community Development Department coordinates regularly with the BHA to share information and provide homebuyer training and to make down-payment assistance available to eligible BHA residents.

Discussion:

Rental assistance provided by the Bryan Housing Authority and the Brazos Valley Council of Governments Housing Choice Voucher Program is critical to those lower-income households that may otherwise be in jeopardy of not being able to afford basic necessities. In addition, the City of Bryan partners with BHA by providing technical assistance on housing, health and social service endeavors whenever possible. Because of the assistance provided by the Bryan Housing Authority, the Brazos Valley Council of Governments, and the City of Bryan, residents otherwise at significant risk of homelessness can afford adequate shelter and resources.

MA-30 Homeless Facilities and Services – 91.210(c)

Introduction

Twin City Mission (TCM)’s Doug Weedon Shelter of Hope Case Manager/Client Assistance Program (formerly the Bridge), located in Bryan serves the regional homeless. Operated by Twin City Mission (TCM), the Bridge program provides case management services, clothing, and personal care items. TCM also maintains Phoebe’s Home, the regional domestic violence services shelter. Shelter and supportive services are provided to homeless women by Emmanuel Lighthouse Mission, a ministry of Emmanuel Baptist Church in Bryan. The program serves women struggling with addiction or other challenges like crisis pregnancies, and is designed to meet their spiritual, emotional, and physical needs. Save Our Streets (SOS) Ministries offers homeless men a 9-to-12-month program encouraging spiritual and emotional development. Participants are provided housing, life skill counseling, financial literacy training, and employment through the SOS work program. Family Promise of Bryan/College Station maintains a facility to provide shelter and public services for case management for homeless families. The agency attracts local, state, federal, and other charitable funding to operate and provide services. Sweet Oak Collaborative serves the homeless with resource identification, affordable housing units, transitional housing, food pantry services, transportation, and case management. Unlimited Potential (UP)’s – Home Base for Transitioning Foster Youth Program provides case management and other support services to youths in the Texas Foster Care program as they transition out of foster care. Bryan ISD Project Hope is a district program designed to support students facing homelessness and those in foster care by providing resources including educational support, advocacy, and direct assistance to students and families in need.

Facilities and Housing Targeted to Homeless Households

| | Emergency Shelter Beds | | Transitional Housing Beds | Permanent Supportive Housing Beds | |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Year Round Beds (Current & New) | Voucher / Seasonal / Overflow Beds | Current & New | Current & New | Under Development |
| Households with Adult(s) and Child(ren) | 63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Households with Only Adults | 115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Chronically Homeless Households | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Veterans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unaccompanied Youth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 39 - Facilities and Housing Targeted to Homeless Households

Data Source Comments:

Describe mainstream services, such as health, mental health, and employment services to the extent those services are used to complement services targeted to homeless persons

Local homeless and health and human service providers have programs in place and are equipped to provide a wide variety of services meeting the needs of local homeless persons, to include: shelter and other basic needs (food, clothing, dental and health care), mental health care, drug/alcohol abuse assistance, counseling, employment assistance, transportation, veteran benefits, domestic abuse assistance, and information and referral to other needed services.

List and describe services and facilities that meet the needs of homeless persons, particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth. If the services and facilities are listed on screen SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure or screen MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services, describe how these facilities and services specifically address the needs of these populations.

Twin City Mission (TCM)'s Doug Weedon Shelter of Hope Program (The Bridge) provides an emergency shelter for homeless men, women, and families and supportive services. Services include transportation, nutritious meals, daily needs (clothing, toiletries) and case management. The Mainstream Bridge Program includes additional case management and educational training classes with the goal of preparing and equipping clients to leave the shelter for permanent housing and self-sufficiency. The Bridge typically serves approximately 500 unduplicated clients during each program year.

TCM's facility is a 24,000 square foot homeless shelter and is 15 years old. It is located south of downtown on South Randolph Street near 30th Street. The design is configured with a central hub reception area with radiating wings like the spokes of a wheel, which allows staff to monitor and view each corridor. This shelter has a bed capacity of 128 beds for individuals; including 56 beds for men and 28 beds for women. Twelve (12) additional beds have been designated for chronically homeless men, and 8 for chronically homeless women needing permanent supportive housing. Additionally, seven units (24 beds) are designated for families and several rooms are designated for the disabled.

The Haven is a Low Income Housing Tax Credit development in College Station that provides 24 units of transitional housing specifically to homeless. This project expands the existing Housing Services program and provides increased services to assist in self-sufficiency. Outreach and assessment are handled by a variety of local social service providers. As homeless and potentially homeless individuals are identified, they are referred to TCM. A full-time case manager at The Bridge facility assists in needs identification and delivery of appropriate services. A list of facilities and services available to the homeless persons includes:

Twin City Mission The Bridge Shelter - Emergency housing for men, women, or families. Provides food, clothing, laundry supplies, and personal hygiene products. Clients may access case management services.

Twin City Mission Housing Services - A transitional housing program provides Rapid Rehousing of up to 24 months of rental assistance, case management, food, referrals to mainstream services, budgeting, job

training, and life skills. The Rapid Re-Housing program provides 100% rental assistance for 8 months, including other supportive services. This program serves approximately 150 people per year.

Family Promise of Bryan-College Station - Provides a day facility and overnight shelter, meals, transportation, job search assistance, and case management services to homeless families with children under the age of 18 (transitional housing).

Emmanuel Lighthouse Mission - Transitional housing for homeless women, offering budgeting, life skills, job search assistance, and faith-based peer counseling.

Save Our Streets (SOS) Ministries - Provides a 9-to-12-month men's program providing housing, life skills counseling on relationships, financial literacy, and employment opportunities.

Brazos Valley Council of Governments - Provides prioritization of homeless applicants on BVCOG's Housing Choice Voucher Program.

Unlimited Potential (UP) Provides case management and other support services to youth aged 18-25 leaving the Texas Foster Care program. UP is in the process of building transition housing at their new facility at 1115 Anderson Street in College Station.

MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services – 91.210(d)

Introduction

Special needs populations in Bryan include: the elderly; frail elderly; persons with mental, physical, or development disabilities; persons with HIV/AIDS; and persons struggling with substance abuse. Many in these populations rely on health and human service providers, and/or family members for support and services. The City of Bryan assists and supports the community in these efforts, providing funding and technical assistance to local for- and not-for profit entities that serve these populations. A variety of entities like local coalitions coupled with charitable housing providers, for-profit developers, state funded agencies, and subsidized housing developments, helps to identify, prioritize and deliver needed services to special needs clients.

Including the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental), persons with alcohol or other drug addictions, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, public housing residents and any other categories the jurisdiction may specify, and describe their supportive housing needs

Consultation with local agencies, surveys, and focus groups indicated that supportive housing needs include the developmentally disabled, physically disabled, single persons and large families, Section-8 tenants, domestic violence victims, those with substance abuse disorders, the mentally and physically disabled, and elderly. Agencies reported the need for rental assistance, emergency food, utility, and security deposit assistance, affordable child care, financial literacy training, reliable medical needs transportation, workforce development/job training, mental health services, addressing Spanish language barriers, resource coordination, and counseling. Additionally, geographic displacement was identified as a concern, as those seeking mental health and substance abuse counseling often exit these services with no means to return to their home community and support group. In terms of provider collaboration, agencies reported often sharing referrals and replicating services. They also often or always refer clients to United Way's 2-1-1 for further assistance.

Housing providers for the elderly and disabled include the following:

Crestview Terrace
Crestview Place
Crestview Unity
Highland Villas
Mid Towne Apartments
Sandy Creek Apartments
Saddlewood Club Apartments
Hudson Creek Alzheimer's Special Care Center
Isle at Watercrest
Waldenbrooke Estates
Arbor Oaks at Crestview
St Joseph Manor Assisted Living
Millican House
Dansby House
Park Place

Carriage Inn
Bryan Housing Authority

Supportive services are provided by the following agencies:

Frail elderly

Brazos Valley Aging and Disability Resource Center
Brazos Valley Community Action Agency

Elderly

Elder-Aid
St. Joseph Health System
Brazos Valley Council of Governments
Brazos County Senior Citizens Association

Mentally Ill

Brazos Valley Mental Health and Intellectual Disabilities Services
MHMR of the Brazos Valley
National Alliance on Mental Illness of Brazos Valley
Brazos Valley Community Action Agency

Disabled

MHMR of the Brazos Valley
Brazos Valley Center for Independent Living
Brazos Valley Council of Governments
Brazos Valley Rehabilitation Center
Junction Five-O-Five
TAMU Center on Disability and Development
TAMUS Courtney Cares Equine Assisted Services
The Arc of Bryan-College Station
Down Syndrome Association of the Brazos Valley
Magical Muzzles and Manes

Substance abuse/addiction

Brazos Valley Council on Alcohol and Substance Abuse
Narcotics Anonymous
Brazos Valley Intergroup
A&M Church of Christ
Everyday Life, Inc.
CrossCentral Church and Recovery Center:
Brazos Valley Community Action Agency

Persons with HIV/AIDS

Project Unity

| Bryan Affordable Housing Properties | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Name | Type of Housing/Assistance | Target Population | Number of LMI Units | Number of Disabled Units |
| Midtown Manor (fka Emerald Park) Apts | LIHTC/Rental Assistance | Low/Mod Income | 47 | |
| Saddlewood Club | LIHTC/Housing Choice Vouchers | Low/Mod Income/Disabled | 232 | 1 |
| Forest Park Apts | LIHTC/Housing Choice Vouchers | Low/Mod Income/Disabled | 119 | 9 |
| Mid Towne Apts | LIHTC/Rental Assistance | Low/Mod Income/Disabled/Elderly | 80 | 15 |
| Highland Villas | LIHTC/Rental Assistance | Low/Mod Income/Disabled | 180 | 13 |
| Crestview Terrace | Section 202 | Elderly | 100 | |
| Crestview Place | Section 202 | Elderly | 44 | |
| Crestview Unity | Section 202 | Elderly | 63 | |
| Elder Aid | HOME | Low/Mod Income/Disabled/Elderly | 14 | 14 |

Table 4 - Bryan Affordable Housing Properties

Describe programs for ensuring that persons returning from mental and physical health institutions receive appropriate supportive housing

Hospitals and healthcare facilities in Bryan and College Station have policies in place ensuring persons discharged will receive assistance from their appointed case management staff in obtaining appropriate placement to fit the patient's individualized needs. Those facilities consult with the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless regarding discharge policies, which assure that, to the best of the ability of the discharging entity, released patients will not be discharged into homelessness but to a state, federal, emergency or transitional facility. Local homeless service providers and other social service agencies regularly collaborate with discharge staff from these facilities to identify placements for patients that are most suited for their needs and that do not result in the patient becoming homeless.

The State of Texas contracts with MHRMR Authority of Brazos Valley (MHMR) to ensure newly discharged patients have a place to go or reside, thereby minimizing the potential of patients being discharged onto the street and into a state of homelessness. MHMR developed a comprehensive plan for patients to be discharged, networking with existing family, state-funded community agencies and with the patient. This plan includes where the patient will live, whether with family, in a basic care facility, adult foster care facility, and an independent living facility or in a nursing home. The plan also coordinates with supporting people, entities and agencies (like local, state or governmental agencies) to provide ongoing stability and support services. This synergy of efforts help ensures the patient is transitioned into a supportive system that takes their well-being into account.

Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e)

with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. 91.315(e)

Through its public service agency partners, the City will assist special needs populations, including the elderly, persons with disabilities and persons with alcohol /drug addictions with housing and supportive services by evaluating needs and provided avenues to address needs by:

1. Provide funding and technical assistance through the City’s Community Development Housing Assistance programs, including the minor repair program, major rehabilitation/reconstruction program, housing development program and coordination of efforts with nonprofit housing developments and organizations for safe affordable housing.
2. Provide funding and/or technical assistance to Public Service agencies that provide supportive services to special needs populations including the elderly, disabled (mental/physical/adult/children and developmental) HIV/Aids, alcohol/drug addiction for social and health services.
3. Coordinate efforts to address housing and supportive services needs for special needs populations with community agencies.
4. Assist public housing residents through technical assistance and coordinating with public service providers to address housing and supportive service needs to achieve self-sufficiency and reduce dependency on federally assisted public housing.

For entitlement/consortia grantees: Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. (91.220(2))

The priority housing and supportive service needs of persons who are not homeless but who may or may not require supportive housing (i.e., elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental), persons with alcohol or other drug addiction, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, and public housing residents) will be addressed via providing HOME funding and technical assistance through the City’s Community Development Housing Assistance programs, including the major rehabilitation/reconstruction program, housing development program, and coordination of efforts with nonprofit housing developments, CHDO’s and other organizations for safe affordable HOME-assisted housing in these sub-populations. The City does not intend to utilize Tenant Based Rental Assistance.

MA-40 Barriers to Affordable Housing – 91.210(e)

Negative Effects of Public Policies on Affordable Housing and Residential Investment

The City of Bryan has reviewed its own policies including property tax policies, land use controls, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges. No policies were identified that would negatively affect residential investment. Development regulations are intended to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The City of Bryan works to carefully balance public welfare and safety with cost-reasonable policies which encourage investment in the community. The City has no impact fees, parkland dedication fees are reasonable, and has adopted building codes which balance safety and development costs. Permitting has been simplified and approvals accelerated by implementation of new permit automation software through Citizen serve. By ordinance, the City routinely waives permit, inspection, and application fees for its HOME and CDBG program projects, and for nonprofit housing providers as well. By resolution, the City has the ability to waive any City liens (code enforcement demolition, cleanup, mowing, etc.) at the request of a nonprofit housing provider intending to purchase a property for affordable housing development.

Also, the City Council has directed additional efforts to encourage affordable housing development for infill in established subdivisions through property tax foreclosure auctions with general funds, and to use tax-foreclosed properties as incentives for affordable housing development. Additionally, the City's federal HOME program funds are utilized to develop and incentivize affordable housing directly, and through its nonprofit housing development partners, including Elder Aid and Habitat for Humanity. Additionally, the City works in partnership with local banks and developers to encourage affordable housing development throughout the City by leveraging federal funds, technical assistance, and donated surplus land, such as the recently-completed 54-home development at Hopes Crossing.

Local efforts strongly encourage development and preservation of affordable housing. Property taxes are kept at as low a rate as possible, while maintaining quality basic services to residents. Grant funds are utilized to preserve existing affordable homes through the minor repair and major rehabilitation/reconstruction programs. CDBG funds are also utilized to provide Spot Slum/Blight clearance for low-income property owners so that lots can be cleared without liens that would hinder redevelopment. Primary barriers to affordable housing development are rising costs of construction material, insurance, and labor costs, in addition to clouded or fragmented title to properties. The City has recently sponsored educational workshops for residents and low-income housing assistance recipients to encourage the use of wills and other estate planning tools to reduce the possibility of fractured titles.

MA-45 Non-Housing Community Development Assets – 91.215 (f)

Introduction

Bryan offers a positive, growing economic climate. Located adjacent to Texas A&M University and the TAMU System’s RELLIS campus and within the Texas Triangle between Austin, Houston, and Dallas, Bryan has a trade area with a population of approximately 226,000 within a 45-minute drive, and just over a million within a 60-mile radius. The City has cultivated economic development assets such as Texas Triangle Park, a 1,000-acre plus rail-served industrial property in northeast Bryan which is designated a Foreign Trade Zone, the Lake Walk master-planned corporate campus development at Lake Walk Town Center, and benefits greatly from the collaborative ecosystem of the RELLIS Campus which provides research technology development, and hands-on career training. Also, the City has invested heavily in its vibrant downtown area, including a railroad quiet zone. These factors create a highly positive environment for employment, and anchor opportunities in the City for a robust housing market, healthcare, retail, and other human needs. The following analysis details opportunities and needs related to jobs, education, job training and higher education in the local community. This information allows the City to determine if gaps in employment or employment services exist and how those needs may be addressed. The City of Bryan Community Development Department works closely with the Economic Development staff to assist in facilitating economic opportunities through agencies such as the Greater Brazos Partnership, Bryan Commerce and Development, and the Bryan Business Council. The City also provides funding and assistance to local private businesses, agencies, and educational entities that provide education, job training, or those that generate job creation and economic activity.

Economic Development Market Analysis

Business Activity

| Business by Sector | Number of Workers | Number of Jobs | Share of Workers % | Share of Jobs % | Jobs less workers % |
|---|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Agriculture, Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction | 874 | 1,320 | 4 | 5 | 1 |
| Arts, Entertainment, Accommodations | 4,926 | 3,863 | 20 | 13 | -7 |
| Construction | 2,228 | 1,263 | 9 | 4 | -5 |
| Education and Health Care Services | 4,427 | 8,203 | 18 | 28 | 10 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate | 1,346 | 1,491 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Information | 436 | 680 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Manufacturing | 2,724 | 3,917 | 11 | 13 | 2 |
| Other Services | 875 | 1,160 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Professional, Scientific, Management Services | 1,724 | 1,515 | 7 | 5 | -2 |

| Business by Sector | Number of Workers | Number of Jobs | Share of Workers % | Share of Jobs % | Jobs less workers % |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Public Administration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Retail Trade | 3,431 | 4,141 | 14 | 14 | 0 |
| Transportation and Warehousing | 723 | 496 | 3 | 2 | -1 |
| Wholesale Trade | 1,110 | 1,241 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Total | 24,824 | 29,290 | -- | -- | -- |

Table 40 - Business Activity

Data 2016-2020 ACS (Workers), 2020 Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (Jobs)
Source:

Labor Force

| | |
|--|--------|
| Total Population in the Civilian Labor Force | 42,149 |
| Civilian Employed Population 16 years and over | 40,215 |
| Unemployment Rate | 4.63 |
| Unemployment Rate for Ages 16-24 | 15.94 |
| Unemployment Rate for Ages 25-65 | 2.83 |

Table 41 - Labor Force

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

| Occupations by Sector | Number of People |
|--|------------------|
| Management, business and financial | 8,100 |
| Farming, fisheries and forestry occupations | 1,345 |
| Service | 5,005 |
| Sales and office | 8,475 |
| Construction, extraction, maintenance and repair | 5,225 |
| Production, transportation and material moving | 2,480 |

Table 42 – Occupations by Sector

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

Travel Time

| Travel Time | Number | Percentage |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
| < 30 Minutes | 33,666 | 88% |
| 30-59 Minutes | 3,900 | 10% |
| 60 or More Minutes | 827 | 2% |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>38,393</i> | <i>100%</i> |

Table 43 - Travel Time

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

Education:

Educational Attainment by Employment Status (Population 16 and Older)

| Educational Attainment | In Labor Force | | Not in Labor Force |
|---|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| | Civilian Employed | Unemployed | |
| Less than high school graduate | 5,315 | 180 | 2,890 |
| High school graduate (includes equivalency) | 7,905 | 540 | 3,845 |

| Educational Attainment | In Labor Force | | Not in Labor Force |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| | Civilian Employed | Unemployed | |
| Some college or Associate's degree | 8,495 | 374 | 3,355 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 9,035 | 140 | 1,465 |

Table 44 - Educational Attainment by Employment Status

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

Educational Attainment by Age

| | Age | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| | 18–24 yrs | 25–34 yrs | 35–44 yrs | 45–65 yrs | 65+ yrs |
| Less than 9th grade | 390 | 770 | 1,060 | 2,475 | 844 |
| 9th to 12th grade, no diploma | 1,099 | 1,270 | 1,260 | 1,545 | 640 |
| High school graduate, GED, or alternative | 3,355 | 4,200 | 2,760 | 5,330 | 2,340 |
| Some college, no degree | 4,620 | 4,000 | 2,485 | 3,160 | 1,970 |
| Associate's degree | 455 | 875 | 500 | 1,185 | 410 |
| Bachelor's degree | 1,490 | 3,145 | 1,100 | 2,405 | 1,685 |
| Graduate or professional degree | 105 | 1,620 | 1,115 | 1,310 | 1,805 |

Table 45 - Educational Attainment by Age

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

Educational Attainment – Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months

| Educational Attainment | Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Less than high school graduate | 95,773 |
| High school graduate (includes equivalency) | 150,598 |
| Some college or Associate's degree | 139,045 |
| Bachelor's degree | 201,881 |
| Graduate or professional degree | 240,501 |

Table 46 – Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months

Data 2016-2020 ACS
Source:

Based on the Business Activity table above, what are the major employment sectors within your jurisdiction?

Based on jobs available, education and health care services are the top business activities, followed by arts/entertainment/accommodations. Construction also continues to be dependable provider of local job opportunities. With Texas A&M University, the TAMUS RELIS campus, Blinn College and the Bryan and College Station Independent Schools, education is clearly the top employer. Arts, entertainment and accommodations are logically large employers due to the number of conferences, sporting events, and

other related events. The local MSA has also become a regional health care destination with two large hospital systems, CHI St. Joseph, and Baylor Scott and White continuing to expand in the community. Over the recent few years, various manufacturing ventures have either relocated to, or been launched in Bryan.

Describe the workforce and infrastructure needs of the business community:

Bryan is a well-educated community, given its proximity to excellent educational institutions. Well over half the local population has some college or a college degree or higher education levels. Consultation and public input during the Consolidated Plan process indicated that other training and education for skilled labor jobs is a need. This need is being addressed in part by the local public school technical training programs, Blinn College, and the new Texas A&M University System's RELLIS Campus. However, many employers have to provide "in-house" training, as reported by the local Workforce Commission. Infrastructure, transportation investments, and continued job training are current needs. As Bryan grows, transportation infrastructure improvements are also needed. Consultations noted that public bus routes are long and inefficient. Improved public transit options would benefit low-wage workers commuting to newly created employment opportunities across the community.

Describe any major changes that may have an economic impact, such as planned local or regional public or private sector investments or initiatives that have affected or may affect job and business growth opportunities during the planning period. Describe any needs for workforce development, business support or infrastructure these changes may create.

The City of Bryan has worked to cultivate economic development assets such as Texas Triangle Park, a 1,000-acre plus rail-served industrial property in northeast Bryan which is designated a Foreign Trade Zone, the Lake Walk Town Center master-planned corporate campus development, and has invested heavily in its vibrant downtown area, including a new railroad quiet zone that has spurred significant planned new development in the central city, including a planned 130-room hotel. These factors create a highly positive environment for employment. The largest job driver in the area is Texas A&M University. In fiscal year 2021-22, Texas A&M's overall economic impact of \$20.8 billion statewide, supported approximately one in every four jobs locally. The Texas A&M University's RELLIS (Research, Education, Learning, Logistics, Innovation, and Security) began as the Bryan Army Air Field in 1942, a 2,300-acre pilot training facility in the cotton fields adjacent to the Brazos River. Now, this repurposed facility is a job training, education, and testing ground for technology, from drones and autonomous vehicles to a planned hypersonic wind tunnel, data center, and up to five package nuclear reactors. A new semiconductor manufacturing and research facility is in the planning stages. These projects will ensure RELLIS will be a significant catalyst for additional investment and draw skilled workers to the area. Also, the Texas A&M Health Science Center (Now Texas A&M Health) was established on the west side of Bryan in 1999, and has become a hub for training healthcare providers, caregivers, and researchers with schools of medicine,

nursing, dentistry, pharmacy, public health, and biomedical science. Graduates of these programs help to fill jobs in the region's growing healthcare industry.

Blinn College is a significant job training provider partnering with the Texas A&M University System's RELIS Agricultural and Workforce Education Complex, educating Blinn students in: electrical, plumbing, HVAC, welding, phlebotomy, and CNC machining.

Bryan ISD also provides academic and technical training. BISD's Health Sciences Academy offers certifications in EMT, EKG as well as Medical Office Technology and Medical Coding and Billing. These continued enhancements support continued economic opportunities in Bryan.

Opportunity Zones were established in the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act which provide significant benefits to investors. Brazos County is home to ten Opportunity Zones, with five located in low-income census tracts in the City of Bryan.

A major threat to attracting future businesses and job growth is the availability of groundwater resources. There is significant recent concern of over-pumping from the area's Simsboro Aquifer, as the local region faces pressure from outside entities seeking to extract, pipe, and sell up to a hundred thousand acre-feet annually to other regions of the state experiencing drought and water insecurity from failing existing resources. The City of Bryan has undertaken legal action with other stakeholders in the area to protect the aquifer. Over-pumping could result in higher drilling costs and utility rates, cause environmental issues such as salt intrusion and reduced discharge to rivers, and limit future economic development.

How do the skills and education of the current workforce correspond to employment opportunities in the jurisdiction?

According to the jobs data, the current workforce is well-fitted to employment opportunities in Bryan and the surrounding community, although consultations and public input indicate a need for additional technical skills training and education, with many local jobs requiring technical skills certifications or post-secondary education.

Describe any current workforce training initiatives, including those supported by Workforce Investment Boards, community colleges and other organizations. Describe how these efforts will support the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.

Blinn College is a significant job training provider partnering with the Texas A&M University System's RELIS Agricultural and Workforce Education Complex, educating Blinn students in electrical, plumbing, HVAC, welding, phlebotomy, and CNC machining.

Bryan ISD also provides academic and technical training. BISD's Health Sciences Academy offers certifications in EMT, EKG as well as Medical Office Technology and Medical Coding and Billing. The school district also provides career & technical education across a wide range of programs, from agriculture to transportation. These continued enhancements support continued economic opportunities in Bryan.

Workforce Solutions of the Brazos Valley (WSBV) hosts a variety of programs and services to facilitate workforce training, including:

- Adult Education & Literacy: WSBV became the grantee for the local adult education and literacy funding. GED, English language acquisition, and English language civics are provided in each county to various populations 17 years and older. Classes are provided in Certified Nurse Aid, Intuit Staff Accountant, GED, ESL, Workforce/Job Training, and Math Help, and career training programs for adults that equip them with skills that lead to jobs paying a family-sustaining wage.
- Apprenticeship Training combines supervised on-the-job training with job-related, classroom instruction and paid on-the-job training.
- Child Care Services assistance in identifying affordable child care and scholarships for low-income parents or guardians seeking employment or working at least 25 hours a week.
- Choices, an employment services program associated with the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) program.
- SNAP E&T to help SNAP recipients in obtaining employment through participation in allowable job search, training, education, or workfare activities that promote self-sufficiency.
- Texas Internship Challenge linking student interns with employers.
- Trade Adjustment Act program for workers negatively impacted by production shifts or imports.
- Unemployment Insurance for those who lost employment.
- Veteran Services, including career planning, case management, and job search assistance.
- Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act provides workforce development to low-income adults, youth, and dislocated workers.
- Helping Youth Prepare for Employment (HYPE) career expo event for high school juniors and seniors to connect with potential employers after high school.

These workforce training initiatives support the City's Consolidated Plan through the development of a well-educated and skilled workforce. This provides suitable living environments through increased business activity and increased household incomes locally. These efforts support opportunities for increased homeownership.

Does your jurisdiction participate in a Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS)?

Yes

If so, what economic development initiatives are you undertaking that may be coordinated with the Consolidated Plan? If not, describe other local/regional plans or initiatives that impact economic growth.

. The Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) 2021-26 Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy is a long-term economic development strategy that is regionally-driven and locally-based. It utilizes an analysis of the 7-county region's strengths and weaknesses to guide future economic growth, spur development, increase jobs and diversify the economy.

Discussion

The City of Bryan, through its Economic and Community Development Departments, coordinates efforts with the Bryan Business Council to expand economic opportunities and job creation in Bryan. Utilizing performance-based Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreements and coordination with the Greater Brazos Partnership, business have located and created a growing number of jobs locally, including CertainTeed, Top Golf, Schulman's Movie Bowl Grille, Strategic Armory Corps, Capital Farm Credit, Fujifilm Diosynth Biotechnologies, Axis Pipe and Tube, and many others providing needed services and jobs in the community. The City has cultivated economic development assets such as Texas Triangle Park, a 1,000-acre plus rail-served industrial property, the Lake Walk Town Center master-planned corporate campus, downtown property assembly and infrastructure, and collaborates closely with the TAMUS RELLIS Campus and Texas A&M Health. These investments and collaborations catalyze a thriving employment environment with countless benefits to the local area which are particularly reflected in the housing and job markets.

Availability of groundwater resources is seen as a major future threat to attracting future businesses and job growth. There is significant recent concern of over-pumping from the area's Simsboro Aquifer, as the local region faces pressure from outside entities seeking to extract, pipe, and sell up to a hundred thousand acre-feet annually to other regions of the state experiencing drought and water insecurity from failing existing resources. The City of Bryan has undertaken legal action with other stakeholders in the area to protect the aquifer. Over-pumping could result in higher drilling costs and utility rates, cause environmental issues such as salt intrusion and reduced discharge to rivers, and limit future economic development.

MA-50 Needs and Market Analysis Discussion

Are there areas where households with multiple housing problems are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

Housing problems, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau's CHAS data, are dispersed throughout Bryan. An area with a housing problem concentration is defined as a census tract where the number of households with any of the four severe housing problems exceeds 51 percent of the total number of households in the census tract. Following are maps, by household income, that identify census tracts with concentrations of households experiencing severe housing problems for low-income and extremely low-income households.

As indicated in the Needs Assessment, housing cost burden is the most frequent cause of housing problems in Bryan. While higher numbers of substandard units do occur in the lower-income census tracts, the 2025 Housing Condition Survey demonstrated that substandard housing is found citywide. Because of this wide disbursement of substandard units, the City has determined to make its various housing programs available citywide. See the following Housing Cost Burden and Substandard Housing Distribution maps.

Are there any areas in the jurisdiction where racial or ethnic minorities or low-income families are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

An Area of Minority Concentration (AMC) is defined by HUD as a census tract where the percentage of minority residents is at least 20 percentage points higher than the percentage of that minority group in the housing market area (HMA), typically the MSA. This may apply to either a specific minority group or the total minority population. The purpose of this definition is to understand patterns of residential segregation and to promote fair housing. HUD considers whether proposed housing projects are located in AMCs and whether they will lead to more inclusive and integrated housing. In the 2020 Census, the City of Bryan had overall race/ethnic concentrations of 37% white alone, 16% black, 40% Hispanic, 2% Asian, and 5% two or more races.

Census Tract 2.03 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 26.84% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 46.2%. This tract is located in west Bryan along Harvey Mitchel Parkway.

Census Tract 2.04 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 29.33% Black or African American (alone), non-Hispanic and 37.31% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 74.2%. This tract is located in central Bryan, and is bisected by Villa Maria Road.

Census Tract 2.06 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there is a total minority concentration of 54.77%. This tract is located in west Bryan along John Sharp Parkway.

Census Tract 3.01 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 28.29% Black or African American (alone), non-Hispanic and 52.33% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 80.72%. This tract is located in north Bryan at the northernmost city limit.

Census Tract 3.02 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 55.24% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 65.72%. This tract is located in north east Bryan just south of tract 3.01.

Census Tract 4.01 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 39.1% Black or African American (alone), non-Hispanic and 40.75% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 82.2%. This tract is located in east central Bryan just south of tract 3.02, and is bisected by East Martin Luther King Street.

Census Tract 4.02 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 23.45 Black or African American (alone), non-Hispanic and 42.01% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 67.47%. This tract is located in east Bryan just south of tract 4.01.

Census Tract 5.01 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 42.51 Black or African American (alone), non-Hispanic 43.78% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 91.14%. This tract is located in central Bryan just north of central downtown.

Census Tract 5.2 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 82.18% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 98.31%. This tract is located in central Bryan just north of central downtown.

Census Tract 6.03 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 64.37% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 86.07%. This tract is located in west central Bryan.

Census Tract 6.05 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 68.19% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 89.03%. This tract is located in west Bryan, west of tract 6.06.

Census Tract 6.06 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 82.56% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 91%. This tract is located in central Bryan, bisected by Groesbeck Street.

Census Tract 7.0 is designated an AMC. According to the 2020 Census, there are 55.24% Hispanic or Latino, and a total minority concentration of 69.92%. This tract is located in central Bryan north of Highway 21.

See the following HUD CPD maps for areas of low to moderate income concentration.

What are the characteristics of the market in these areas/neighborhoods?

Residential dwellings in these areas typically consist of older homes developed in the 1940s and 1950s. They are generally more modest quality of construction and often less well maintained, leading to deteriorating conditions which affect the health and safety of families residing in the homes. Newer

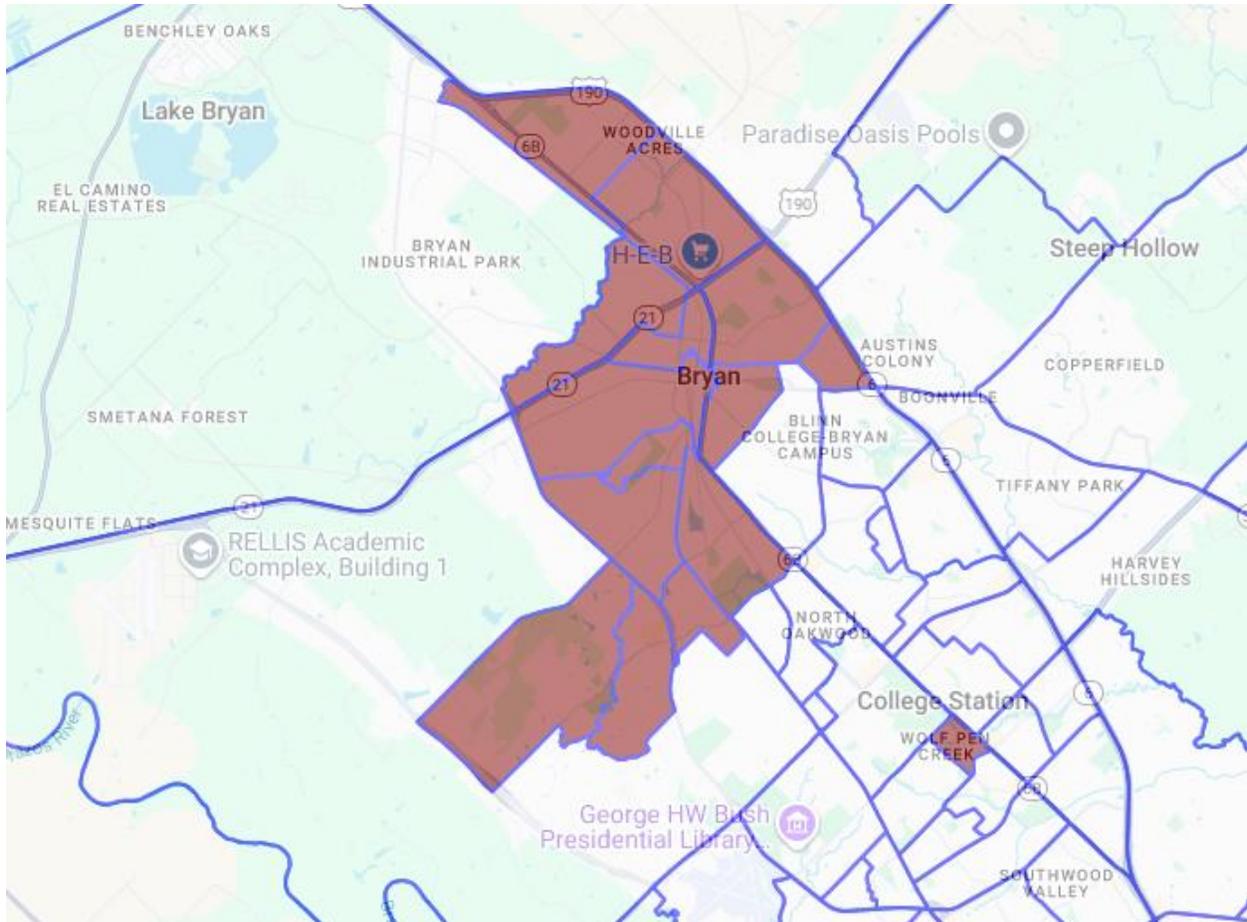
developed homes are scattered throughout these neighborhoods, sometimes developed by local CHDOs, or other non-profit developers like Habitat for Humanity and now more frequently for-profit developers of infill housing. Other new affordable homes are sometimes built by the City's grant funded housing programs.

Are there any community assets in these areas/neighborhoods?

There are many very active neighborhood associations that are involved in community issues and concerns. As mentioned above, affordable, accessible and energy efficient homes are developed by local CHDOs, other non-profit developers, Habitat for Humanity, and by the City's housing programs. These developments have also encouraged other for-profit developers to invest in these neighborhoods. The City is also actively involved in upgrades and improvements to infrastructure in these neighborhoods, and also prioritizes code enforcement activities so as to address slum and blighting influences. Other community assets include 51 parks and 40 miles of walking trails, and facilities ranging from archery ranges to skateboard parks. Collectively, these proactive efforts have promoted redevelopment, resulting in an improved quality of life for citizens.

Are there other strategic opportunities in any of these areas?

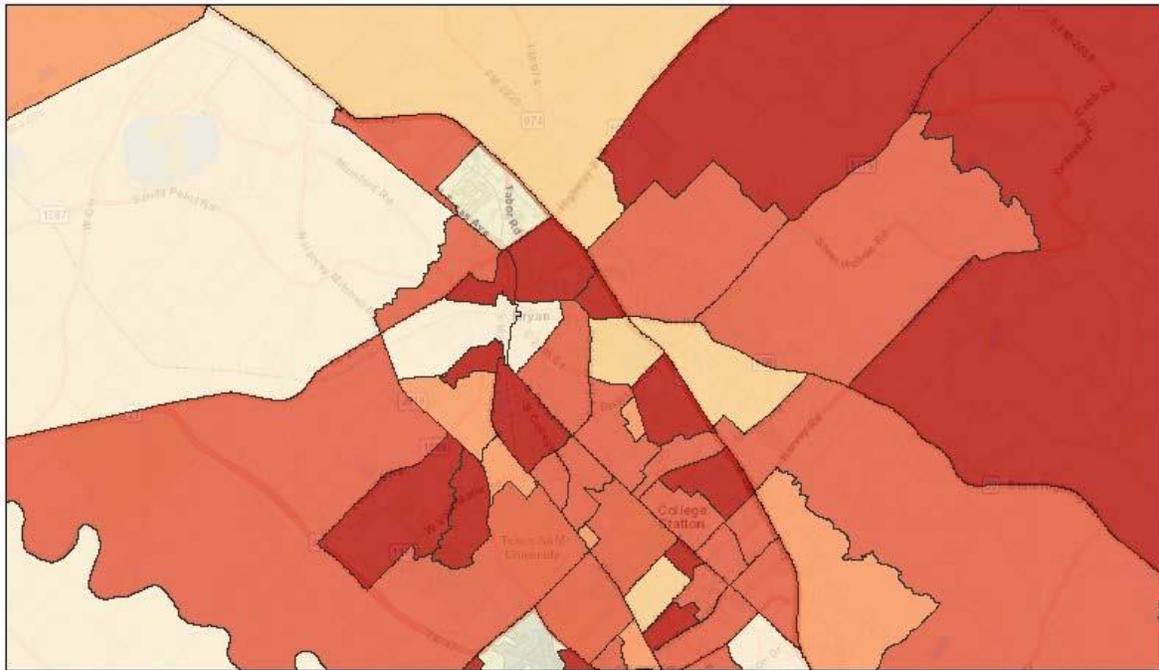
In addition to the above mentioned CDBG, HOME, and private sector enhancements in these areas, the City and local private sector investments are revitalizing Bryan's lower income neighborhoods utilizing local, federal, public and private resources. The City actively looks for infill development opportunities to acquire tax-foreclosed properties and make them available for housing development. The City's federal program funds are utilized to develop and incentivize affordable housing directly, and through its nonprofit housing development partners, including Elder Aid and Habitat for Humanity. Additionally, the City works in partnership with local banks and developers to encourage affordable housing development throughout the City by leveraging federal funds, down payment assistance, technical assistance, and donated surplus land, such as the recently-completed 54-home development at Hope's Crossing.



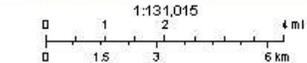
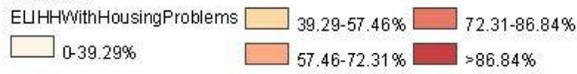
Areas of Minority Concentration

Source: HUD Mapping Application, <https://www.huduser.gov/portal/maps/rad/home.html>

ELI HH with Any of 4 Severe Housing Problems -



June 1, 2025



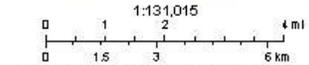
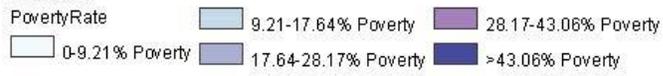
Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Imagery, INCREMENTAL P, NRCAN, Esri, Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Swisstopo, Esri (France), IGN, OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Extremely Low-Income Households w/ Severe Housing Problems

Poverty Rate -



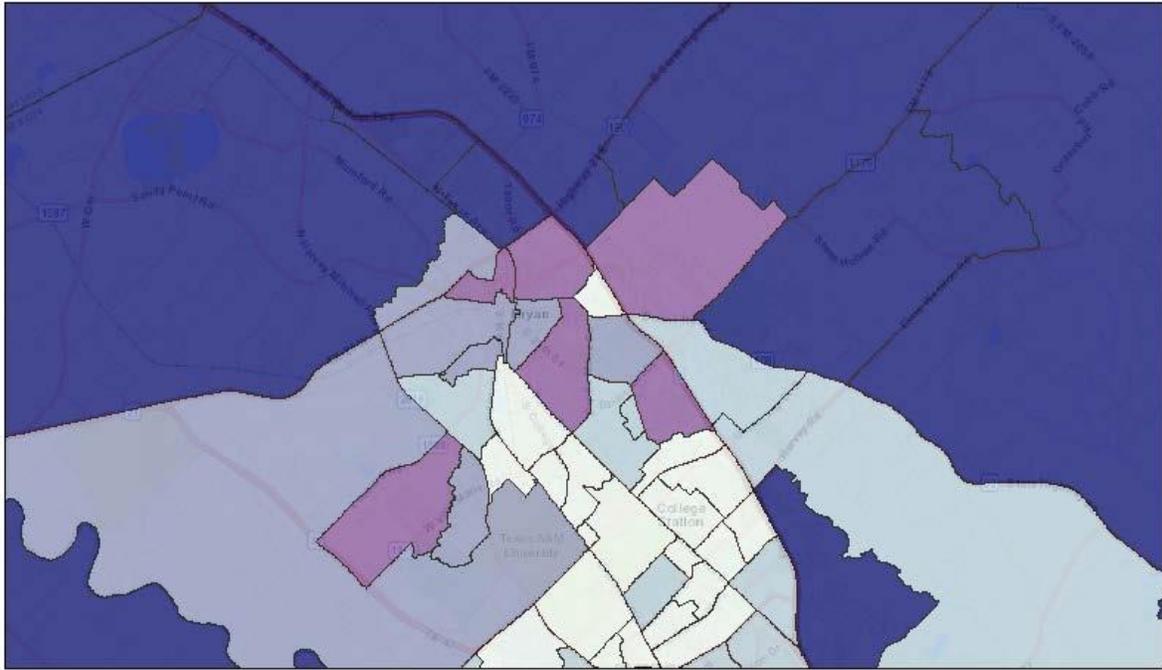
June 1, 2025



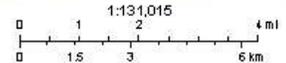
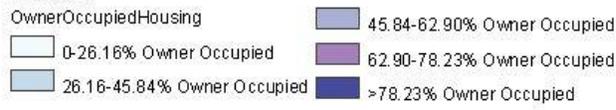
Source: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Imagery, Mapbox, Mapbox, Microsoft, P. NOAA, Esri, Japan, NICTD, Esri, China (Hong Kong), Swisstopo, Esri, France, Esri, India, OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Poverty Rate

Pct Owner Occupied Housing -



June 1, 2025



Source: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Imagery, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Swire, Esri (France), NEC, Jo

Percentage of Owner-Occupied Housing

MA-60 Broadband Needs of Housing occupied by Low- and Moderate-Income Households - 91.210(a)(4), 91.310(a)(2)

Describe the need for broadband wiring and connections for households, including low- and moderate-income households and neighborhoods.

The City of Bryan has multiple broadband providers. The FCC National Broadband Map indicates 100% coverage in the City of Bryan. With regards to connectivity, particularly for lower-income households in Bryan, it is noted that while some lower-income households may not have internet service connection to a dwelling, the majority have cell phones and data plans allowing to access the internet. Those households generally have the ability to use cell phones as “mobile-hotspots” to access the internet using a laptop or other device. Based on a *Pew Research Center* study, interaction with clients, and other industry data, it’s presumed that many of the low-income households lacking internet service or cellphones are senior citizens who are not interested in utilizing computers for internet service. To further assist households with students, the Bryan Independent School District (BISD) provides WIFI service for those near their various campuses. BISD has also acquired mobile-hotspot locations throughout Bryan and are in the process of partnering on the implementation of LTE towers to further increase their broadband access throughout the community. A local public service agency, *Project Unity*, also assists with households, particularly those with children, who are unable to pay monthly internet bills. Due to its many college students, Bryan has numerous diners and coffee shops that also provide internet access to their customers. Through its public library system, the City also ensures internet access to residents by providing community computers connected to internet service.

Describe the need for increased competition by having more than one broadband Internet service provider serve the jurisdiction.

According to *BroadbandNow*, there are 15 internet providers in Bryan, with plans starting at \$29.99 per month, affordable to most households. The Federal Communications Commission map shows internet coverage for Texas. Bryan is located in Brazos County, which is shown to have the one of the highest coverage rates for its citizens, confirming high service coverage for those with home broadband connections. Alternatively, access is available through Bryan ISD provided WIFI service, Bryan Library computer and internet access, local beverage or food shops, or by local public service agencies provided assistance in paying for home internet access. Online and public meeting surveys received in preparation for the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan showed approximately 84.62% of respondents had broadband service at their residence, and 38.46% reported that internet service in their neighborhoods was sometimes a problem. As data show high levels of local availability and affordable internet plans, it’s presumed that reports of service being problematic is related to quality of service.

MA-65 Hazard Mitigation - 91.210(a)(5), 91.310(a)(3)

Describe the jurisdiction's increased natural hazard risks associated with climate change.

The most likely natural hazard threatening the jurisdiction, particularly lower-income households, is flooding due to storms, mainly from tropical systems originating in Caribbean and/or Gulf of Mexico. The City of Bryan has many flood-prone areas, and has invested considerably in stormwater management infrastructure. If the frequency or intensity of such tropical weather were to increase, flooding and loss of power would affect the entire region and would be particularly impactful to lower-income households. Such weather events have typically caused flooding, loss of power, fallen trees, damage to structures, resource depletion from evacuations of coastal residents, and other effects that threaten the public, to include food and water supply shortages and difficulty navigating streets due to flooding, downed power lines, and other debris.

Describe the vulnerability to these risks of housing occupied by low- and moderate-income households based on an analysis of data, findings, and methods.

Because lower-income households have fewer financial resources, often live in marginal housing, and are more likely to live in structures in flood prone areas, they are more vulnerable to the effects of natural disasters. These households often reside in older, poorly built and maintained structures. The City's CDBG and HOME housing program staff often find that grant program applicants residing in or near flood zones have limited opportunities for flood hazard mitigation.

Lower-income households in several areas of Bryan are more likely to be at risk of flooding during heavy tropical storms or other severe weather events. Those census tracts with more than 50% of low- and moderate-income households, and near flood prone areas are: northeast Bryan near the Coulter Field Airport and along Carters Creek, Briar, Burton, and Carter Creeks in southeastern Bryan; north of downtown and along Still Creek and its tributary; west and southwest Bryan along Turkey Creek and its tributary, west of downtown Bryan and along Cottonwood Creek and its tributary; and north and northwest Bryan along Thompson Creek, Thompson Branch, and their tributaries.

As noted above, such weather events have occurred in Bryan in the past resulting in power outages, downed trees, building damage, and street closures due to flooding and debris.

Following is a City of Bryan FEMA Flood Zone and Topography Map illustrating the flood prone locations noted above:

Strategic Plan

SP-05 Overview

Strategic Plan Overview

This section provides the framework for the goals to be addressed using federal grant funds and other resources over the next five years through the 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan. It explains the various factors considered in setting these goals, including geographic priorities (SP-10), priority needs identified through HUD's Assessment of Fair Housing contributing factors (SP-25), and market influences on housing development (SP-30).

Additionally, the section outlines the City's and its partners' responsibilities to comply with federal statutes affecting grant-funded projects, such as lead-based paint mitigation (SP-65), removing barriers to housing under the Fair Housing Act (SP-55), and ensuring proper monitoring for responsible stewardship of federal, state, and local funds (SP-65).

The Plan also connects grant-funded or leveraged projects to broader initiatives, including the City's homelessness strategies (SP-60) and poverty reduction programs (SP-70). Overall, the Strategic Plan serves as a guide for what the City aims to accomplish with federal grants over five years, while annual Action Plans provide detailed, year-by-year outlines of specific activities and funding allocations aligned with these long-term goals.

SP-10 Geographic Priorities – 91.215 (a)(1)

Geographic Area

Table 47 - Geographic Priority Areas

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | Area Name: | City Wide |
| | Area Type: | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | Other Target Area Description: | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | HUD Approval Date: | |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |
| | Identify the neighborhood boundaries for this target area. | There are no designated target areas within the City. CDBG / HOME projects and investments are allocated on a city-wide basis addressing housing, facilities, services, and infrastructure based on individual income eligibility and/or LMI area characteristics. |
| | Include specific housing and commercial characteristics of this target area. | |
| | How did your consultation and citizen participation process help you to identify this neighborhood as a target area? | |
| | Identify the needs in this target area. | |
| | What are the opportunities for improvement in this target area? | |
| Are there barriers to improvement in this target area? | | |

General Allocation Priorities

Describe the basis for allocating investments geographically within the jurisdiction (or within the EMSA for HOPWA)

The City of Bryan does not allocate investments geographically, but instead, makes all housing activities available on a citywide basis and allocates public facility, park, and infrastructure improvements based on LMI areas and service boundary areas. CDBG and HOME funds are distributed throughout the community based on need. Because low-income, elderly, disabled, and special needs homeowners and renters reside throughout the city, housing assistance is available citywide. Homeless persons and those facing potential homelessness also reside throughout the city making the need for shelter and housing a

citywide activity. Services provided for the homeless population are located citywide to provide maximum accessibility.

In an effort to promote livability - public services, public facilities and housing projects are generally located so as to be accessible by various modes of transportation (walking, biking, driving) and are typically on or near public bus routes provided by the local transit authority as well as Texas A&M University's off-campus bus service. Major employment assistance providers like Blinn College and the Workforce Commission are located on both, the Transit District's and Texas A&M University's off-campus bus routes (see attached maps).

Assistance for special needs populations (elderly people, disabled persons, persons with drug/alcohol addictions, persons with AIDS/HIV) is provided citywide, as these populations exist throughout the city. Public services are also not limited geographically. These services are expected to be readily available and accessible to targeted clients.

Public facilities and infrastructure improvements such as park improvements, will be considered in areas of the city where 51% or more of the population meets low and moderate-income guidelines (within defined service boundary area) or where an organization's clients are at least 51% low to moderate income as defined by HUD. Community Development staff are also involved in the City of Bryan's Infill Development initiatives and are involved in the CIP projects to ensure livability issues are being considered. Economic development activities are provided citywide (unless designated a spot slum/blighted location), recognizing that low-income individuals live throughout the city and that business location is often critical to its potential success.

The City of Bryan does not receive HOPWA or ESG funds.

SP-25 Priority Needs - 91.215(a)(2)

Priority Needs

Table 48 – Priority Needs Summary

| | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Priority Need Name | Affordable Housing |
| | Priority Level | High |
| | Population | Extremely Low Low Moderate Large Families Families with Children Elderly Elderly Persons with Physical Disabilities |
| | Geographic Areas Affected | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | Associated Goals | Preserve and expand affordable housing units. Affordable homeownership options Production of affordable units |
| | Description | This priority focuses on expanding affordable housing opportunities by supporting both homeownership and housing rehabilitation for low- and moderate-income residents. Efforts include providing technical and financial assistance to help homeowners rehabilitate and maintain their properties to safe and standard conditions, along with homebuyer education and down payment assistance to increase the number of stable homeowners. Additionally, technical support and funding may be provided to nonprofit and for-profit owners and developers to increase the overall supply of safe and affordable housing, addressing the needs of diverse populations across the community. Continue partnerships with existing Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDO) by providing technical assistance and/or funding to provide for the development of new affordable single-family homes to low- and moderate-income residents. |
| | Basis for Relative Priority | Priority based on surveys, consultations, stakeholder interviews, public hearing input, focus group meetings, and secondary data (i.e., housing market analysis and census data cost burden data). |
| 2 | Priority Need Name | Public Services |
| | Priority Level | High |

| | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | Population | Extremely Low Low Moderate Large Families Families with Children Elderly Public Housing Residents Chronic Homelessness Individuals Unaccompanied Youth Elderly Frail Elderly Persons with Mental Disabilities Persons with Physical Disabilities Persons with Developmental Disabilities Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families Victims of Domestic Violence |
| | Geographic Areas Affected | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | Associated Goals | Expand and enhance public service programs |
| | Description | Provide funding and technical assistance to non-profit agencies delivering essential services to low- and moderate-income individuals, including but not limited to transportation, healthcare (including dental), counseling, case management, and support for youth, families, seniors, persons with disabilities, and others with special needs. This also includes agencies offering critical resources such as food, clothing, shelter, education, financial assistance, utility support, and services addressing physical, mental, developmental, or substance use disorders. |
| | Basis for Relative Priority | Priority based on surveys, consultations, stakeholder interviews, public hearing input, focus group meetings, and secondary data (i.e., housing market analysis and census data cost burden data). |
| 3 | Priority Need Name | Economic Development |
| | Priority Level | High |
| | Population | Extremely Low Low Moderate |

| | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | Geographic Areas Affected | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | Associated Goals | Support small/microenterprise businesses |
| | Description | This priority supports efforts to assist small businesses, micro-enterprises, and/or Section 3 businesses to strengthen the local economy. |
| | Basis for Relative Priority | Priority based on surveys, consultations, stakeholder interviews, public hearing input, focus group meetings, and secondary data (i.e., housing market analysis and census data cost burden data). |
| 4 | Priority Need Name | Clearance & Demolition |
| | Priority Level | Low |
| | Population | Extremely Low Low Moderate Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| | Geographic Areas Affected | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | Associated Goals | Remove substandard and unsafe structures |
| | Description | Provide technical and/or funding assistance for projects and programs addressing and eliminating slum and blight influences, to include: dangerous and dilapidated vacant structures, health and safety violations, and other local code violations that cause blighting and/or public health concerns. |
| | Basis for Relative Priority | Priority based on surveys, consultations, stakeholder interviews, public hearing input, focus group meetings, and secondary data (i.e., housing market analysis and census data cost burden data). |
| 5 | Priority Need Name | Public Facilities |
| | Priority Level | Low |
| | Population | Extremely Low Low Moderate |

| | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | Geographic Areas Affected | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | Associated Goals | Support public facility improvements |
| | Description | This priority need ensures low- and moderate-income persons and special needs populations have improved access to essential community resources. It includes providing technical assistance and/or funding, when available through an annual grant application process, to increase or enhance municipal public facilities such as parks, as well as nonprofit facilities offering health and human services. These efforts help create safe, accessible spaces that support community well-being. |
| | Basis for Relative Priority | Priority based on surveys, consultations, stakeholder interviews, public hearing input, focus group meetings, and secondary data (i.e., housing market analysis and census data cost burden data). |
| 6 | Priority Need Name | Public Infrastructure |
| | Priority Level | Low |
| | Population | Extremely Low Low Moderate |
| | Geographic Areas Affected | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| | Associated Goals | Invest in infrastructure improvements |
| | Description | Provide technical assistance and/or funding, when available through an annual application process, to expand or improve sidewalks and streets that enhance pedestrian and vehicular mobility and safety. These improvements will increase accessibility within low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, connecting residents to schools, public transportation, amenities, and public utilities. |
| | Basis for Relative Priority | Priority based on surveys, consultations, stakeholder interviews, public hearing input, focus group meetings, and secondary data (i.e., housing market analysis and census data cost burden data). |
| 7 | Priority Need Name | Program Administration |
| | Priority Level | High |

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Population | Extremely Low Low Moderate Middle Other |
| Geographic Areas Affected | All inclusive types within city limits. |
| Associated Goals | Program Administration, Grant Compliance |
| Description | Provide administration and technical assistance on behalf of the City to secure and properly manage state and federal funding. These efforts support HUD’s goals of decent housing, suitable living environments, and expanded economic opportunities, ensuring outcomes related to availability, accessibility, affordability, and sustainability for the citizens of Bryan. |
| Basis for Relative Priority | Priority based on surveys, consultations, stakeholder interviews, public hearing input, focus group meetings, and secondary data (i.e., housing market analysis and census data cost burden data). |

Narrative (Optional)

SP-30 Influence of Market Conditions – 91.215 (b)

Influence of Market Conditions

| Affordable Housing Type | Market Characteristics that will influence the use of funds available for housing type |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Tenant Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) | The availability of rental units willing to accept TBRA clients remains a challenge. With over 60,000 college students locally, rental demand is high, and many landlords target student tenants, reducing units accessible to TBRA households. This strong student demand also drives up median rents, causing TBRA funds to be used more quickly. Additionally, factors such as limited affordable housing stock, rising property taxes, and neighborhood desirability further impact rental availability and costs. Currently, BVCOG’s Housing Choice Voucher Program is closed to new applicants due to limited funding. |
| TBRA for Non-Homeless Special Needs | The additional challenges faced by special needs households, such as the need for accessible units near transit and essential services, further limit their housing options. The scarcity of affordable rental housing drives up costs and reduces availability, making it harder to stretch TBRA funds effectively. When few accessible units exist in convenient locations, TBRA clients with special needs may be forced to accept higher rents or less suitable housing just to secure a place to live. As a result, these market characteristics directly impact how TBRA funds are utilized. |
| New Unit Production | New affordable housing construction is shaped by several market factors, including land cost and availability, increasing construction expenses, competition from higher-end developments, interest rates, and lending requirements. As of late 2024, mortgage application rejections reached a decade high, driven by elevated interest rates and stricter underwriting standards, making it harder for lower-income buyers to access home financing. High local demand for land and building materials continues to drive up costs, making affordable housing development more challenging. Continued support from the City, CHDOs, the State’s LIHTC program, and nonprofit developers such as Habitat for Humanity is essential to ensure the ongoing development of affordable housing units. |
| Rehabilitation | Rehabilitation needs are increasing due to Bryan’s aging housing stock, much of which requires major updates to meet health and safety standards. Rising construction and material costs continue to impact the feasibility of rehabilitation projects. Many older homes face significant structural or mechanical issues that drive up project costs. Additionally, factors such as title issues, tax liens, or other legal barriers may prevent homeowners from qualifying for assistance. Even when homes are eligible, the extent of repairs often needed means a substantial amount of funds may be needed to complete the project. These conditions reinforce the importance of continued investment in preserving and improving existing affordable housing. |

| Affordable Housing Type | Market Characteristics that will influence the use of funds available for housing type |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Acquisition, including preservation | The high demand for both improved and unimproved properties continues to increase development costs, creating additional barriers to the production of affordable housing. To address these challenges and support improvements, the City and its nonprofit partners often prioritize infill development and the rehabilitation or redevelopment of properties with significant barriers, such as title issues, liens, or dilapidated structures. While these projects often involve longer timelines and higher complexity, strategic public investment helps make redevelopment feasible and contributes to the elimination of slum and blight, the preservation of existing housing stock, and the creation of affordable housing opportunities. |

Table 49 – Influence of Market Conditions

SP-35 Anticipated Resources - 91.215(a)(4), 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction

The City of Bryan anticipates receiving Community Development Block Grant (CDBG - \$919,611) and HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME - \$347,844.46) grant funding from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) on an annual basis through the duration of the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan period. Annual allocations are based on a HUD-established formula. These resources, along with those from other public, private, and nonprofit partners, establish a multi-faceted approach to addressing the goals and objectives identified in this Strategic Plan.

The CDBG program provides communities with resources to address a wide range of unique community development needs by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities for low- and moderate-income persons. Activities may include affordable housing services, homeownership assistance, acquisition, public facility/infrastructure improvements, clearance and demolition, public services, economic development assistance, and other grant eligible activities.

The HOME program is dedicated solely to development of affordable housing opportunities for low-income households. The City of Bryan anticipates partnering with local non-profit and for-profit entities, to promote affordable housing for low-income persons locally. At least 15% of the grant must be set-aside to fund housing to be owned, developed, or sponsored by experienced, community-driven nonprofit groups designated as Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs), unless the City chooses to utilize applicable waivers lifting this requirement for the 2025-26 program year.

Anticipated Resources

| Program | Source of Funds | Uses of Funds | Expected Amount Available Year 1 | | | | Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$ | Narrative Description |
|---------|------------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---|---|
| | | | Annual Allocation: \$ | Program Income: \$ | Prior Year Resources: \$ | Total: \$ | | |
| CDBG | public - federal | Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services | 919,611 | 40,000 | 0 | 959,611 | 3,838,444 | Expected amount for rest of Con Plan is Year 1 x 4. |
| HOME | public - federal | Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA | 347,844 | 70,000 | 0 | 417,844 | 1,671,378 | Expected amount for rest of Con Plan is Year 1 x 4. |

Table 50 - Anticipated Resources

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

Federal grant funds will be used to leverage additional resources through various means, including property donations from the City or other entities, contributions from nonprofit organizations such as Habitat for Humanity, and other nonprofit developers involved in the rehabilitation or construction of affordable housing. Leveraging also includes support through sweat equity, private fundraising, and in-kind resources.

The City's down payment assistance program leverages resources from local financial institutions that provide permanent mortgage financing to homebuyers. Public service agencies receiving CDBG funding also contribute private and nonprofit dollars toward service delivery, further enhancing the impact of federal investments.

Although the City has historically received a waiver for the HOME Program match requirement, no waiver has been granted yet for the current period. However, the City anticipates receiving one based on past precedent. Regardless, the City continues to monitor match requirements closely and maintains funds set aside to fulfill the match obligation, equivalent to 12.5 cents for every HOME dollar expended.

Additionally, the City contributes general funds toward improvements in parks, public facilities, and infrastructure in low- and moderate-income neighborhoods. These efforts are coordinated with the Community Development Department when appropriate, further leveraging CDBG resources to maximize community benefit.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

The City does not currently have available publicly owned property for use of affordable housing, but the City does periodically have property donated that stipulates the property be used for affordable housing.

Discussion

The City will receive \$919,611 of CDBG (plus anticipated program income of \$40,000) and \$347,844.46 of HOME (plus anticipated program income of \$70,000). The City continues existing partnerships and seeks new ones to create additional momentum in reaching goals. Partnerships include non-profit and for-profit developers, the Home Builders Association, local housing committees, public service agencies, and the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless.

SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure – 91.215(k)

Explain the institutional structure through which the jurisdiction will carry out its consolidated plan including private industry, non-profit organizations, and public institutions.

| Responsible Entity | Responsible Entity Type | Role | Geographic Area Served |
|--|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| BRYAN | Government | Economic Development Non-homeless special needs Ownership Planning neighborhood improvements public facilities public services | Jurisdiction |
| Brazos Valley Council of Governments | Regional organization | Economic Development Non-homeless special needs Ownership Planning Rental neighborhood improvements public services | Region |
| BRYAN HOUSING AUTHORITY | PHA | Public Housing | Jurisdiction |
| Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Region |
| Brazos County | Government | Economic Development Non-homeless special needs Planning public facilities public services | Jurisdiction |
| BCS Habitat for Humanity | Non-profit organizations | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| Texas A&M University | Public institution | Economic Development Planning public services | State |

| Responsible Entity | Responsible Entity Type | Role | Geographic Area Served |
|---|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| BCS Chamber of Commerce | Non-profit organizations | Economic Development | Jurisdiction |
| TWIN CITY MISSION | Non-profit organizations | Homelessness public services | Jurisdiction |
| Elder-Aid | CHDO | Non-homeless special needs Ownership Rental | Jurisdiction |
| The Brazos Transit District | Regional organization | Planning public services | Region |
| Brazos Valley Community Action Programs | Regional organization | Non-homeless special needs Planning public services | Region |
| United Way of the Brazos Valley | Regional organization | Non-homeless special needs Planning public services | Region |

Table 51 - Institutional Delivery Structure

Assess of Strengths and Gaps in the Institutional Delivery System

The City of Bryan’s Community Development Department works collaboratively with a range of public and private organizations to assess and address local housing, homelessness, and non-housing community development needs. The institutional delivery system in Bryan is well-coordinated, with strong partnerships that support service delivery across various sectors, including homeless services, housing, and special needs populations.

Key partners include public agencies, nonprofit organizations, and other community stakeholders that work with the City to conduct needs assessments, identify gaps in services, and implement programs that improve community outcomes. For instance, the City is an active member of the Community Partnership Board, a collaborative coalition of approximately 80 health and human service agencies serving the Bryan–College Station area. This network enhances coordination among service providers and strengthens the overall service delivery system.

Bryan–College Station benefits from strong public-private partnerships and active cooperation among various sectors, which enhances efforts to support low-income individuals and families on their path to stability and self-sufficiency.

Strengths of the local institutional delivery system include:

- A healthy and active real estate market

- Strong, dedicated nonprofit service providers
- Effective collaboration between city governments and public/private organizations

Identified gaps in the system include:

- A limited number of nonprofit housing developers
- Aging infrastructure in older neighborhoods
- Limited capacity of the local public transportation network
- CDBG public service funding cap, which restricts the ability to fully meet service needs
- Administrative challenges faced by some nonprofit partners in managing grant-funded programs

These strengths and gaps inform the City's strategy to enhance service coordination, support capacity building among partners, and ensure the efficient use of limited resources.

Availability of services targeted to homeless persons and persons with HIV and mainstream services

| Homelessness Prevention Services | Available in the Community | Targeted to Homeless | Targeted to People with HIV |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Homelessness Prevention Services | | | |
| Counseling/Advocacy | X | X | X |
| Legal Assistance | X | | |
| Mortgage Assistance | X | | |
| Rental Assistance | X | X | X |
| Utilities Assistance | X | | X |
| Street Outreach Services | | | |
| Law Enforcement | | | |
| Mobile Clinics | | | |
| Other Street Outreach Services | X | X | X |
| Supportive Services | | | |
| Alcohol & Drug Abuse | X | X | |
| Child Care | X | X | |
| Education | X | X | |
| Employment and Employment Training | X | X | |
| Healthcare | X | X | X |
| HIV/AIDS | X | | X |
| Life Skills | X | X | |
| Mental Health Counseling | X | X | |
| Transportation | X | X | |
| Other | | | |
| | | | |

Table 52 - Homeless Prevention Services Summary

Describe how the service delivery system including, but not limited to, the services listed above meet the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth)

The City of Bryan is an active member of the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH) and plays a significant role in the Continuum of Care (CoC) process, supporting coordinated efforts to address homelessness in the region. The City provides technical assistance to BVCH, particularly in the administration of the CoC application, compliance with the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS), annual reporting, and support for the Point in Time Count.

BVCH collaborates with a wide range of agencies, including those represented on the Community Partnership Board, a coalition of more than 80 local service organizations. These partnerships help establish and maintain referral and outreach systems for individuals experiencing or at risk of homelessness. Special attention is given to individuals transitioning from foster care, healthcare facilities, mental health institutions, and the criminal justice system, with a focus on developing discharge policies that prevent exits into homelessness.

To address employment barriers for individuals experiencing homelessness, BVCH partners with the local Workforce Board to improve access to employment programs and job readiness resources. The City of Bryan and BVCH continue to work with key housing and service providers, including Brazos Valley Community Action Programs, Project Unity, BCS Habitat for Humanity, Bryan Housing Authority, Twin City Mission, Elder Aid, Family Promise, and the Brazos Valley Council of Governments—to expand housing opportunities and supportive services for people in need.

Twin City Mission operates several important programs in the local homeless services system. The Doug Weedon Shelter of Hope provides emergency shelter and case management to approximately 1,500 clients each year. Additional beds are dedicated to permanent supportive housing for individuals who are chronically homeless, and some units are accessible for people with disabilities or families.

Twin City Mission also manages HAVEN, a 24-unit apartment complex offering rental assistance to individuals and families who have previously experienced homelessness. Phoebe’s Home, part of the

Domestic Violence Services program, provides emergency shelter and nonresidential counseling to women and children affected by domestic violence.

The organization maintains a Coordinated Access System to connect individuals and families to appropriate community services. In addition, its Youth and Family Services division operates the STAR (Services to At Risk Youth) program, which offers free family support services, summer activities, and child abuse prevention education.

Together, these programs reflect a well-organized local system that addresses the complex needs of individuals and families experiencing homelessness in Bryan and the surrounding Brazos Valley area.

Describe the strengths and gaps of the service delivery system for special needs population and persons experiencing homelessness, including, but not limited to, the services listed above

The City of Bryan benefits from a strong and coordinated institutional delivery system that includes experienced housing organizations, nonprofit service providers, and emerging community-based organizations. This network is supported by collaborative partnerships with public, private, and additional entities that leverage federal, state, and local resources to address housing, community development, and social service needs.

A notable strength of the delivery system is its ongoing collaboration among local agencies and its strong base of community support. Civic leaders and service providers work together to maximize impact and avoid duplication of services. Additionally, efforts to engage residents and consumers of public services in identifying needs and improving service delivery remain central to the City's approach.

Despite these strengths, resource limitations continue to pose challenges. Funding constraints are the primary factor limiting service capacity. Gaps remain in the availability of nonprofit housing developers, aging public infrastructure, and access to public transportation. Additionally, CDBG public service funding caps restrict the extent to which the City can support agencies meeting critical needs.

The special needs population in particular requires significant and sustained investments. Their complex needs, including housing, mental health care, substance use treatment, and employment services, demand intensive case management and coordination. Addressing these needs will require continued collaboration and leveraging of available resources.

Provide a summary of the strategy for overcoming gaps in the institutional structure and service delivery system for carrying out a strategy to address priority needs

Continued education and collaboration among BVCH members will help to provide better public awareness on the myriad of needs facing homeless and special needs persons is the key to addressing these important needs. Bryan-College Station is a giving community and regularly demonstrates its generosity during fundraisers and through individual donation of time and money. Local charitable efforts, coupled with continued state and federal resources, will allow the community to continue to provide for the needs of our most disadvantaged citizens. The city's Community Development staff will:

- Continue to coordinate with other city departments on efforts to upgrade and improve infrastructure in older, lower-income neighborhoods.
- Through rehabilitation/reconstruction, continue to improve housing conditions for low-income homeowners.
- Continue outreach to non-profit service groups like UM Army to further assist Bryan's low-income residents.

- Continue outreach to home-builders and developers to encourage investment in older Bryan neighborhoods.
- Continue to seek additional funding resources for City and non-profit agency program efforts.

SP-45 Goals Summary – 91.215(a)(4)

Goals Summary Information

| Sort Order | Goal Name | Start Year | End Year | Category | Geographic Area | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|------------|---|------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------|--|
| 1 | Preserve and expand affordable housing units. | 2025 | 2029 | Affordable Housing | City Wide | Affordable Housing | | Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated: 158 Household Housing Unit |
| 2 | Affordable homeownership options | 2025 | 2029 | Affordable Housing | City Wide | Affordable Housing | | Direct Financial Assistance to Homebuyers: 25 Households Assisted |
| 3 | Production of affordable units | 2025 | 2029 | Affordable Housing | City Wide | Affordable Housing | | Rental units constructed: 2 Household Housing Unit |
| 4 | Expand and enhance public service programs | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Public Services | | Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit: 1325 Persons Assisted |
| 5 | Support small/microenterprise businesses | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Economic Development | | Businesses assisted: 12 Businesses Assisted |
| 6 | Remove substandard and unsafe structures | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Clearance & Demolition | | Buildings Demolished: 8 Buildings |
| 7 | Support public facility improvements | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Public Facilities | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities for Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit: 0 Households Assisted |

| Sort Order | Goal Name | Start Year | End Year | Category | Geographic Area | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|------------|--|------------|----------|--|-----------------|------------------------|---------|--|
| 8 | Invest in infrastructure improvements | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Public Infrastructure | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities for Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit: 0 Households Assisted |
| 9 | Program Administration, Grant Compliance | 2025 | 2029 | Program Administration, Grant Compliance | City Wide | Program Administration | | Other: 0 Other |

Table 53 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| 1 | Goal Name | Preserve and expand affordable housing units. |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical and/or financial support to low- and moderate-income homeowners to rehabilitate their property to standard condition and provide maintenance education to low- and moderate-income homeowners. |
| 2 | Goal Name | Affordable homeownership options |
| | Goal Description | Provide home buyer's counseling and down payment assistance to eligible persons including extremely low, low, moderate income and special needs populations. |
| 3 | Goal Name | Production of affordable units |
| | Goal Description | Support the production of affordable housing units through partnerships with Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) and other qualified developers. This includes leveraging HOME funds to increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing for low- and moderate-income households. |

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| 4 | Goal Name | Expand and enhance public service programs |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical assistance and/or funding for programs through an annual application process, to non-profit agencies providing essential or expanded direct services to low- and moderate-income persons including, but not limited to: transportation, health and dental services, housing and shelter, food support, counseling/case-management, and other health and social services. |
| 5 | Goal Name | Support small/microenterprise businesses |
| | Goal Description | Provide financial and technical assistance to support the growth and stability of small businesses owned by low- to moderate-income individuals. |
| 6 | Goal Name | Remove substandard and unsafe structures |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical and/or funding assistance for projects and/or programs addressing and eliminating slum and blight influences, to include: dangerous and dilapidated vacant structures, health and safety violations, and other local code violations that cause blighting and/or public health concerns. Only if needed, funding available, and application received. |
| 7 | Goal Name | Support public facility improvements |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical assistance and/or funding, when available, through an annual grant application process to increase/improve access to municipal public facilities (i.e., parks) or non-profit facilities (i.e., health and human service facilities) for low- and moderate-income persons or special needs populations. 1 project if funds available and application submitted. |
| 8 | Goal Name | Invest in infrastructure improvements |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical assistance and/or funding, when available through an annual application process, to increase pedestrian mobility and safety by expanding and improving sidewalks to provide better accessibility through neighborhoods, to amenities to schools and public transportation, or to extend or improve public utility access to low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, or to increase vehicular mobility and safety by expanding or improving streets to provide better accessibility to or through low- and moderate-income neighborhoods. 1 project if funds available and application submitted to improve quality of life in lower-income areas, serving at least 51% low- and moderate-income persons. |

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| 9 | Goal Name | Program Administration, Grant Compliance |
| | Goal Description | On behalf of the City, provide administration and technical assistance to ensure the continued receipt and proper use of available local, state and/or federal funding to benefit the citizens of Bryan by promoting the U.S. Dept. of HUD's objectives of: decent Housing, suitable living environment, and expand economic opportunities, and ensuring the outcomes of: availability/accessibility; affordability; or sustainability. |

Estimate the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing as defined by HOME 91.315(b)(2)

Over the 2025–2029 Consolidated Plan period, the City anticipates providing affordable housing and demolition assistance to approximately 193 extremely low-, low-, and moderate-income residents. Planned activities include 150 minor home repairs for income-eligible homeowners, rehabilitation of 8 owner-occupied homes, 25 down payment assistance awards to support first-time homebuyers, and the development of 2 affordable rental units. Additionally, 8 voluntary demolitions of vacant, dilapidated structures will be carried out to help eliminate slum and blight conditions in targeted neighborhoods. These housing efforts will be supported through a combination of CDBG and HOME funding, including partnerships with qualified nonprofit developers through the HOME CHDO program. Collectively, these initiatives reflect the City's commitment to preserving and improving existing housing stock, expanding access to affordable housing opportunities, supporting neighborhood revitalization, and addressing the needs of residents across the income spectrum.

SP-50 Public Housing Accessibility and Involvement – 91.215(c)

Need to Increase the Number of Accessible Units (if Required by a Section 504 Voluntary Compliance Agreement)

Not applicable.

Activities to Increase Resident Involvements

The Bryan Housing Authority continues to provide a variety of services to residents, to include: parenting Skills, dropout prevention, domestic violence and substance abuse prevention, health fairs and healthcare assistance, pregnancy outreach, budgeting, homeownership training, GED and higher education assistance, youth leadership development and computer classes. BHA is also initiating character building sessions during the summer for neighborhood youth, and fitness program for adults. BHA is currently working to initiate a neighbor association and involves residents by hosting appreciation dinners, facilitating support groups, and encouraging local service groups to mentor BHA youth.

Is the public housing agency designated as troubled under 24 CFR part 902?

No

Plan to remove the ‘troubled’ designation

Not applicable

SP-55 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.215(h)

Barriers to Affordable Housing

The City of Bryan has reviewed its own policies including property tax policies, land use controls, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges. No policies were identified that would negatively affect residential investment. Development regulations are intended to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The City of Bryan works to carefully balance public welfare and safety with cost-reasonable policies which encourage investment in the community. The City has no impact fees, parkland dedication fees are reasonable, and has adopted building codes which balance safety and development costs. Permitting has been simplified and approvals accelerated by implementation of new permit automation software through Citizen serve. By ordinance, the City routinely waives permit, inspection, and application fees for its HOME and CDBG program projects, and for nonprofit housing providers as well. By resolution, the City has the ability to waive any City liens (code enforcement demolition, cleanup, mowing, etc.) at the request of a nonprofit housing provider intending to purchase a property for affordable housing development.

Also, the City Council has directed additional efforts to encourage affordable housing development for infill in established subdivisions through property tax foreclosure auctions with general funds, and to use tax-foreclosed properties as incentives for affordable housing development. Additionally, the City's federal HOME program funds are utilized to develop and incentivize affordable housing directly, and through its nonprofit housing development partners, including Elder Aid and Habitat for Humanity. Additionally, the City works in partnership with local banks and developers to encourage affordable housing development throughout the City by leveraging federal funds, technical assistance, and donated surplus land, such as the recently-completed 54-home development at Hopes Crossing.

Local efforts strongly encourage development and preservation of affordable housing. Property taxes are kept at as low a rate as possible, while maintaining quality basic services to residents. Grant funds are utilized to preserve existing affordable homes through the minor repair and major rehabilitation/reconstruction programs. CDBG funds are also utilized to provide Spot Slum/Blight clearance for low-income property owners so that lots can be cleared without liens that would hinder redevelopment. Primary barriers to affordable housing development are rising costs of construction material, insurance, and labor costs, in addition to clouded or fragmented title to properties. The City has recently sponsored educational workshops for residents and low-income housing assistance recipients to encourage the use of wills and other estate planning tools to reduce the possibility of fractured titles.

Strategy to Remove or Ameliorate the Barriers to Affordable Housing

Construction of new housing or renovation of existing units is inexpensive in terms of development and inspection fees, meaning that costs do not inhibit development of affordable units. Development standards facilitate the development of both market and affordable residential units. The city will regularly analyze its development standards to identify potential barriers to the production or maintenance of affordable housing. The city avoids duplication between local jurisdictions and ordinances are enforced solely by the City, eliminating redundant, steps that add to costs. Zoning allows for minimally sized lots to accommodate development of affordable housing.

Building fees are kept as reasonable as possible. Those collected are generally less than those recommended by national advisory boards. In example, model codes recommend a plan review fee AND a permit fee, but the City has chosen NOT to collect plan review fees or building impact fees. The City continues to assess fees and processes to ensure affordable housing is not hindered and allows flexibility in building requirements when appropriate. Bryan uses a single fee based on square footage. Building, plumbing, mechanical, and electrical permit cost are added together for a new home. In Bryan, the valuation is simply \$66 per square foot with one permit cost. Further, permit fees for City-sponsored developments are waived for participating non-profit developers. Outstanding city liens are also waived for nonprofit developers acquiring property with liens for code enforcement actions. Development expenses are minimal in terms of housing construction and renovation costs. Goals include collaborative efforts with private and public entities so that resources can be leveraged.

SP-60 Homelessness Strategy – 91.215(d)

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

The City of Bryan actively consults with the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless, the local Continuum of Care (CoC), in determining priorities for ESG funding and in the development of strategies related to homelessness prevention and housing stability. City staff participate in CoC meetings and planning sessions to coordinate on funding decisions, ensure alignment with CoC goals, and avoid duplication of services across agencies.

Through this collaboration, the City works with CoC partners to:

- **Allocate ESG Funds:** CoC input is integral in identifying service gaps and directing ESG resources to the most effective emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid re-housing activities. Funding decisions reflect shared priorities developed in consultation with CoC member organizations, including service providers, housing agencies, and advocacy groups.
- **Develop Performance Standards and Evaluate Outcomes:** The City and CoC collaborate to establish performance benchmarks for ESG-funded programs. These include goals related to housing stability, length of homelessness episodes, and placement in permanent housing. Program outcomes are regularly reviewed by the CoC and City staff to inform future funding decisions and improve service delivery.
- **Administer and Expand HMIS:** The City supports CoC-led efforts to manage and expand the HMIS. This includes participating in the development of policies and procedures for data quality, privacy, and reporting. ESG subrecipients are required to enter data into HMIS in accordance with CoC standards. The City helps ensure compliance with HUD requirements, including CoC, SuperNOFA, and AHAR submissions.

Additionally, the City supports the CoC's efforts to maintain HEARTH Act compliance, participate in the annual Point-in-Time Count, and evaluate policies and procedures governing the overall CoC system. These collaborative efforts ensure a coordinated, data-driven approach to addressing homelessness in Bryan and the surrounding region.

Addressing the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The City of Bryan's Strategic Plan supports Twin City Mission and Project Unity as they apply for and administer Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) and Housing for People with AIDS (HOPWA) grant funded programs to support local homeless populations. Other local entities provide emergency and/or transitional housing and supportive services, to include: Bryan Public Housing Authority, Emanuel Baptist Church, Family Promise, the Brazos Valley Council of Governments (Housing Choice Vouchers), Mental Health Mental Retardation Authority of Brazos Valley, and the Salvation Army.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the

transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

Strategic Plan goals in the City of Bryan's Strategic Plan support the many local agencies that provide supportive services to local homeless populations that assist individuals and families in transitioning from emergency shelter to permanent housing. Through the City's participation in the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless and CoC efforts, and its Public Service Agency funding, local agencies serving the unique needs of homeless persons can apply for grant funding of eligible programs helping homeless families, individuals, veterans and unaccompanied youth. Local partnering agencies providing services and counseling to help persons avoid or shorten homelessness, and avoid repeat homelessness, include:

Twin City Mission, Project Unity, Bryan Public Housing Authority, Emanuel Baptist Church, Family Promise, the Brazos Valley Council of Governments, Mental Health Mental Retardation Authority of Brazos Valley, Salvation Army, and others.

Help low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families who are likely to become homeless after being discharged from a publicly funded institution or system of care, or who are receiving assistance from public and private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education or youth needs

The City of Bryan's Consolidated Plan includes goals encouraging inter-agency coordination to help low-income individuals and families avoid homelessness resulting from discharge from various programs and/or institutions. Local healthcare facilities maintain policies to ensure that persons discharged will receive case management assistance in obtaining appropriate housing placement. Facilities consult with the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless to avoid having released patients discharged into homelessness but rather, to a state, federal, emergency or transitional facility. Local homeless service providers and other social service agencies regularly collaborate with discharge staff from these facilities to identify placements for patients that are most suited for their needs and that do not result in the patient becoming homeless.

SP-65 Lead based paint Hazards – 91.215(i)

Actions to address LBP hazards and increase access to housing without LBP hazards

Bryan has emphasized lead-based paint (LBP) counseling and awareness in all its programs. All Down-payment and Closing Cost assistance for pre-1978 properties in the homebuyer program requires LBP counseling as well as testing and remediation. The City also maintains a continued focus on the hazards of lead-based paint and the need for lead-based paint testing of potential rehabilitation projects.

Additionally, the City has continued to work with public service agencies caring for or providing services to children to reduce lead-based hazards in the community. The city's Community Development Department has staff members with years of experience and training related to the identification, planning, and remediation of lead-based paint hazards. Housing program activities have policies and procedures in place to, not only remediate lead-based paint hazards in existing structures, but to also promote and facilitate the development of new, affordable and safe housing units that will benefit the lower-income community for decades to follow.

The following lead-based paint strategies related to City of Bryan Community Development programs and projects are ongoing:

- Provide officials and citizens information and education about lead-based paint.
- Integrate lead hazard evaluation and reduction activities into program housing activities.
- Provide training opportunities for staff to manage lead-based paint impacted projects.
- Make information on childhood lead blood levels available to local officials and citizens.
- Continue to promote the development of new, affordable, and safe housing locally.

How are the actions listed above related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards?

The actions outlined by the City of Bryan directly address the risks identified through local data on lead poisoning and demonstrate a proactive response to mitigating lead-based paint (LBP) hazards in the community. According to the Texas Department of State Health Services, 19 out of 1,388 children under age 15 in Bryan were found to have elevated blood lead levels (≥ 5 micrograms per deciliter). While this percentage is relatively low, it still signals an ongoing need for awareness and prevention—particularly in communities with older housing stock.

The City's policies, such as mandatory LBP counseling, testing, and remediation for pre-1978 properties, are designed to reduce these risks, especially for low- and moderate-income households. By integrating lead hazard evaluation into all housing program activities and promoting new, lead-safe housing development, Bryan is reducing the likelihood of future lead exposure. Ongoing staff training, coordination with public service agencies, and public education further reinforce these efforts.

Overall, these strategies reflect a comprehensive and preventive approach that aligns with local data and public health recommendations, targeting the root causes of lead exposure and protecting the most vulnerable populations, particularly children, from long-term harm.



Blood Lead Surveillance Branch

Year 2022 Counts for Children Tested and Children with Blood Lead Levels $\geq 5 \mu\text{g/dL}$, by Zip Code, for Brazos County, City of Bryan, and City of College Station*

| Brazos County, Texas | | | City of Bryan, Texas | | | City of College | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|-----------------|---|
| ZIP Code | Children Tested | Children with a Blood Lead Level $\geq 5\mu\text{g/dL}$ | Zip Code | Children Tested | Children with a Blood Lead Level $\geq 5\mu\text{g/dL}$ | Zip Code | Children Tested | Children with a Blood Lead Level $\geq 5\mu\text{g/dL}$ |
| 77801 | 224 | <5 | 77801 | 223 | <5 | 77840 | 408 | <5 |
| 77802 | 268 | <5 | 77802 | 255 | <5 | 77841 | 0 | 0 |
| 77803 | 550 | 11 | 77803 | 530 | 10 | 77842 | 11 | 0 |
| 77805 | 8 | 0 | 77805 | 8 | 0 | 77843 | <5 | 0 |
| 77806 | <5 | 0 | 77806 | <5 | 0 | 77845 | 548 | <5 |
| 77807 | 208 | <5 | 77807 | <5 | <5 | Total | 968 | <5 |
| 77808 | 175 | <5 | 77808 | 200 | <5 | | | |
| 77840 | 414 | <5 | 77842 | 166 | 0 | | | |
| 77841 | 0 | 0 | Total | 1,388 | 19 | | | |
| 77842 | 11 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 77843 | <5 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 77845 | 577 | <5 | | | | | | |
| 77862 | <5 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 77866 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 77881 | <5 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Total | 2,442 | 24 | | | | | | |

Counts based on an unduplicated child's highest blood lead level in 2021 for age 0-14 years old.
Counts between 1 - 4 are expressed as "<5" to protect identity of children.

Texas HHS Blood Lead Levels Data

How are the actions listed above integrated into housing policies and procedures?

Housing program activities have policies and procedures in place to, not only remediate lead-based paint hazards in existing structures, but to also promote and facilitate the development of new, affordable and safe housing units that will benefit the lower-income community for decades to follow.

SP-70 Anti-Poverty Strategy – 91.215(j)

Jurisdiction Goals, Programs and Policies for reducing the number of Poverty-Level Families

The City of Bryan continues to implement the antipoverty strategy established in the previous Consolidated Plan, with ongoing efforts to reduce poverty and promote economic stability for low-income residents. Key components of this strategy include:

- Increasing the availability of safe, decent, and affordable housing for low-income households.
- Supporting public service programs that improve quality of life and promote self-sufficiency.
- Ensuring access to shelter and supportive services to prevent and end homelessness, helping individuals maintain stable housing.
- Encouraging job creation through technical assistance to businesses, particularly those offering living wage employment to low-income individuals.
- Investing in programs that support the development and long-term success of children, helping break the cycle of poverty.

In alignment with HUD's objectives—providing decent housing, creating a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities—the 2025–2029 Consolidated Plan addresses a range of housing, homelessness, and non-housing community development needs. Each funded activity is designed to achieve one or more outcomes: accessibility, affordability, or sustainability.

The Needs Assessment conducted for this Plan highlights the ongoing challenges faced by Bryan's low-income and vulnerable populations. In response, the City will continue to collaborate with partners to prevent homelessness, increase access to affordable housing, and support programs that empower residents through employment and education opportunities.

How are the Jurisdiction poverty reducing goals, programs, and policies coordinated with this affordable housing plan?

The city's goals to reduce poverty directly link to its Housing Plan. Affordable, accessible, safe and efficient housing is important for household financial stability. Rehabilitation program efforts ensure that low-income households are not financially burdened by costly repairs, high utility bills and health risks associated with substandard housing. Likewise, housing voucher and utility assistance can help low-income households avoid being driven further into poverty, and provides opportunities to strengthen their financial situations and become more self-reliant. Similarly, by providing counseling and down-payment assistance, homebuyer programs help those ready to become homeowners do so, without jeopardizing their financial health.

SP-80 Monitoring – 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures that the jurisdiction will use to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and will use to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

The City of Bryan maintains policies and procedures for all CDBG and HOME funded program activities. Additionally, Bryan actively encourages Historically Under-utilized Businesses (HUBs) to participate in bid submittals for grant funded projects and actively seeks out minority businesses by affirmatively soliciting HUBs. The City Monitoring Plan consists of three reviews:

Internal Review of City Programs:

Record keeping and forms used for program implementation constitute legal instruments. The City Attorney, prior to their use, approves contracts. All other forms necessary for program use are developed and approved by CD staff. Staff is responsible for maintaining accurate and complete files as required by HUD on each program participant. In addition, staff conducts reviews to determine compliance with program requirements. Annual monitoring ensures long term compliance, including but not limited to, ensuring clients have hazard insurance and verifying that homes are owner occupied. Housing assistance activities are monitored for compliance with the Fair Housing and Equal Opportunities (FHEO) laws. Bryan consistently updates strategies to monitor efforts to affirmatively further Fair Housing. Bryan will seek technical assistance from FHEO staff in the strategy development to use in monitoring sub-recipients. On-site inspections are done at the beginning of each housing project to ensure code compliance.

Bryan shall meet all requirements set forth by OMB and documentation shall conform to HUD 24 CFR parts 84 and 85 as described in 24 CFR Section 570.502, the City accounting practices and applicable Federal Office of Management and Budget Circular 2 Part 200. An independent audit is conducted annually to ensure that grant funds are used in accordance with program requirements. The City monitors internal benchmarks for goals on a quarterly basis. Additional financial reconciliation is done monthly.

Sub-recipient Monitoring:

Monitoring provides a basis for assessing a program and identifying concerns. A secondary goal is to obtain data assess achievement. Evaluations summarize monitoring findings and program goals, and measure progress towards goals during program efforts. All sub-recipients are monitored at least once quarterly on-site (when feasible unless precluded by social distancing during pandemics) and quarterly in-house, with a final onsite (after year-end), to ensure compliance before contract close-out. Bryan has responsibility for overall CDBG performance and Consolidated Plan compliance, including sub-recipient performance. Clear record keeping of sub-recipients is essential to grant accountability. Responsibility for maintaining many of the records is assigned to the sub-recipient, including documenting activities with special requirements. Bryan serves as the grantee and contracts with sub-recipient organizations to provide services to low-income citizens. The contract details the services provided and a concise

statement of conditions, requirements, and performance criteria. The City Attorney, prior to execution, shall approve the contract.

Expected Resources

AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction

The City of Bryan anticipates receiving Community Development Block Grant (CDBG - \$919,611) and HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME - \$347,844.46) grant funding from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) on an annual basis through the duration of the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan period. Annual allocations are based on a HUD-established formula. These resources, along with those from other public, private, and nonprofit partners, establish a multi-faceted approach to addressing the goals and objectives identified in this Strategic Plan.

The CDBG program provides communities with resources to address a wide range of unique community development needs by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities for low- and moderate-income persons. Activities may include affordable housing services, homeownership assistance, acquisition, public facility/infrastructure improvements, clearance and demolition, public services, economic development assistance, and other grant eligible activities.

The HOME program is dedicated solely to development of affordable housing opportunities for low-income households. The City of Bryan anticipates partnering with local non-profit and for-profit entities, to promote affordable housing for low-income persons locally. At least 15% of the grant must be set-aside to fund housing to be owned, developed, or sponsored by experienced, community-driven nonprofit groups designated as Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs), unless the City chooses to utilize applicable waivers lifting this requirement for the

2025-26 program year.

Anticipated Resources

| Program | Source of Funds | Uses of Funds | Expected Amount Available Year 1 | | | | Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$ | Narrative Description |
|---------|------------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------|---|---|
| | | | Annual Allocation: \$ | Program Income: \$ | Prior Year Resources: \$ | Total: \$ | | |
| CDBG | public - federal | Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services | 919,611.00 | 40,000.00 | 0.00 | 959,611.00 | 3,838,444.00 | Expected amount for rest of Con Plan is Year 1 x 4. |

| Program | Source of Funds | Uses of Funds | Expected Amount Available Year 1 | | | | Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$ | Narrative Description |
|---------|------------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------|---|---|
| | | | Annual Allocation: \$ | Program Income: \$ | Prior Year Resources: \$ | Total: \$ | | |
| HOME | public - federal | Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA | 347,844.46 | 70,000.00 | 0.00 | 417,844.46 | 1,671,377.84 | Expected amount for rest of Con Plan is Year 1 x 4. |

Table 54 - Expected Resources – Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

Federal grant funds will be used to leverage additional resources through various means, including property donations from the City or other entities, contributions from nonprofit organizations such as Habitat for Humanity, and other nonprofit developers involved in the rehabilitation or construction of affordable housing. Leveraging also includes support through sweat equity, private fundraising, and in-kind resources.

The City’s down payment assistance program leverages resources from local financial institutions that provide permanent mortgage financing to homebuyers. Public service agencies receiving CDBG funding also contribute private and nonprofit dollars toward service delivery, further enhancing the impact of federal investments.

Although the City has historically received a waiver for the HOME Program match requirement, no waiver has been granted yet for the current period. However, the City anticipates receiving one based on past precedent. Regardless, the City continues to monitor match requirements closely and maintains funds set aside to fulfill the match obligation, equivalent to 12.5 cents for every HOME dollar expended.

Additionally, the City contributes general funds toward improvements in parks, public facilities, and infrastructure in low- and moderate-income neighborhoods. These efforts are coordinated with the Community Development Department when appropriate, further leveraging CDBG resources to maximize community benefit.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

The City does not currently have available publicly owned property for use of affordable housing, but the City does periodically have property donated that stipulates the property be used for affordable housing.

Discussion

The City will receive \$919,611 of CDBG (plus anticipated program income of \$40,000) and \$347,844.46 of HOME (plus anticipated program income of \$70,000). The City continues existing partnerships and seeks new ones to create additional momentum in reaching goals. Partnerships include non-profit and for-profit developers, the Home Builders Association, local housing committees, public service agencies, and the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless.

Annual Goals and Objectives

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives

Goals Summary Information

| Sort Order | Goal Name | Start Year | End Year | Category | Geographic Area | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|------------|---|------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | Preserve and expand affordable housing units. | 2025 | 2029 | Affordable Housing | City Wide | Affordable Housing | CDBG: \$492,748.00 HOME: \$258,883.34 | Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated: 32 Household Housing Unit |
| 2 | Affordable homeownership options | 2025 | 2029 | Affordable Housing | City Wide | Affordable Housing | HOME: \$72,000.00 | Direct Financial Assistance to Homebuyers: 3 Households Assisted |
| 3 | Production of affordable units | 2025 | 2029 | Affordable Housing | City Wide | Affordable Housing | HOME: \$52,176.67 | Rental units constructed: 1 Household Housing Unit |
| 4 | Expand and enhance public service programs | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Public Services | CDBG: \$137,941.00 | Public service activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit: 0 Persons Assisted |
| 5 | Support small/microenterprise businesses | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Economic Development | CDBG: \$75,000.00 | Businesses assisted: 3 Businesses Assisted |
| 6 | Remove substandard and unsafe structures | 2025 | 2029 | Non-Housing Community Development | City Wide | Clearance & Demolition | CDBG: \$70,000.00 | Buildings Demolished: 3 Buildings |

| Sort Order | Goal Name | Start Year | End Year | Category | Geographic Area | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|------------|--|------------|----------|--|-----------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| 7 | Program Administration, Grant Compliance | 2025 | 2029 | Program Administration, Grant Compliance | City Wide | Program Administration | CDBG: \$183,922.00 HOME: \$34,784.45 | Other: 0 Other |

Table 55 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| 1 | Goal Name | Preserve and expand affordable housing units. |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical and/or financial support to low- and moderate-income homeowners to rehabilitate their property to standard condition and provide maintenance education to low- and moderate-income homeowners. |
| 2 | Goal Name | Affordable homeownership options |
| | Goal Description | Provide home buyer’s counseling and down payment assistance to eligible persons including extremely low, low, moderate income and special needs populations. |
| 3 | Goal Name | Production of affordable units |
| | Goal Description | Support the production of affordable housing units through partnerships with Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) and other qualified developers. This includes leveraging HOME funds to increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing for low- and moderate-income households. |
| 4 | Goal Name | Expand and enhance public service programs |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical assistance and/or funding for programs through an annual application process, to non-profit agencies providing essential or expanded direct services to low- and moderate-income persons including, but not limited to: transportation, health and dental services, housing and shelter, food support, counseling/case-management, and other health and social services. |

| | | |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| 5 | Goal Name | Support small/microenterprise businesses |
| | Goal Description | Support small businesses, including micro-enterprises and Section 3 businesses, to strengthen local economic activity |
| 6 | Goal Name | Remove substandard and unsafe structures |
| | Goal Description | Provide technical and/or funding assistance for projects and/or programs addressing and eliminating slum and blight influences, to include: dangerous and dilapidated vacant structures, health and safety violations, and other local code violations that cause blighting and/or public health concerns. Only if needed, funding available, and application received. |
| 7 | Goal Name | Program Administration, Grant Compliance |
| | Goal Description | On behalf of the City, provide administration and technical assistance to ensure the continued receipt and proper use of available local, state and/or federal funding to benefit the citizens of Bryan by promoting the U.S. Dept. of HUD's objectives of: decent Housing, suitable living environment, and expand economic opportunities, and ensuring the outcomes of: availability/accessibility; affordability; or sustainability. |

Projects

AP-35 Projects – 91.220(d)

Introduction

During the PY2025-26, the City of Bryan will administer approximately \$1,377,455.46 in federal grant funds and anticipated program income. The \$919,611 CDBG grant funding, coupled with approximately \$40,000 of program income, will be allocated for a variety of local health and human service program activities promoting a suitable living environment, and enhancing availability/accessibility of services.

Those activities include: funding for a student support program for homeless youth or those in foster care; a support program for kinship caregiver; a medical care program for prenatal care and health education; and financial stability program that provides families in crisis with financial assistance and case management.

In addition, some of the CDBG funding allocation and program income will be used to promote decent and affordable housing, including: major rehabilitation/reconstruction; new affordable housing construction; minor repair; and down-payment assistance, volunteer demolition, acquisition, economic development, and staff program delivery. The HOME grant funds, totaling \$347,844.46 plus approximately \$70,000 of projected program income, will also be allocated to several housing assistance activities promoting decent and affordable housing. Those activities include: major rehabilitation/reconstruction; new affordable housing construction; minor repair; and down-payment assistance. CHDOs will participate in the promotion of decent and affordable housing locally.

Projects

| # | Project Name |
|---|---|
| 1 | Rehabilitation of Existing Units: Owner-occupied - CDBG |
| 2 | Rehabilitation of Existing Units: Owner-occupied - HOME |
| 3 | Voluntary Demolition Assistance: Residential - CDBG |
| 4 | Acquisition of Existing Units: Homebuyer Down Payment Assistance - HOME |
| 5 | Production of Affordable Units: Rental Housing – CHDO - HOME |
| 6 | Public Services - CDBG |
| 7 | Economic Development: LMI Businesses/Job Creation and Retention - CDBG |
| 8 | Program Administration: Grant Compliance - CDBG |
| 9 | Program Administration: Grant Compliance - HOME |

Table 56 – Project Information

Describe the reasons for allocation priorities and any obstacles to addressing underserved needs

AP-38 Project Summary
Project Summary Information

| | | |
|----------|--|--|
| 1 | Project Name: | Rehabilitation of Existing Units: Owner-occupied - CDBG |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Preserve & expand affordable housing units |
| | Needs Addressed | Affordable Housing |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$492,748 |
| | Description | Provides CDBG funding to assist low- and moderate-income homeowners with a range of repairs, from minor fixes to major rehabilitation or reconstruction. Eligible activities include roofing, plumbing, electrical, and structural repairs to improve health, safety, and livability. This program aims to preserve affordable housing, prevent displacement, and stabilize neighborhoods. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | 30 low to moderate income households |
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| | Planned Activities | Activities will provide up to 30 households housing assistance in the form of: infrastructure, rehabilitation/replacement, handicap accessibility, minor repair, and staff and other related costs necessary to carry out CDBG program activities for housing activities. |
| 2 | Project Name: | Rehabilitation of Existing Units: Owner-occupied - HOME |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Preserve & expand affordable housing units |
| | Needs Addressed | Affordable Housing |
| | Funding | HOME: \$258,883.34 |

| | | |
|----------|--|---|
| | Description | Provides HOME funding to assist low- and moderate-income homeowners with major rehabilitation or reconstruction. Eligible activities include roofing, plumbing, electrical, and structural repairs to enhance health, safety, and livability. The program aims to preserve affordable housing, prevent displacement, and stabilize neighborhoods. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | 2 major rehab/reconstruction |
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| | Planned Activities | Activities will provide up to 2 households housing assistance in the form of: infrastructure, new development, rehabilitation/replacement, handicap accessibility, minor repair, and staff and other related costs necessary to carry out HOME program activities for housing activities. |
| 3 | Project Name: | Voluntary Demolition Assistance: Residential - CDBG |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Remove substandard and unsafe structures |
| | Needs Addressed | Clearance & Demolition |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$70,000 |
| | Description | Provides CDBG funding to assist property owners with the voluntary demolition of vacant, dilapidated residential structures. This program aims to eliminate slum and blight, improve neighborhood conditions, and create space for potential redevelopment or revitalization efforts. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | For the proposed 3 demolitions, it is estimated that 3 low- to moderate-income households will benefit. |

| | | |
|----------|--|--|
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| | Planned Activities | It is anticipated that up to 3 substandard residential structures will be voluntarily demolished to address unsafe conditions. |
| 4 | Project Name: | Acquisition of Existing Units: Homebuyer Down Payment Assistance - HOME |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Affordable homeownership options |
| | Needs Addressed | Affordable Housing |
| | Funding | HOME: \$72,000 |
| | Description | Provides HOME funding to assist low- and moderate-income homebuyers with down payment and closing cost assistance for purchasing homes in the Bryan area. This program aims to increase homeownership opportunities by helping eligible buyers overcome financial barriers to homeownership. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | It is estimated that 3 low- to moderate-income families will benefit, potentially including individuals, couples, or families. |
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| | Planned Activities | It is anticipated that up to 3 substandard residential structures will be voluntarily demolished to address unsafe conditions. |
| 5 | Project Name: | Production of Affordable Units: Rental Housing – CHDO - HOME |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Production of affordable units |
| | Needs Addressed | Affordable Housing |

| | | |
|----------|--|---|
| | Funding | HOME: \$52,176.67 |
| | Description | Provides HOME funding to Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) for the production of affordable rental housing units. This program supports the development of new rental units for low- and moderate-income households, helping to increase the availability of affordable housing. |
| | Target Date | 09/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | One eligible very-low, low- or moderate -income households and/or special needs client will benefit from this activity. |
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| | Planned Activities | CHDO activities will be provided funding through a request for proposal project not less than every two years. Current CHDO's will be monitored for oversight of programmatic and administrative requirements. Activity addresses production of affordable units, and program delivery. Development of 1 unit is expected. |
| 6 | Project Name: | Public Services - CDBG |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Expand and enhance public service programs |
| | Needs Addressed | Public Services |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$137,941 |
| | Description | Provides CDBG funding to support a variety of public services that benefit low- and moderate-income individuals and families. These services may include health care, education, employment training, youth programs, and other services that enhance the quality of life for residents and vulnerable populations in the city. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | It is estimated that approximately 1,300 unduplicated low- to moderate-income individuals will benefit from the proposed activities carried out by four public service agencies. |

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| | Location Description | Bryan-College Station, TX area |
| | Planned Activities | This activity will serve 1,300 unduplicated low- and moderate-income household. |
| 7 | Project Name: | Economic Development: LMI Businesses/Job Creation and Retention - CDBG |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Support small/microenterprise businesses |
| | Needs Addressed | Economic Development |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$75,000 |
| | Description | Provides CDBG funding to support the growth of low- and moderate-income (LMI) businesses and promote job creation and retention for LMI individuals. This program assists in expanding or stabilizing LMI-owned businesses, fostering economic development, and increasing employment opportunities in the community. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | It is estimated that 3 low- to moderate-income (LMI) businesses will benefit from this activity. |
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| Planned Activities | Economic Development program providing business support to promote job creation and/or retention. Assistance will be provided to stabilize business, thereby allowing them to create or retain available jobs for low- to moderate-income employee due to local economic slow-down, pandemics, or declared disasters. It's expected that 3 LMI businesses will receive direct financial assistance. The program provides for program delivery of staff oversight of the activity. | |
| 8 | Project Name: | Program Administration: Grant Compliance - CDBG |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Program Administration, Grant Compliance |

| | | |
|----------|--|--|
| | Needs Addressed | Program Administration |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$183,922 |
| | Description | Provides CDBG funding for administrative activities necessary to ensure compliance with federal regulations and program requirements. This includes monitoring, reporting, and managing grant activities, as well as overseeing financial management, record-keeping, and compliance with all applicable laws and guidelines. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | Not applicable, see program activity estimates. |
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| | Planned Activities | Administrative activities and expenditures related to the management of CDBG funded projects including, but not limited to, public service activities, housing assistance programs, public facility or infrastructure activities, urgent need actions (declared economic or natural disasters), other special projects, as well as program reporting, plan development, public outreach, and other necessary efforts in support of grant goals and objectives. |
| 9 | Project Name: | Program Administration: Grant Compliance - HOME |
| | Target Area: | City Wide |
| | Goals Supported | Programs Administration, Grant Compliance |
| | Needs Addressed | Program Administration |
| | Funding | HOME: \$34,784.45 |
| | Description | Provides HOME funding for administrative activities necessary to ensure compliance with federal regulations and program requirements. This includes monitoring, reporting, and managing grant activities, as well as overseeing financial management, record-keeping, and compliance with all applicable laws and guidelines. |
| | Target Date | 9/30/2026 |

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| | Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | Not applicable, see program activity estimates. |
| | Location Description | Bryan, TX |
| | Planned Activities | Administrative activities and expenditures related to the management of HOME-funded projects, including but not limited to, down payment assistance and housing assistance programs, CHDO oversight, special projects, program reporting, plan development, public outreach, and other essential tasks to support the successful implementation of grant goals and objectives. |

AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.220(f)

Description of the geographic areas of the entitlement (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed

CDBG and HOME funds are not allocated based on geographic areas. Funds are distributed throughout the community based on need. Because low-income, elderly, disabled, and special needs homeowners and renters reside throughout the city, housing assistance is available citywide. Homeless persons and those facing potential homelessness also reside throughout the city making the need for shelter and housing a citywide activity. Services provided for the homeless population are located city-wide to provide maximum accessibility.

In an effort to promote livability, public services, public facilities and housing projects are generally located so as to be accessible by various modes of transportation (walking, biking, driving) and are typically on or near public bus routes provided by the local transit authority (the district) as well as Texas A&M University’s off-campus bus service. Major employment assistance providers like Blinn College and the Workforce Commission are located on both, the District’s and Texas A&M University’s off-campus bus routes.

Assistance for special needs populations (elderly people, disabled persons, persons with drug/alcohol addictions, persons with AIDS/HIV) is provided citywide, as these populations exist throughout the city. Public services (such as Phoebe’s Home, the Food Bank, and Elder-Aid) are also not limited geographically. These services are expected to be readily available and accessible to targeted audiences.

Public facilities and infrastructure improvements, such as park or sidewalk improvements, will be considered in areas of the city where 51% or more of the population meets low and moderate-income guidelines or where an organization’s clients are at least 51% low to moderate income as defined by HUD. Bryan’s CDAC committee members and Community Development staff will work to ensure that priority is assigned to livability issues when projects are being considered.

Economic development activities are provided citywide (unless designated a spot slum/blighted location), recognizing that low-income individuals live throughout the city with business location critical to its potential success, and that business vitality and job stability are needed for employment opportunities to be available for local citizens.

Geographic Distribution

| Target Area | Percentage of Funds |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| City Wide | 100 |

Table 57 - Geographic Distribution

Rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically

Allocations for priority needs are not made on a geographical basis. See discussion above.

Discussion

Because housing, employment, and health and human service needs are found throughout the community, allocation of program funds are available citywide. As noted above, low-income, elderly, disabled, and special needs homeowners and renters reside throughout the city, therefore housing assistance is available citywide. Likewise, homeless persons and those facing potential homelessness also reside throughout the city making the need for shelter and housing a citywide activity and services provided for the homeless populations are located city-wide to provide maximum accessibility. Similarly, job opportunities are also needed throughout the community, and therefore program promoting job creation for lower-income persons is available citywide.

Affordable Housing

AP-55 Affordable Housing – 91.220(g)

Introduction

In the 2025-26 Program Year, the City of Bryan will provide rehabilitation/reconstruction assistance to 3 homeowners through the Home Owner Housing Assistance Program and minor repair assistance to another 30 low-income owner-occupied dwellings. The City also anticipates that one of its CHDOs will construct 1 new affordable single-family rental home. Also anticipated is that 3 lower-income, eligible applicants will purchase homes using the City of Bryan's Down-Payment Assistant Program. It is expected that 14 of the 33 homeowners will be elderly and/or disabled.

| One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported | |
|--|----|
| Homeless | 0 |
| Non-Homeless | 23 |
| Special-Needs | 14 |
| Total | 37 |

Table 58 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Requirement

| One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through | |
|--|----|
| Rental Assistance | 0 |
| The Production of New Units | 1 |
| Rehab of Existing Units | 33 |
| Acquisition of Existing Units | 3 |
| Total | 37 |

Table 59 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Type

Discussion

The above noted affordable housing activities are targeted toward low-income home owners, special needs renters, home buyers. While the City does not directly provide housing assistance to homeless populations, City of Bryan Community Development Services Department staff serve on the area CoC organization – Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH), which addresses local homeless issues, apply for federal funds, and coordinates among local public services providers and other non-profit and governmental agencies to ensure that the needs of area homeless populations are identified and addressed.

AP-60 Public Housing – 91.220(h)

Introduction

While no CDBG or HOME funds will be allocated to the local public housing authority, the Bryan Housing Authority (BHA), plans continued improvements to its 300 duplex and townhome style subsidized rental units. A variety of support services are made available to the residents to promote a healthy affordable living environment for all tenants, young and old. The Brazos Valley Community Action Agency will also make 10,000 to 12,000 Housing Choice Vouchers available throughout the Bryan-College Station community and, likewise, provide various support programs for person applying for and utilizing rental assistance vouchers.

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing

It is our goal to continue to provide affordable, safe and decent housing for residents in our area. The City will continue to provide technical assistance to BHA and support their initiatives.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

BHA also continues to provide a variety of services to residents, to include: homeownership training, parenting Skills, dropout prevention, domestic violence and substance abuse prevention, health fairs and healthcare assistance, pregnancy outreach, budgeting, GED and higher education assistance, youth leadership development and computer classes. BHA is also initiated a character-building session during the summer for youth, and fitness program for adults as well as an association of BHA residents.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance

Not applicable.

Discussion

Upon request, the City of Bryan reviews BHA grant applications and provides the required Certification of Consistency for the U.S. Dept. of HUD. The BHA is an important partner in the delivery of affordable housing and related support services. BHA rental units and other program assistance provide the support and encouragement needed by residents wanting to achieve self-sufficiency. With BHA support and assistance from other programs and agencies, BHA tenants have the opportunity to achieve increased self-sufficiency for themselves and their families.

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities – 91.220(i)

Introduction

In support of homeless and special needs activities, the City supports Twin City Mission and Project Unity on applications for ESG and HOPWA funds to meet homeless needs, and is also a member of the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH). BVCH will conduct regular homeless surveys to gather information on needs with which to do regular gaps analysis updates and to complete funds for CoC activities by service agencies meeting needs of the local homeless population.

Describe the jurisdictions one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness including

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

The City will coordinate with BVCH in service delivery to ensure needs are addressed. Agencies will include: Bryan Public Housing Authority, B/CS United Way, The Brazos Valley Community Action Programs, Project Unity, BCS Habitat for Humanity, Bryan Housing Authority, Twin City Mission, Elder-Aid, Emanuel Baptist Church, Family Promise, the Brazos Valley Council of Governments, Mental Health Mental Retardation Authority of Brazos Valley, the Salvation Army, and the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The City will address emergency shelter and transitional housing needs by allocating public service funds to agencies that assist individuals and families at risk of homelessness, aiming to keep them housed and reduce reliance on shelters. For example, the City supports programs like Project Hope, which assists homeless youth and those in foster care. Through partnerships with such agencies, the City seeks to indirectly meet emergency shelter and transitional housing needs.

Additionally, the City will continue participating in the annual Point-in-Time (PIT) Count, support the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH), and engage in coordinated outreach efforts to expand available shelter beds, particularly for individuals experiencing chronic homelessness.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

The City will continue supporting information and referral services, case management, and public service connections for individuals in permanent housing, as well as for sheltered and unsheltered homeless individuals through local providers. In partnership with the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless

(BVCH), the City will work to ensure quality case management services that help individuals secure and maintain housing. To support long-term stability, the City and BVCH will also coordinate with the Workforce Board to address employment and job training needs.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

To increase permanent housing options, the City will support agencies in seeking additional funding to preserve and expand affordable housing opportunities. This includes reviewing Bryan Housing Authority (BHA) applications and providing Certificates of Consistency when requested. The City will also work with local providers to identify and reduce obstacles within assistance delivery systems. In collaboration with the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH), the City will promote housing opportunities for homeless families with children and ensure that quality case management services are in place to help individuals and families avoid homelessness and secure stable housing. Additionally, the City will assist agencies in evaluating temporary housing programs and encourage the continuation of effective practices

Discussion

The City's collaboration with the BVCH member agencies ensures a comprehensive approach to identifying and meeting CoC needs locally. Many of the health and human service providers locally provide assistance directly addressing homelessness, or other services and support addressing the ancillary issues and needs of homeless individuals and families. Collectively, homeless clients have the means to receive shelter and services, and to be counseled as they plan their transition from homelessness to permanent affordable housing and increased self-reliance.

AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.220(j)

Introduction:

The City of Bryan has conducted a thorough review of its policies and procedures to identify any potential barriers to the development, maintenance, or improvement of affordable housing. While development regulations are designed to protect public health, safety, and welfare, the City strives to balance these goals with the need for affordable housing. This analysis found no significant local barriers currently impeding affordable housing in Bryan. However, potential future challenges could arise from factors such as developer fees, impact fees, code requirements, zoning, and other land use regulations.

Barriers to affordable housing often originate from development standards like large minimum lot sizes and restrictive zoning, which can increase costs and limit housing density. These issues are common across many Texas communities and are being actively considered within Bryan's local context. For example, in 2019, the City amended its zoning by converting the Mixed Use-1 (MU-1) Residential district—which allowed manufactured homes by right—into the Residential District 5000 (RD-5), which generally prohibits manufactured homes except for limited state law allowances. This change affected approximately 2,600 properties.

Recognizing the potential impact of this zoning change, the City has taken steps to provide resources and guidance to affected manufactured home owners to help them navigate these new regulations. This proactive approach reflects Bryan's commitment to balancing regulatory requirements with the needs of its residents and maintaining affordable housing opportunities.

Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment

Construction of new housing or renovation of existing units is inexpensive in terms of development and inspection fees, meaning that costs do not inhibit development of affordable units. Development standards facilitate the development of both market and affordable residential units. The city will regularly analyze its development standards to identify potential barriers to the production or maintenance of affordable housing. The city avoids duplication between local jurisdictions and ordinances are enforced solely by the City, eliminating redundant, steps that add to costs. Zoning allows for minimally sized lots to accommodate development of affordable housing.

Building fees are kept as reasonable as possible. Those collected are generally less than those recommended by national advisory boards. In example, model codes recommend a plan review fee AND a permit fee, but the City has chosen NOT to collect plan review fees or building impact fees. The City continues to assess fees and processes to ensure affordable housing is not hindered and allows flexibility in building requirements when appropriate. Bryan uses a single fee based on square footage. Building, plumbing, mechanical, and electrical permit cost are added together for a new home. In Bryan, the valuation is simply \$66 per square foot with one permit cost. Further, permit fees for City-sponsored developments are waived for participating non-profit developers. Outstanding city liens are also waived

for nonprofit developers acquiring property with liens for code enforcement actions. Development expenses are minimal in terms of housing construction and renovation costs. Goals include collaborative efforts with private and public entities so that resources can be leveraged.

Discussion:

The City of Bryan has carefully evaluated its policies and procedures to identify any barriers to affordable housing development, maintenance, or improvement. While the City found no significant local obstacles, it acknowledged that potential future challenges could include developer fees, impact fees, zoning, and land use regulations. Like many Texas communities, Bryan recognizes that restrictive zoning and large minimum lot sizes can limit housing affordability and is actively monitoring such issues. A notable example was the 2019 rezoning of the Mixed Use-1 (MU-1) district to Residential District 5000 (RD-5), which restricted manufactured housing. In response, the City provided support to affected residents to ease the transition.

To reduce barriers, Bryan has implemented cost-conscious development practices, such as maintaining minimal building and permit fees, waiving fees for nonprofit developers, and streamlining inspection processes. The City also ensures zoning accommodates small lot development, avoids duplicative regulations, and continuously reviews standards for affordability impacts. These efforts support the City's broader goal of partnering with public and private entities to leverage resources and maintain housing affordability while meeting community safety and quality standards.

AP-85 Other Actions – 91.220(k)

Introduction:

The City of Bryan has partnered with multiple public and private organizations to enhance the effectiveness of programs and activities that deliver housing and social service assistance. A comprehensive network of planning entities and providers has ensured that needed and attainable goals are established, and that partnering agency capabilities and resources are leveraged in meeting goals. Duplication of services is avoided by the City's lead on certain assessment and planning efforts. Examples include the City's participation in the Joint Relief Funding Review Committee, which serves both the cities of Bryan and College Station. Likewise, the City's participation in the Community Partnership Board – representing approximately 80 agencies, the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless, and United Way, all demonstrate the high level of coordination within the local housing and social service community.

Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs

To address obstacles to meeting underserved needs, the City of Bryan will continue collaborating with local agencies, nonprofits, and community partners to expand access to critical services and housing resources. Efforts include allocating grant funding to public service agencies that support low-income, homeless, and special needs populations, providing technical assistance to strengthen local service delivery, and supporting programs that enhance self-sufficiency through case management, job training, and education. The City will also identify service gaps through ongoing consultation and adjust funding priorities to better serve underserved populations.

Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing

To foster and maintain affordable housing, the City of Bryan will continue to implement strategies that promote long-term housing stability for low- and moderate-income residents. This includes providing financial assistance for homebuyers through down payment support and offering opportunities for homebuyer education to prepare residents for successful homeownership. The City will also invest in the rehabilitation of existing homes to preserve the aging housing stock and ensure safe, decent living conditions for current homeowners.

Additionally, Bryan will collaborate with nonprofit and for-profit developers to increase the availability of affordable housing units, offering technical assistance and leveraging local, state, and federal resources. The City will regularly review its development policies and procedures to identify and eliminate barriers that may hinder affordable housing production, such as restrictive zoning or excessive fees. Through these coordinated efforts, the City aims to create a balanced housing environment that supports both preservation and new development to meet the evolving needs of its community.

Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards

The City's policies, such as mandatory LBP counseling, testing, and remediation for pre-1978 properties, are designed to reduce these risks, especially for low- and moderate-income households. By integrating

lead hazard evaluation into all housing program activities and promoting new, lead-safe housing development, Bryan is reducing the likelihood of future lead exposure. Ongoing staff training, coordination with public service agencies, and public education further reinforce these efforts.

Overall, these strategies reflect a comprehensive and preventive approach that aligns with local data and public health recommendations, targeting the root causes of lead exposure and protecting the most vulnerable populations, particularly children, from long-term harm.

Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families

The City of Bryan continues to implement the antipoverty strategy established in the previous Consolidated Plan, with ongoing efforts to reduce poverty and promote economic stability for low-income residents. Key components of this strategy include:

- Increasing the availability of safe, decent, and affordable housing for low-income households.
- Supporting public service programs that improve quality of life and promote self-sufficiency.
- Ensuring access to shelter and supportive services to prevent and end homelessness, helping individuals maintain stable housing.
- Encouraging job creation through technical assistance to businesses, particularly those offering living wage employment to low-income individuals.
- Investing in programs that support the development and long-term success of children, helping break the cycle of poverty.

In alignment with HUD's objectives—providing decent housing, creating a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities—the 2025–2029 Consolidated Plan addresses a range of housing, homelessness, and non-housing community development needs. Each funded activity is designed to achieve one or more outcomes: accessibility, affordability, or sustainability.

The Needs Assessment conducted for this Plan highlights the ongoing challenges faced by Bryan's low-income and vulnerable populations. In response, the City will continue to collaborate with partners to prevent homelessness, increase access to affordable housing, and support programs that empower residents through employment and education opportunities.

Actions planned to develop institutional structure

The City will continue its partnerships, developed over years, to enhance the identification of needs and delivery of services. The City's Community Development Services Department partners with multiple organizations in assessing and meeting local needs. The local institutional delivery system is well coordinated to address homeless, housing, non-housing and special needs. The private and public organizations listed in section SP-40 coordinate with the City, and other entities, in the identification, needs assessments and delivery of program assistance. The City also is member of the Community Partnership Board, a coalition of approximately 80 agencies service the health and human services needs of Bryan-College Station. Collectively, the local institutional delivery system is well coordinated and very effective in addressing local needs, providing information and referral services, and minimizing

duplication of services.

Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies

The City of Bryan Community Development Department actively collaborates with a wide network of public and assisted housing providers, as well as health and human service providers in the planning and implementation of its CP plan process. In this planning cycle, the City consulted local, regional, and state entities involved in housing and supportive services (see: Summary of Citizen Participation Process and Consultation Process). Public outreach efforts included online surveys to gather input on needs and priorities for future HUD funded activities.

The Community Development Department also participates in multiple collaborative networks and coalitions that aim to improve service delivery and reduce duplication, including the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless, where staff serve as active members. The Department also maintains coordination with the local public housing authority through regular reviews of budgets, construction efforts, and certification of consistency aligned with the City's annual and 5-year goals.

Also, the Bryan City Council delegates to the Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC), the responsibility to review, advise, and recommend funding allocations and program details to Council and staff. The CDAC is an advisory committee comprised of seven council appointees that hold regular public meetings and required public hearings for federally funded activities. The City of Bryan also partners with the City of College Station to identify shared community needs and enhance regional efforts to improve quality of life.

Finally, city staff remain available to provide technical assistance and support to affordable housing initiatives, when appropriate, including CHDO development projects, Habitat for Humanity programs. Reinforcing the City's commitment to coordinated housing and service strategies.

Discussion:

Meeting obstacles, foster and maintaining affordable housing, reducing lead-based paint hazards, developing institutional structure, and enhancing coordination between local public and private housing and social service agencies are all advanced by the City's comprehensive network of partnering agencies. Agency resources are leveraged and duplication of services is avoided through a high level of coordination within the local housing and social service community. By these partnerships, 2025-29 Consolidated Plan priorities and 2025 Action Plan goals will be achieved.

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.220(1)(1,2,4)

Introduction:

The following information provides details regarding the CDBG and HOME grant requirements. Information related to program income, percentage of LMI persons assisted, other investments, and information related to resale and recapture provisions of the city's housing programs. Any recent revisions, new programs, and other updates regarding clients, properties, and/or program guidelines have been reviewed and determined consistent with CDBG and HOME regulations and approved by City Council. Full program requirements are found and maintained in the City's Community Development Department's Policies and Procedures Manual, kept in the CD office location.

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG)

Reference 24 CFR 91.220(1)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

| | |
|--|----------|
| 1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of the next program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed | 0 |
| 2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's strategic plan. | 0 |
| 3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements | 0 |
| 4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use has not been included in a prior statement or plan | 0 |
| 5. The amount of income from float-funded activities | 0 |
| Total Program Income: | 0 |

Other CDBG Requirements

| | |
|---|--------|
| 1. The amount of urgent need activities | 0 |
| <TYPE=[text] REPORT_GUID=[A698417B4C924AE0218B42865313DACF] DELETE_TABLE_IF_EMPTY=[YES]> | |
| 2. The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, two or three years may be used to determine that a minimum overall benefit of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan. | 95.00% |

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME)

Reference 24 CFR 91.220(1)(2)

1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as

follows:

It is anticipated that approximately \$200,000 in other, non-HOME funds will be leveraged during the program year. A listing of other potential funding match or leveraging sources include:

Down Payment Assistance - down payment, closing cost and /or principal buy-down assistance using municipal funds in an effort to assist low income homebuyers.

Property Donations – potential donation of City-owned property to facilitate affordable housing projects. Value not yet established.

Non-profit Resources - volunteer help (sweat equity), and other documented non-profit contributions will be leveraged to accommodate affordable housing options. Value not yet established.

General Fund Match - other eligible construction costs, program delivery expenses, and administrative costs made available for advancement of HOME grant goals and objectives.

2. A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:

Corresponding with HOME funded Homebuyers Assistance of up to \$24,999 or less per purchase/client, the City will require a deferred loan with a 5-year owner-occupancy requirement and secured by a note and recorded deed of trust. Recapture of the amount of assistance provided with HOME funds will be required upon resale, failure to maintain as homestead, or transfer of ownership during the affordability period; to the extent proceeds are available from any sale. The HOME investment subject to recapture is based on the amount of HOME assistance that enabled the homebuyer to buy the dwelling unit. This is also the amount upon which the affordability period is based. This includes any HOME assistance that reduced the purchase price from fair market value to an affordable price, but excludes the difference between the total actual cost plus the market cost of producing the unit and the market value of the property (i.e., the development subsidy). The recaptured funds must be used to carry out HOME eligible activities.

3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:

Where acquisition is used in support of program efforts to develop new affordable housing for future homebuyers, the resale/recapture and affordability guidelines listed above will govern. For non-down-payment activities where acquisition is involved, resale provisions restricting rents to affordable levels and occupancy to eligible households will be required through a recorded Land Use Restriction Agreement (LURA). Likewise, HOME Program required resale/recapture requirements for new developments will have a term of twenty years, and rehabilitated rental developments will have a term of five to fifteen years based upon the amount of the HOME subsidy in the development – all enforced by a recorded LURA.

Additionally, the City acknowledges the most recent HOME Final Rule and has current policies and

procedures in place to address any new requirements.

4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:

The City does not plan to use HOME funds to refinance existing debt on multi-family housing.

5. If applicable to a planned HOME TBRA activity, a description of the preference for persons with special needs or disabilities. (See 24 CFR 92.209(c)(2)(i) and CFR 91.220(1)(2)(vii)). <TYPE=[text] REPORT_GUID=[A0BBB986408D8C25582AC4BE59FA99C5]>

The City does not plan to use Program Year 2025 HOME funds for TBRA activities.

6. If applicable to a planned HOME TBRA activity, a description of how the preference for a specific category of individuals with disabilities (e.g. persons with HIV/AIDS or chronic mental illness) will narrow the gap in benefits and the preference is needed to narrow the gap in benefits and services received by such persons. (See 24 CFR 92.209(c)(2)(ii) and 91.220(1)(2)(vii)).

The City does not plan to use Program Year 2025 HOME funds for TBRA activities.

7. If applicable, a description of any preference or limitation for rental housing projects. (See 24 CFR 92.253(d)(3) and CFR 91.220(1)(2)(vii)). Note: Preferences cannot be administered in a manner that limits the opportunities of persons on any basis prohibited by the laws listed under 24 CFR 5.105(a).

The City will continue supporting its local CHDO, Elder-Aid, through the ongoing HOME CHDO program. Using prior-year HOME funds, Elder-Aid will develop affordable single-family rental cottages for low- and moderate-income elderly residents in Bryan, in alignment with its mission to serve the senior population.

The City of Bryan has adopted housing program guidelines to support the development and maintenance of safe, accessible, and affordable housing for its lower income residents. While incorporating provisions to guide the acquisition, construction, and/or rehabilitation of affordable housing, the guidelines ensure that CDBG and HOME requirements are met and satisfied. The City's goal is to ensure that local and federal funds are used as efficiently and effectively as possible, and that recaptured and/or leveraged resources are reinvested to further promote affordable housing locally.

Appendix - Alternate/Local Data Sources

| | |
|----------|---|
| 1 | Data Source Name Housing Condition Survey and Analysis |
| | List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set. City of Bryan Community Development Services Department in partnership with the Brazos County Appraisal District. |
| | Provide a brief summary of the data set. Brazos County Appraisal District (BCAD) data sets sorted to determine number and locations of substandard residential units. Sorting was accomplished using a variety of available property characteristics from BCAD data, to include: quality of construction, year built, depreciation factors and maintenance or upgrade adjustments. |
| | What was the purpose for developing this data set? To determine number and locations of substandard residential units so as to more accurately identify needs and create strategies for the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan. |
| | Provide the year (and optionally month, or month and day) for when the data was collected. September 2024 |
| | Briefly describe the methodology for the data collection. Brazos County Appraisal District (BCAD) data sets were sorted using applicable property characteristics (e.g. quality of construction, year built, depreciation factors and maintenance or upgrade adjustments). A determination was made as to the categories and values assigned to properties and, based on those results, which properties were likely substandard. Results were then calculated and tested to ensure accuracy. |
| | Describe the total population from which the sample was taken. Single family residential and residential rental properties within the Bryan city limits. |
| | Describe the demographics of the respondents or characteristics of the unit of measure, and the number of respondents or units surveyed. Approximately 25,000 single family and multi-family residential units located within the Bryan city limits. |
| 2 | Data Source Name Community Needs Assessment (Citizen Questionnaire) |
| | List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set. The survey was made available to the public in public meetings and online by the City of Bryan Community Development Department (CD) staff. |

| | |
|---|---|
| | <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>Bryan CD staff conducted a needs assessment survey of residents to help identify needs and to set priorities for the use of CDBG and HOME funds. The survey asked questions regarding housing needs, health and human services, fair-housing and discrimination issues, special needs, infrastructure and public facility needs, and economic development needs.</p> <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>Development of the data provides the CD staff, Community Development Advisory Committee, and Bryan City Council public input to complement other available data in the development of the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Consolidated Action Plan.</p> <p>Provide the year (and optionally month, or month and day) for when the data was collected.</p> <p>Data was collected during February and March of 2025.</p> <p>Briefly describe the methodology for the data collection.</p> <p>The Community Needs Assessment (Citizen Questionnaire) available in public meetings and also available online on the City of Bryan’s website. Various types of notices and announcement methods were employed to raise public awareness of the survey (public service announcements, radio and television advertisements, etc.)</p> <p>Describe the total population from which the sample was taken.</p> <p>All Bryan citizens were encouraged to participate in the survey.</p> <p>Describe the demographics of the respondents or characteristics of the unit of measure, and the number of respondents or units surveyed.</p> <p>The Community Needs Assessment Survey received approximately 160 responses. Demographics were not collected on the questionnaire.</p> |
| 3 | <p>Data Source Name</p> <p>Service Provider Survey</p> <p>List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.</p> <p>The survey was made available to local public and private service assistance providers in an online survey and through one on one consultations.</p> <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>Bryan staff conducted a priority needs assessment survey of local service providers to help identify needs of agency clients and to set priorities for the use of CDBG and HOME funds. The survey asked questions regarding agency needs as well as personal, health, and family needs in our community.</p> <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>Development of the data provides the CD staff, Community Development Advisory Committee, and Bryan City Council public input to complement other available data in the development of the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Consolidated Action Plan.</p> |

| | |
|----------|---|
| | <p>Provide the year (and optionally month, or month and day) for when the data was collected.</p> <p>Data was collected in March and April 2025.</p> |
| | <p>Briefly describe the methodology for the data collection.</p> <p>The Service Provider Survey was collected through online surveys and one on one consultations.</p> |
| | <p>Describe the total population from which the sample was taken.</p> <p>Approximately 20 local public service assistance providers representatives.</p> |
| | <p>Describe the demographics of the respondents or characteristics of the unit of measure, and the number of respondents or units surveyed.</p> <p>The Service Provider Survey had approximately 20 agency representatives fill out the online survey or attend a one on one consultation. Demographics were not collected on the attendees.</p> |
| 4 | <p>Data Source Name</p> <p>Medical Needs Focus Group</p> |
| | <p>List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.</p> <p>This workshop was made available to medical providers in the Bryan-College Station area. Was hosted jointly by the City of Bryan Community Development Department and College Station Community Development staff.</p> |
| | <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>Bryan and College Station CD staff conducted the Medical Needs Focus Group to help identify and prioritize needs and to set priorities for the use of CDBG and HOME funds. This focus group helped us get a better understanding of medical needs in our area.</p> |
| | <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>Development of the data provides the CD staff, Community Development Advisory Committee, and Bryan City Council public input to complement other available data in the development of the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Annual Action Plan.</p> |
| | <p>Provide the year (and optionally month, or month and day) for when the data was collected.</p> <p>Data was collected during February 27, 2025.</p> |
| | <p>Briefly describe the methodology for the data collection.</p> <p>Was a focus group at the City of College Station City Hall.</p> |
| | <p>Describe the total population from which the sample was taken.</p> <p>All public service agency providers were encouraged to participate in the survey.</p> |
| | <p>Describe the demographics of the respondents or characteristics of the unit of measure, and the number of respondents or units surveyed.</p> <p>There were about 15 medical providers in attendance. Demographics were not collected on the survey.</p> |
| 5 | <p>Data Source Name</p> <p>2025 Point-In-Time Homeless Count Data</p> |

| | |
|----------|--|
| | <p>List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.</p> <p>Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH)</p> |
| | <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>2025 Point-in-Time data provides a snap-shot of persons in the community experiencing homelessness and defines and surveys both sheltered and unsheltered homeless families and individuals in the region. It was collected on January 23, 2025, by members of the Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless.</p> |
| | <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>HUD requires all Continuums of Care to collect data each year on homelessness at a single point-in-time during the last week of January. This information is used by the local homeless providers and other partnering service agencies for development of short- and long-term strategies to alleviate homelessness and meet currently homeless health and human service needs.</p> |
| | <p>How comprehensive is the coverage of this administrative data? Is data collection concentrated in one geographic area or among a certain population?</p> <p>Information was collected throughout the service area of the BVCH, which includes a seven county region (Brazos, Burleson, Grimes, Robertson, Madison, Leon, and Milam counties).</p> |
| | <p>What time period (provide the year, and optionally month, or month and day) is covered by this data set?</p> <p>The data represents a point-in-time count, conducted on January 23, 2025.</p> |
| | <p>What is the status of the data set (complete, in progress, or planned)?</p> <p>Complete.</p> |
| 6 | <p>Data Source Name</p> <p>2025 Brazos Valley CoC Inventory List</p> |
| | <p>List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.</p> <p>Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless (BVCH).</p> |
| | <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>This inventory list of homeless facilities is categorized by emergency, transitional, and permanent housing beds.</p> |
| | <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>The goal was to provide an up-to-date and accurate assessment of housing resources available to area homeless populations.</p> |
| | <p>How comprehensive is the coverage of this administrative data? Is data collection concentrated in one geographic area or among a certain population?</p> <p>The data is comprehensive, and based on eCon Suite guidelines and parameters.</p> |
| | <p>What time period (provide the year, and optionally month, or month and day) is covered by this data set?</p> <p>This is updated information for 2025.</p> |

| | |
|---|--|
| | <p>What is the status of the data set (complete, in progress, or planned)?</p> <p>Complete.</p> |
| 7 | <p>Data Source Name</p> <p>The Real Estate Center Housing Affordability Index</p> |
| | <p>List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.</p> <p>The Real Estate Center at Texas A&M.</p> |
| | <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>An analysis of the ratio of median family income to the income required to qualify for a fixed-rate mortgage loan at an 80% loan to value to purchase the median-priced home; the higher the affordability index, the more affordable the Multiple Listing Service (MLS) Area.</p> |
| | <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>To analyze the affordability of local housing, based on local housing cost and the area median incomes. The purpose was to identify the needs of low- and moderate-income households so as to better determine the programmatic needs of clients and to allow the City's CDBG and HOME program staff and other local non-profit and for-profit housing partners in meeting affordable housing needs locally.</p> |
| | <p>Provide the year (and optionally month, or month and day) for when the data was collected.</p> <p>2020-2024.</p> |
| | <p>Briefly describe the methodology for the data collection.</p> <p>The data was collected by the Real Estate Research Center through data collected through multiple sources, to include: Census data, federal and state labor agencies, municipalities, lenders, realtors, associations, and appraisal districts.</p> |
| | <p>Describe the total population from which the sample was taken.</p> <p>The data includes data on the population of Bryan, College Station, Brazos County, and Texas.</p> |
| | <p>Describe the demographics of the respondents or characteristics of the unit of measure, and the number of respondents or units surveyed.</p> <p>The demographics, units of measure, numbers of respondents, or data received were not available to the City of Bryan.</p> |
| 8 | <p>Data Source Name</p> <p>Housing Authority of the City of Bryan</p> |
| | <p>List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.</p> <p>Bryan Housing Authority (BHA).</p> |
| | <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>Updates to the default populated data for the BHA public housing unit inventory.</p> |
| | <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>To ensure an accurate accounting of the current public housing units and residents.</p> |

| | |
|---|---|
| | <p>How comprehensive is the coverage of this administrative data? Is data collection concentrated in one geographic area or among a certain population?</p> <p>The updated public housing unit and resident data was requested and received directly from the BHA and accounts for all of their properties in the City of Bryan at five separate locations.</p> |
| | <p>What time period (provide the year, and optionally month, or month and day) is covered by this data set?</p> <p>Program year 2014-25.</p> |
| | <p>What is the status of the data set (complete, in progress, or planned)?</p> <p>Complete</p> |
| 9 | <p>Data Source Name</p> <p>2025 CoC Housing Inventory Count</p> |
| | <p>List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.</p> <p>Twin City Mission</p> |
| | <p>Provide a brief summary of the data set.</p> <p>The Housing Inventory Count (HIC) is a point-in-time inventory of provider programs within a CoC that provide beds and units dedicated to serve people experiencing homelessness (and, for permanent housing projects, where homeless at entry, per the HUD homeless definition), categorized by five Program Types: Emergency Shelter; Transitional Housing; Rapid Re-housing; Safe Haven; and Permanent Supportive Housing.</p> |
| | <p>What was the purpose for developing this data set?</p> <p>To provide a comprehensive understanding of the needs of the homeless population and an inventory of housing resources available for those experiencing homelessness.</p> |
| | <p>How comprehensive is the coverage of this administrative data? Is data collection concentrated in one geographic area or among a certain population?</p> <p>Concentrated to the Brazos Valley Texas regional area.</p> |
| | <p>What time period (provide the year, and optionally month, or month and day) is covered by this data set?</p> <p>2025</p> |
| | <p>What is the status of the data set (complete, in progress, or planned)?</p> <p>Complete</p> |

Attachments

CITIZEN PARTICIPATION COMMENTS

Public participation related to the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan: Comments received by: public meetings, public hearings, emails, online surveys, and various other media/marketing outreach.

On March 6, 2025 and June 5, 2025, the City's Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC) provided public forums for discussion and public hearings on the City's 2025-29 Consolidated Plan (CP) and 2025 Annual Action Plan (AAP). Hearings were announced on the City of Bryan's Community Development Department homepage, the City's LinkedIn and Facebook pages, on local television and radio, in the local newspaper, and various other venues like United Way of the Brazos Valley.

Staff presentations during the public hearings included overviews of CDBG and HOME eligible programs specific to the city's grant programs, and the 2025-29 CP development as well as Fair Housing.

Comments and survey results were considered as part of the planning processes for the above-mentioned plans. On July 8, 2025 the Bryan City Council held a public meeting where the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan was approved and adopted.

Citizen & stakeholder comments received on 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Annual Action Plan follow:

Comments received in response to March 6, 2025 Public Hearing:

The first public hearing for citizens was on March 6th, 2025. No comments were received during this public hearing.

Comments received in response to June 5, 2025 Public Hearing:

The Executive Director of The Prenatal Clinic thanked the City for its continued support and acknowledged the significant impact of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding. She noted that the clinic, along with other local nonprofit organizations, rely on these funds, especially during times of financial uncertainty. She emphasized that the grant and the services it supports are essential in meeting the needs of their clients and in serving low- and moderate-income residents throughout the community

A citizen provided comments regarding the need for additional public housing, specifically targeting low-income seniors. The commenter expressed concern about the lack of affordable senior housing compared to the abundance of student housing in the area. They highlighted the positive work being done by Habitat for Humanity and suggested that the city explore further partnership opportunities with the organization. The citizen also recommended that local businesses receive support through the proposed economic development grant and concluded by thanking the city and the department for their work in the community.

CONSOLIDATED PLAN PUBLIC MEETING COMMENTS

Comments received in response to February 18, 2025 Public Meeting:

Fourteen citizens attended and responded to the City of Bryan 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan public meetings on February 18th. Participants expressed the most interest in creating emergency homeless shelters

for affordable housing, and the redevelopment of various zones in Bryan. Of the options listed and those ranked in order of importance for affordable housing as “most needed”, the responses were, in order: emergency homeless, transitional & supportive housing, and housing with services for people with mental illnesses.

Of the options listed, those ranked in order of “most pressing” for economic development needs were, in order: skills training & development programs, small business support, and job creation & employment opportunities. Participants noted that accessible public transportation, affordable housing development, and senior social services/ community center with programs should receive more funding to better support low to moderate income residents.

The Traditional Housing Contact for Sweet Oak Collaborative commented its commitment for creative solutions for an emergency shelter. They indicated that two urgent necessities were shelters with family rooms and abuse shelters for victims of domestic violence and sexual assault.

Housing and Shelters:

- Participants commented with 50% of the responses that there is too many apartments/rental housing and not enough emergency shelters and transitional housing.
- Participants commented with 50% of the responses stated that funds should be allocated for housing for homeless and community centers.
- Participants stated that housing is not available to all citizens regardless of age and disability status
- Participants stated that there is too much Apartments/Rental housing and not enough emergency Shelters and transitional housing.
- A commenter said there is a clear need for a 24/7 emergency shelter for mentally ill and drug users.
- A commenter said there is a need for a community center and senior living center for Bryan, and that towns in five neighboring counties have one.

Transportation and Road Development

- Three commenters supported the suggestion that Brazos transit be available to city public meetings. They also suggested a method of transportation being community uber/lyft “subsidized rides to shelters.
- One participant stated that they experienced difficulties with Leonard Road and sidewalks that “just end” and with occupied homes that need repair.
- Participants commented on the Texas Avenue Road Development Zone and stated that they add a multi-family residential backing, and zoning in other roads and mixed-use zones. Local non-profit organizations stated interest to manage this project.

Affordability

- A commenter suggested there should be a Brazos County Appraisal District (BCAD) designation for affordable housing
- A commenter said there should be an incentive for affordable housing and redevelopment

Comments received in response to February 20, 2025 Public Meeting:

Fifteen citizens attended and responded to the City of Bryan 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan public meetings on February 20th. Of comments and options listed, the largest issues citizens had for community development needs were, in order: job creation and skills training, economic development needs, and affordable housing. Participants noted that they had issues with sidewalks, drainage, curb and gutters.

Participants commented that there was not enough senior and affordable housing, stating that there is a need for more low-income housing as rent is too high for long term housing residents. They stated that there should be more housing to support non TAMU families with limits.

Four citizens commented regarding economic development needs, specifically on job creation and skills training and small business support.

COMMENTS RECEIVED IN RESPONSE TO VARIOUS SURVEYS

Two surveys were conducted to for stakeholders for the city: The Bryan Community 2025 Needs Assessment and Service Providers Survey.

Comments and survey results from over twenty one-on-one consultations were conducted with stakeholders consisting of administrative offices and local organizations of the Bryan and College Station area. Comments from nine agencies were also gathered through a conducted survey for the city's community service providers.

Results below relate to comments from one-on-one consultations and service providers. Following are comments from the 2025 Community Needs Assessment Survey from residents of Bryan.

Summary of Results

Comments from all stakeholders and services showed the most pressing needs for the City of Bryan's Community Development Department were: **affordable housing, transportation, job training, language barriers, mental health facilities, food security, and health.**

Nine of ten total responses from the Service Providers Survey, 77.8% of responses stated that the most significant gaps their clients faced were housing. With the topics that followed were employment, equal importance for transportation, healthcare, and food security.

Question 11: What are the most significant gaps in services that your clients face? (Check all that apply). (Answered: 9)



Affordable Housing

100% of respondents from service providers stated that safe and affordable housing was the most needed from community development, with 75% stating emergency shelters as the second highest need.

All stakeholders provided comments on the need for more affordable housing options for their clients. Stakeholders each expressed the need for affordable housing for all populations of residents

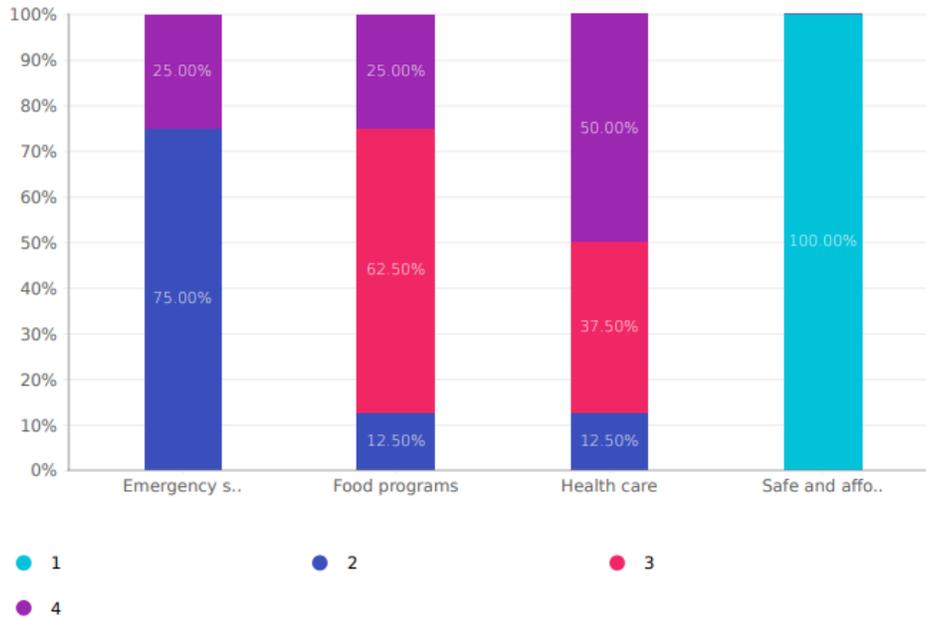
The City of Bryan Habitat for Humanity provided comments on their additional needs for affordable housing in the area. Habitat commented that building affordable housing is “harder for those within the income ranges of 30-80% to own a home”, and that construction costs and insurance requirements can cost. Habitat for Humanity has discussed along with part of the Homeownership Coalition for the need of housing that starts above 80% AMI.

Habitat for humanity also commented its support for the city’s Down Payment Assistance Program for Habitat families, commenting that it “helps the most for those in the lower income level and would ask for an increase in the amount of funding provided towards DPA”. Additional needs Habitat for Humanity commented on were the need for food security, transportation, and housing assistance.

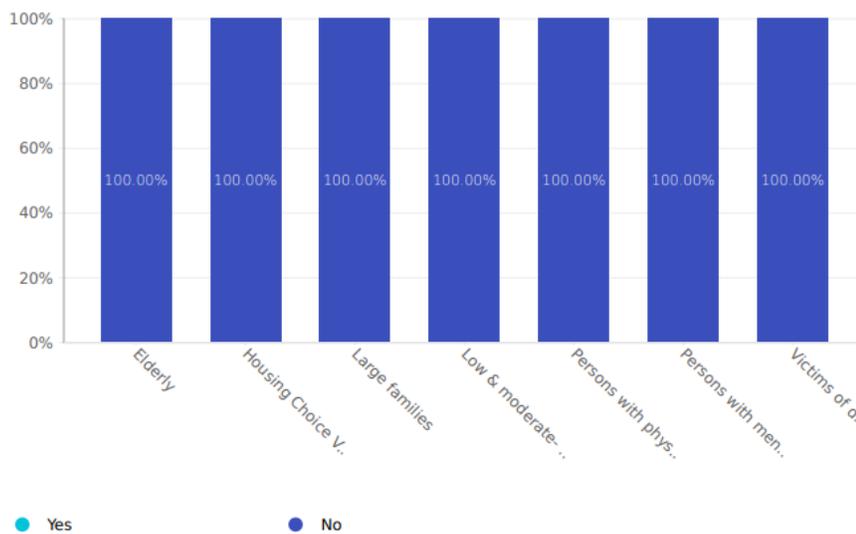
Homelessness and the Formerly Incarcerated

The City of Bryan Public Defenders Office commented that about 25% of their clients are homeless. The office also stated there are barriers to finding housing for the formerly incarcerated stating that, “persons with felony convictions are more limited in finding housing than those with misdemeanor convictions. Those with limited money of course have more issues in finding housing. The Bryan Housing Authority states that “people with misdemeanor charges are disqualified for Section 8 housing” and commented the need for more homeless shelters in the city.

Question 15: Primary Needs: - Rank the community need level for the following services from highest need (1) to lowest need (4) (A: 8)

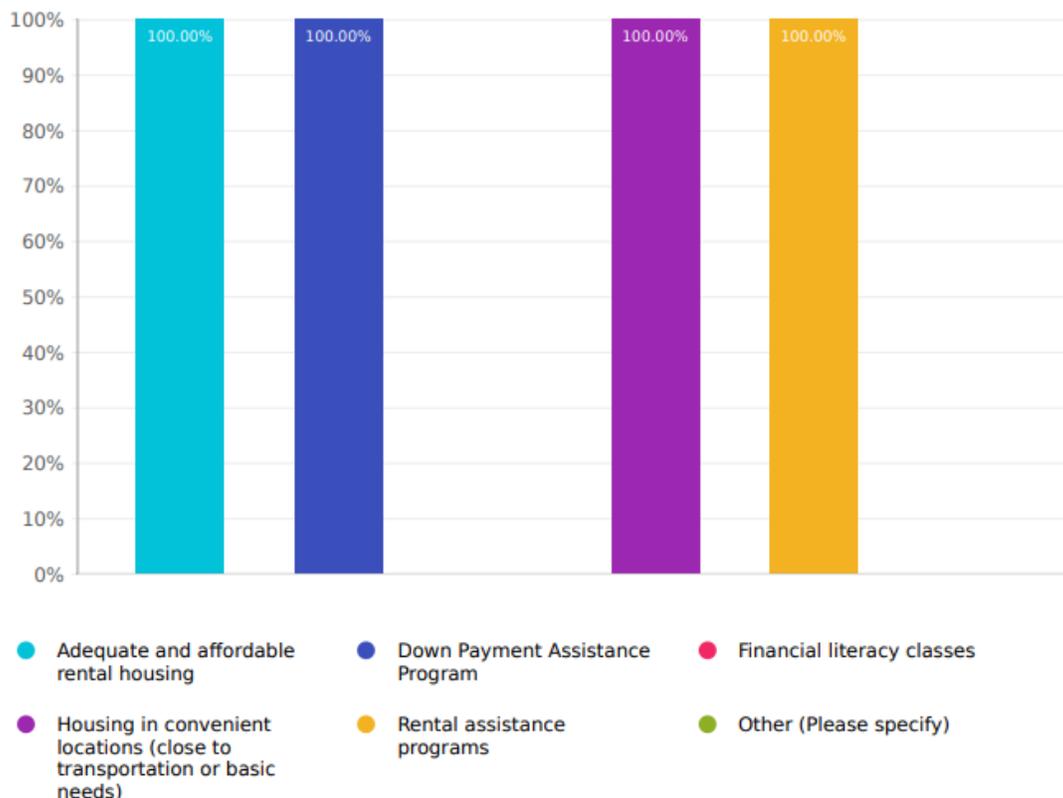


Question 29: Is there enough housing to meet the needs of the following populations? (A:9)



All respondents stated that housing needs for families include: adequate and affordable rental housing, down payment assistance programs, and rental assistance programs.

Question 31: What are the housing needs for families trying to achieve self-sufficiency? (Check all that apply) (A: 9)



The Bryan Housing Authority stated that their section 8 waitlist is full and closed due to high demand in applicants. AgriLife stated that “the most pressing issue is affordable housing. This includes housing for all income brackets and stages of life – from young professionals to senior living communities, accessing affordable housing is a definite challenge”

Twin City Mission is currently another stakeholder option for affordable housing. Twin City mission has stated on their assessment that the top gaps in their system for community development to assist in are: mental health assistance, transportation, homeless shelters, outreach for addiction referral programs, and funding for Twin City Mission’s land zoned for supportive housing.

Transportation

Transportation was also mentioned in over ten one-on-one consultations. Brazos Valley Cares stated transportation as a “big challenge for many of those individuals and they can’t do their jobs because of their car”. TAMU services state that transportation for students poses a problem.

Transportation was also stated as a need for the elderly and senior population to transport them to their housing and get their basic needs. For students, educational stakeholders stated transportation as a need for afterschool programs.

Mental Health

Comments for mental health needs stated the need for counseling and services for those to receive treatment. Consultants stated a need for shelters that provide mental health services and supportive housing for treatment and recovery. Training and the need for mental health professionals was also commented for the city.

Food Security/Student living

Bryan ISD stated its concerns with food security along with student living for students. Bryan ISD also stated the need for technology, stating that access to technology and computer literacy should be streamlined to get access to services.

Texas A&M University Off-Campus Services commented that “students face issues with food insecurity and needing clothes. There’s a closet and pantry on campus for students in need”. TAMU Off Campus Services also indicated on their assessment that the top challenges they are faced with were: transportation, student isolation off campus, housing and food insecurity, and affordable housing. They also expressed their gratitude for the city’s events that make students feel welcome off-campus, and are working to create more bus routes to Bryan and future partnerships with the city.

Health

In a ranking choice survey from survey for the highest ranked health needs with service providers, 75% of respondents stated the need for mental health services, and 37.50% for services for disabilities as the second most needed.

Health Needs – Rank the community need level for the following services from highest need (1) to lowest need (5). (A:8)

Medical Needs Focus Group

A consultation with a medical need’s focus group consisting of twelve administrators from local medical stakeholders was conducted, gathering comments for medical needs from the City of Bryan. The most pressing needs based on their assessments were health care gaps and local collaborations to provide healthcare services.

The group commented on the increased limit of healthcare coverage and funding for health programs such as Medicaid and Medicare and Telehealth services. The groups stated the city can help with further with: collaboration with medical professionals and community organizations, increasing transportation, supporting residents’ basic needs, and increased workshops and educational programs.

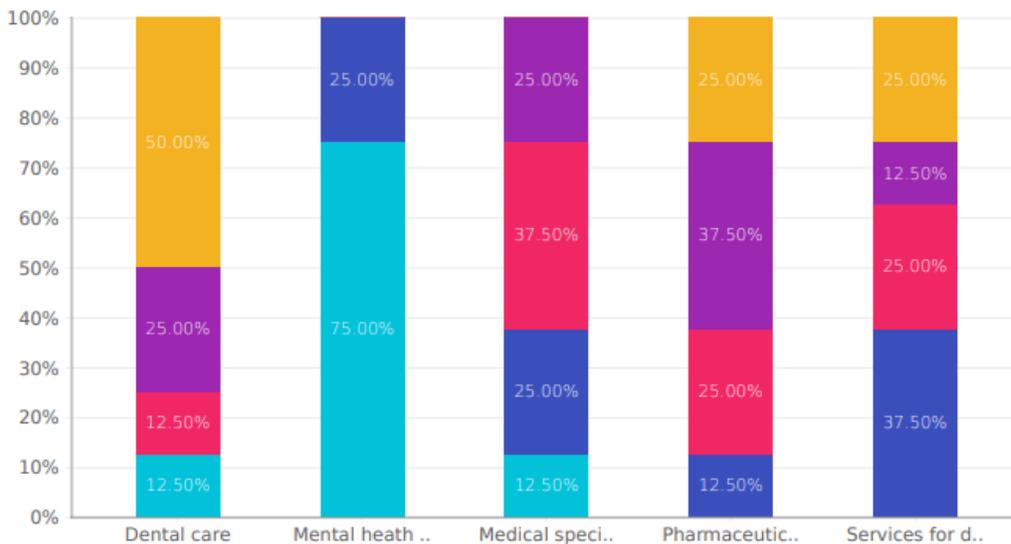
Language Barriers

Commentary of language barriers were stated in terms of job training and development. Comments from one-on-one consultations stated that language barriers pose the “need for additional resources and funding, but have seen with resources the language barriers going down over time”.

Job Training

Job training comments were stated more than five times among consultations with the need for more technical job training and certifications and programs. A stakeholder commented that the lack of success for these programs is due to the need for staff capacity. Job training was stated to also benefit with language barriers to train and hire bilingual employees.

Economic Development



- C ● 1
- 2
- 3
- ● 4
- 5

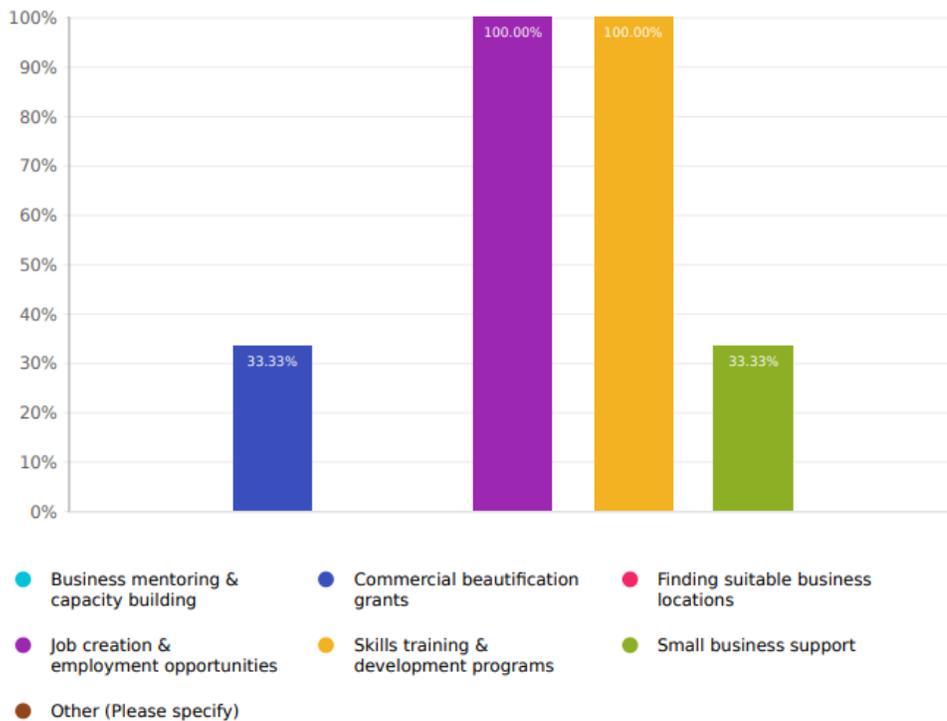
For economic development needs, 100% of respondents stated that job creation & employment opportunities, and skills training and development programs were most pressing to service providers. Also, with 33.3% needing commercial beautification grants and small business support.

Question 64: What do you believe are the most pressing economic development needs in our community? (Check your top three answers)

COMMUNITY NEEDS ASSESMENT

Citizens of Bryan completed a surveyed assessment with a majority of Bryan, TX residents and others from the surrounding College-Station area. Survey results show 73% of survey responses said the housing types most needed in the City of Bryan were affordable housing, 53% stating emergency shelters, and 50% for housing for people with disabilities. 42% of residents responded that there was enough single-family housing and too much apartment/ rental housing. The findings top three most important housing to responses were single family housing for sale, senior housing, and emergency shelters. Below are comments from the Community Needs Assessment from residents, with excluded comments that were considered vulgar, derogatory, or not relevant to the roles of the City of Bryan’s Community Development Department.

6. Have you or a member of your household experienced any of the following housing discrimination because of your race, ethnicity, religion, gender, marital status, disability, or size of household?



Comments left regarding housing discrimination stated that

- 1. Homes being left unfinished so they don't count as inventory 2. I have personally and thankfully have not but know many others who have issues
- A mortgage would be cheaper than rent but I can't get one due to being a young single man.
- Corporate landlords owning subdivisions full of "houses" made of paper and broken 2x4s
- Steep and complex requirements to begin the homebuying process

7. *Have you or a member of your household experienced any of the following problems buying or renting a home in the City of Bryan? Problems in buying or renting.*

- No credit
- Credit age restrictions.
- 1. While still able to pay for rent I would call it far from Affordable, when you work a decent paying state job and rent on an older but nice unit is close to 30% of income, that's not ok
- Equity in particular wants to charge 550/month for a one-bedroom hole full of black mold and roaches

Please provide any specific suggestions or areas where the City of Bryan's Parks & Recreation programs could enhance and/or expand?

- Theatre productions and improv
- Additional senior activity/social centers
- Better play grounds
- Would like to see more class/sports options for families, not just for individuals. Also, a low-cost martial arts programs for kids would be fantastic.
- More parks, lighting
- More nature walking/hiking trails would be a nice addition
- Would love to see more events around town that are located in our parks, rather than just in the Downtown area (farmers markets, First Friday type activities, performances in the park) Would also like to see more playground equipment and/or repairs for our youth, maybe a few basketball courts.
- More covered playground equipment for children under 5 years of age. More walking path for seniors.
- Mentored/coached/supervised athletic and other programs for youth, at little or no cost in low-income neighborhoods. Free or low cost, low-impact sports/fitness programs for seniors. More parks with small lakes or ponds for fishing and wildlife habitat; not just walking trails
- Art programs
- Have at least one senior facility in each council district whether it is owned by the city or is operated by a third party that has a contract with the city."
- Additional activities for Seniors in the North Bryan and West Bryan Areas.
- We need community centers where people can get services, socialize, attend events in their neighborhoods. Especially important in the neighborhoods with the lower life expectancies and high rates of poverty. We know transportation is an issue, so we need to have community centers in those neighborhoods
- An indoor pool with sufficient parking.
- I would like to see areas with convenient parking and shade in the summer.

- Rudder Pointe Neighborhood. Would love to see the city take over the park area. Currently there is an almost half mile loop, pickleball court, covered picnic table, and very small playground with lots of space. There could be so many improvements if the city took this over! This neighborhood is filled with so many young families that we would all greatly benefit from upgrades!
- Need to add splash water pads to Bryan parks in north Bryan
- Leisure learning activities. I believe there used to be offering for things like photography, sewing, etc. Need those kinds of activities again.
- Updated playground equipment.
- More shaded areas for children to play in hotter months. Often the unshaded equipment gets too hot for play.
- Need to offer more Forever size classes at the senior centers. It's down to once a week at Lincoln Center
- Please keep the Hudson Trail and adjacent dog park the way that it is - it's one of the best features over there by the tax office!
- A natural playscape area would be so wonderful! Shaded playgrounds and benches. More benches. A large gated playground area. Playgrounds away from busy streets with parking spaces.
- A natural playscape area please!! Shade awnings over play area and benches, a large fenced in playground area, playgrounds away from busy streets with parking spaces
- We need a Senior's Community Center
- Tanglewood park has new equipment but was closed off when I last tried to take my son there. The reason seemed unclear. // I'd like to see the park restrooms improved for access and cleanliness.
- A senior's center would be great. Better use of the space in Midtown Park. More conservation efforts or programs.
- Nature clubs to encourage youth and elderly to more fully utilize our parks.
- Covered playground equipment to protect from the heat and more splash pads or safe water play; sprinklers, fountains, canopies.
- I would like to see expanded hours and evening swim lessons available at Bryan Aquatic Center in the evening. (I want to swim after 7 pm - when I can get out of the sun.)
- We have plenty of walking trails and Midtown has an excess of indoor activities. A trail that enables bike riding/hiking/jogging out to our only bike trail system at Lake Bryan is needed, as well as a bike pump track/skills park.
- CoB severely needs more parks in general, and better non-car ways to get to them. Our parks are small, few are located in the city center areas (west of 2818 is better), are not accessible except by driving, and don't really function as neighborhood gathering / rec spaces as a consequence.
- Open bathrooms for seniors and young children that can't wait. Williamson Park the last two times I have been there have had a locked bathroom.
- Physical activity classes, education on types of programs at parks
- Update playground equipment and have more that are covered and shaded
- Upkeep the playground and lawns. Mounds of ants everywhere

General Comments

- I can barely afford my rent and utilities each month, but I'm a single person with no dependents, so I'm not eligible for (almost) any of the programs available through nonprofits. When I was unemployed last year, I was only able to get food assistance.

- "Please consider how many people of ALL economic classes will be completing this survey so as not to skew the data. There is additional need for at risk youth in our communities to curb the increased use of drugs and guns. What conversations are being had with the DA's office and how will persons be held accountable?"
- How is the city of Bryan going to be active in helping bring people out of poverty as opposed to pushing them out of the city limits?
- In what ways can the city of Bryan help support an increase in funding of schools for safety, education, and teacher support?"
- Affordable housing (rent & own) continues to be a major issue in BCS, along with jobs & skills assistance. We need more programs helping develop skills and less handouts. Raised medians are hurting our businesses, when we need more small business support!
- I am glad to see some of these topics on your radar. It seems a long time coming. Thanks for considering Community Centers, Homeless Housing to name a few.
- In future surveys, regarding discrimination experiences, add availability and price of property insurance. Also, regarding items for which financial assistance has been needed, add property taxes.
- We need a monorail (a trolley would be better but it would also be too disruptive to build) that connects villa maria/briarcrest from end to end, and texas avenue end to end, and southwest parkway end to end(I know that's college station but obviously both cities would have to work together on it). A&M *claims* to be the greatest engineering school in the known universe, yet our city doesn't look like E.P.C.O.T. What's up with that? We should have vertical hydroponic farms supplying fresh produce, a remotely operated nuclear power plant, and the best public transit in the state. This isn't pie-in-the-sky sci-fi nonsense, this is technology that was proven by and promised to our parents in the 1970's but has been blocked in favor of white-haired ego-boosting committees and events where the "good-ole-boys" talk about problems while we blindly refuse to implement the well-known solutions which have been available since Richard Buckminster Fuller was MY age. The population of Bryan/college station is exploding(much to my personal chagrin) and if it's going to do that we NEED to leap frog ahead of it with our infrastructure. We need to not buy into the snake oil of the "cutting edge" but dust off proven solutions from 40+ years ago and build, not the "city of tomorrow", but the city of today
- I would like to see more options for recycling in Bryan. Thank you for maintaining roads and parks.
- We should invest in our current community members so that they can provide the infrastructure to build from. We are leaving some of our underserved communities behind in the name of progress.
- "I am concerned with the number of new developments in town. We have plenty of vacant structures, and I believe it would be more important to ensure the majority of vacant structures are filled before allowing for the construction of new developments.
- Soon, every greenspace will be encroachment upon, and the wildlife that is hanging on will have nowhere to go. Not only that, but the city will experience hotter temps during the summer as the surface area becomes increasingly covered with concrete and structures.

- We will also lose precious groundwater if we don't preserve these vital greenspaces. Please consider the environmental burden in future development plans. We can't tech ourselves out of catastrophe.
- Getting the airport is tough to do from the east side of Bryan. Need better road to transit East-West through town.
- There are no sidewalks in my neighborhood, some curbs (some broken curbs) and streets are in disrepair.
- Prioritize the use of existing structures (commercial and residential) rather than defaulting to new construction. We do not need any newer apartment complexes or hotels. City services to help with unbiased market research for business development is needed. Finally, I was incredibly excited about Midtown Park when it was first announced because it was presented as a central gathering/event/recreational space for the public. Instead, it has disappointingly turned into another pay to play "park". Free to access hiking and biking trails can be easily developed in low acreage lots (Creeside Bike Park in Dallas and what is being done in Weatherford, TX are great examples) and prioritizing trail systems that enable citizens to walk or bike rather than being forced to drive a vehicle are proven to have tremendous benefits (see Bentonville, AR and numerous others). Our prioritization of autos over all other means of transportation has created a dangerous/hazardous situation for anyone on two feet or two wheels.
- There needs to be more mid-level affordable housing or down payment assistance. Prices have risen so much the middle class needs help too.
- My responses about my neighborhood are mostly due to the fact that my area has a bunch of vacant lots and units owned by "deadbeat developer" Oakwood Custom Homes along Bennett St. It's a nice neighborhood apart from them.
- I would like to see city improvement to homes that does not includes demolition. There are a lot of home that just need leveling. Old homes are built better. They have a whole wall if boards. Not just a board here and there.

Grantee Unique Appendices

CITY OF BRYAN CITIZEN PARTICIPATION PLAN

The City of Bryan Community Development (CD) Department's ***Citizen Participation Plan*** is designed to afford all citizens of Bryan, including low- and moderate-income citizens, the opportunity to comment on the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plans, Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Reports, and community development procedures, and specific project goals and funding. Citizens and organizations can provide comments on activities to the Community Development Office, 1803 Greenfield Plaza, P.O. Box 1000, Bryan, TX 77805. The phone number for CD is 979-209-5175. A messaging service is available for calls after normal business hours and messages may be sent to the CD Dept. at: communitydevelopmentweb@bryantx.gov

SECTION I. ENCOURAGING PARTICIPATION

The City of Bryan will, as necessary, amend the citizen participation plan to comply with provisions of this section.

The City of Bryan Citizen Plan will provide for and encourage citizens to participate in the development of the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plans, any substantial amendments to the plans, and the end-of-year Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Reports.

The ***Citizen Participation Plan*** will encourage participation by low- to moderate-income persons, particularly those living in slum and blighted area and in areas where CDBG and/or HOME grant funds are proposed to be used, and by residents of predominantly low- and moderate-income neighborhoods, as defined by the community development target areas. The City of Bryan will also take whatever actions are appropriate to encourage the participation of all its citizens, including minorities and non-English speaking persons, as well as persons with disabilities (see *SECTION V. PUBLIC HEARINGS* following).

The City of Bryan shall encourage, in conjunction with consultation with public housing authorities, the participation of residents of public and assisted housing developments, in the process of developing and implementing the Consolidated Plans and Annual Action Plans, along with other low-income residents of targeted revitalization areas in which the developments are located. The City of Bryan shall make an effort to provide information available at the annual public hearings required under the Consolidated Plan public participation requirements.

The City of Bryan will provide citizens with a reasonable opportunity to comment on this citizen participation plan and on substantial amendments to the citizen participation plan, and will make the citizen participation plan public; The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will be in a format accessible to persons with disabilities, upon request.

SECTION II. MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will require that, before the City of Bryan adopts Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans, it will make available to citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties information that includes the amount of assistance the City of Bryan expects to receive and the range of activities that may be undertaken, including the estimated amount that will benefit persons of low- and moderated-income. The City of Bryan Citizens Participation Plan will also set forth the City of Bryan's

plans to minimize displacement of persons and to assist any persons displaced. The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan ensure the City informs the public on when and how the jurisdiction will make this information available.

Page 1 of 4

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan requires the City of Bryan to publish the proposed Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans in a manner that affords citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties a reasonable opportunity to examine its contents and to submit comments. The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan sets forth how the City of Bryan will publish plans and reports and give reasonable opportunity to examine the contents of the proposed plans and reports.

The City of Bryan will provide a reasonable number of free copies of the plans and reports to citizens and groups request such.

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will provide for at least one public hearing during the development phase of the Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans.

The City of Bryan Citizens Participation Plan shall require the City of Bryan to consider any comments or views of citizens received in writing, or orally at the public hearings, in preparing the final Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans. A summary of these comments or views, and a summary of any comments or views not accepted and the reasons therefore, shall be attached to the final Consolidated Plan or Annual Action Plan.

SECTION III. AMENDMENTS

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will specify the criteria the City of Bryan will use for determining what changes in the City's planned or actual activities constitute a substantial amendment to the Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans. It will include criteria for changes in the use of HOME and/or CDBG grant funds from one eligible activity to another.

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on substantial amendments. The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will state how reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment will be given. The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan requires a period, not less than 30 days, to receive comments on the substantial amendment before an amendment is implemented.

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan requires that the City of Bryan consider any comments or views of citizens received in writing, or orally at public hearings, if any, in preparing the substantial amendment of Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans. A summary of these comments or views and a summary of any comments of views not accepted and the reasons there of shall be attached to the substantial amendment to the Consolidated Plan or Annual Action Plan.

SECTION IV. PERFORMANCE REPORTS

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan ensures citizens with reasonable notice and opportunity to comment on the Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER). The Bryan Citizen Participation Plan states how reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment is provided. The Citizen Participation Plan provides a period of not less than 15 days to receive comments on the CAPER that is to be submitted to HUD before its submission.

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan requires the City of Bryan to consider any citizen comments or views received in writing, email, or verbally at a public hearing in preparation of the CAPER. A summary of these comments or views will be attached to the performance report.

Page 2 of 4

SECTION V. PUBLIC HEARINGS

The City of Bryan Citizens Participation Plan requires at least two public hearings per year be held to obtain citizen's input and to respond to proposals and questions. Hearings will be conducted at a minimum of two different stages of the program year. The hearings will address housing and community development needs, development of proposed activities, and review of program performance. At least one of these hearings will be held before the proposed Consolidated Plan or Annual Action Plan is published for comment to obtain views of citizens on housing and community development needs, including priority on housing community development needs.

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will state how and when adequate advance notice will be given to citizens of each hearing with sufficient information published about the subject of the hearing to permit informed comment. The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will provide that hearings be held at times and locations convenient to potential and actual beneficiaries and with accommodation for persons with disabilities. The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will specify how it will meet these requirements.

In the event of local, state, or national environmental, economic, health, or other unforeseen calamities, the city may elect to hold online and/or broadcast "Virtual Public Hearings" (VPH) to ensure opportunities for citizens to provide comment and input on Consolidated Plans, Annual Action Plans, Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Reports, plan amendments, and any other publication requiring public input and/or review. The public will be notified of VPHs through traditional public notice methods (newspaper notices, radio, television, internet, etc.), and accommodations for other means of participating and commenting will be provided for those lacking computer, internet, phone, or other equipment or service requirements.

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will identify how the needs of non-English speaking residents will be met in the case of public hearings where a significant number of non-English residents can be reasonably expected to participate.

SECTION VI. MEETINGS

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will provide citizens with reasonable and timely access to local meetings.

SECTION VII. AVAILABILTY TO THE PUBLIC

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will provide that Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans, as adopted, substantial amendments, and Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Reports will be available to the public, including the availability of materials in a form accessible to persons with disabilities, upon request. The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will state how these documents will be made available to the public.

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan documents previously listed will be made accessible to the public. The documents will be available in English and non-English speakers may request translations of any public document. Access to digital copies will be available on the City of Bryan Community Development Website. For physical copies, contact the City of Bryan Community Development Office at 979-209-5175.

SECTION VIII. ACCESS TO RECORDS

Page 3 of 4

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will require the City of Bryan to provide citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties with reasonable and timely access to information and a record relating to the City of Bryan's Consolidated Plan and the City's use of assistance under the programs covered by this part during the preceding five years.

SECTION IX. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will provide for technical assistance to groups representative of persons of low- and moderate-income that request such assistance in developing proposals for funding assistance. Under any of the programs covered by the Consolidated Plan, with the level and type of assistance determined by the City of Bryan.

SECTION X. COMPLAINTS

The City of Bryan Citizen Participation Plan will describe the City of Bryan's appropriate and practicable procedures to handle complaints from citizens related to the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plan, substantial amendments, and Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report.

SECTION XI. USE OF PLAN

The City of Bryan will follow its citizen participation plan as a guide to include all citizens of Bryan in the planning and implementation process for the City of Bryan's Consolidated Plan for 2025-2029. The citizen participation plan also is designed to afford all citizens of Bryan, including low- and moderate-income citizens, the opportunity to comment on the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plans, Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Reports, and community development procedures, and specific project goals and funding.

SECTION XII. JURISDICTION RESPONSE

The requirements for citizen participation will not restrict the responsibility for the development and execution of its Consolidated Plan.

SECTION XIII. BRYAN LOCAL DEFINITION OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE TO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CONSOLIDATED PLAN OR ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

Amendments to Consolidated Plans or Annual Action Plans require notice to the public and opportunity for the public to comment.

Amendments are required whenever an activity is deleted or when one is added as required by HUD regulatory requirements,

Amendments are also required when there will be a substantial change in the purpose, scope, location or beneficiaries of an activity.

For the City of Bryan CDBG and HOME grant programs, a substantial change is defined as one in which:

1. More than 10% if the CDBG or HOME annual allocation is directed to a different activity than originally allocated to in the Annual Action Plan.
2. A change in use of funds from operational to rehabilitation/construction/or vice versa.
3. A change in national objective being addressed.

Prior to amending its Consolidated Plan or Annual Action Plan, the City shall provide citizens with reasonable notice of, and opportunity to comment on, such proposed changes in its use of funds. The City will consider any such comments and, if it deems appropriate, modify the changes. The City will make available to the public, and will submit to HUD, a description of any changes adopted. A letter transmitting such description to the U.S. Dept. of HUD will be signed by the Mayor or his/her designee.

| List of Consulted Agencies | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| City of Bryan Mayor | Bryan City Council | Executive Office (City Manager) | Bryan & College Station Community Development |
| Planning & Development Services | Public Works Department | Fire Department | Police Department |
| Parks & Recreation Department | Building Standards Division | Flood Management Division | City of Bryan Emergency Management |
| Planning & Zoning Commission | AgriLife Extension Service | B/CS Habitat for Humanity | B/CS Homebuilders Association |
| BCS Together | Big Brothers, Big Sisters | Brazos County | Brazos County Emergency Management |
| Brazos County Health Department | Brazos County Public Defender's Office | Brazos Interfaith Immigration Network | Brazos Maternal and Child Health Clinic (Prenatal) |
| Brazos Transit System – The District | Brazos Valley Affordable Housing Corp. | Brazos Valley Cares | Brazos Valley Community Action Programs |
| Brazos Valley Food Bank | Bridge Ministries | Bryan Housing Authority | Bryan Independent School District |
| Bryan Pregnancy Center | BV Center for Independent Living | BV Coalition for the Homeless | BV Council of Governments |
| BVCOGNet | BV Rehabilitation Center | BV Small Business Development Center | BV Workforce Development Coalition |
| BVCAP Energy / Housing Services | Catholic Charities of Central Texas | Empower Behavioral Health | Family Promise (Homeless Shelter) |
| First Financial Bank | Greater Brazos Partnerships | Healthpoint | Heart of Texas Goodwill |
| Junction 5-0-5 | MHMR Authority of BV | National Alliance on Mental Illness | Peacock Legacy |
| Project Unity | Prosperity Bank | Salvation Army | Scotty's House Child Advocacy Center |
| Sexual Assault Resource Center | St. Joseph Regional Hospital | Summit Pediatrics | Sweet Oak Collaborative |
| Texas A&M University College of Nursing | Texas A&M University Off Campus Housing | Texas A&M University Real Estate Research Center | Texas A&M University System |
| Texas Commission on Environmental Quality | Texas Department of Family and Protective Services | Texas Dept. of Housing and Community Development | Texas Workforce Solutions |
| The Reach Project | Twin City Mission | Unbound Now | United Way of the Brazos Valley |
| Voices for Children (CASA) | Workforce Board | | |

Publications, Affidavits, and Documentation on the Bryan 2025-29 CP, 2025 AAP, and 2025-29 AI

Affidavit and Publication for March 6, 2025 Public Hearing Notice

The Eagle

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

The Eagle
1729 Briarcrest Dr
(979) 776-4444

I, India Johnston, of lawful age, being duly sworn upon oath depose and say that I am an agent of Column Software, PBC, duly appointed and authorized agent of the Publisher of The Eagle, a newspaper published in Bryan, Brazos County, Texas, and generally circulated in Brazos, Burleson, Grimes, Lee, Leon, Madison, Milam and Robertson Counties, and that the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said newspaper on the following named dates:

February. 22 2025

The First Insertion being given Feb. 22, 2025

PUBLICATION FEE: \$137.50

India Johnston

Agent



VERIFICATION

State of Florida
County of Broward

Signed or attested before me on this: 02/27/2025

S. Smith

Notary Public
Notarized remotely online using communication technology via Proof.

March 6, 2025 Public Hearing Newspaper Notice - English Publication (The Eagle)

Public Notice

The City of Bryan's Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC) will hold two public hearings on **Thursday, March 6, 2025, at 5:30 p.m. at the Bryan Municipal Office Building, 300 S. Texas Ave., Bryan, Texas, 77803.** The first hearing will discuss funding received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, such as Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), as well as the 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Annual Action Plan. Citizens are encouraged to provide input on local needs and proposed uses of funds. The second hearing will address the city's Fair Housing Plan and Analysis of Impediments, also seeking public input. The official agenda for this meeting will be available on March 3, 2025 and can be viewed at <https://go.board-docs.com/tx/cobtx/Board.nsf/Public>.

At least 70% of CDBG funds must benefit low- and moderate- income individuals and meet one of HUD's national objectives: benefit LMI individuals, eliminate slum or blight, or meet an urgent community need. The City anticipates to receive \$871,490 in CDBG funds and \$349,117 in HOME funds (approximate estimates based on current funding levels) for the 2025 Program Year. A CDAC meeting to review funding recommendations will be held on April 10, 2025 (Subject to change). A final public hearing on the Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan will occur on June 5, 2025, which will begin a 30-day comment period. The City Council will review the recommendations on or about July 8, 2025, with final plans submitted to HUD by August 16, 2025.

At the hearings, information regarding funding applications will be available to organizations interested in funds for public services, public facility, and/or infrastructure projects. Public Service and Public Facility funding request and proposal guidelines, procedures, and applications can be found at <https://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/public-services-facilities-funding/>.

Additional Information

FOR INFORMATION ON SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETATION, TDD OR OTHER TRANSLATION OR ACCESSIBILITY INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT THE CITY OF BYRAN CITY SECRETARY'S OFFICE AT 979-209-5002 AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE THE SCHEDULED TIME OF THE MEETING SO THAT YOUR REQUEST MAY BE ACCOMMODATED.

Affidavit and Publication for March 6, 2025 Public Hearing Notice – Spanish Publication

**ALTERNATIVE LANGUAGE
PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT**

STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF BRAZOS §

Before me, the undersigned notary public, on this day personally appeared
Adriana Alfaro, who being by me duly sworn, deposes
(name of person representing newspaper)

and says that (s)he is the Office Assistant of the
(title of person representing newspaper)

La Voz Hispana; that said newspaper is
(name of newspaper)

generally circulated in Brazos County, Texas and
(same county as proposed facility)

is published primarily in Spanish language; that the
(alternative language)

enclosed notice was published in said newspaper on the following date(s):

February 21st, 2025

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 21 day of February,

2025, by [Signature]
(newspaper representative's signature)

(Seal)



Angelica Diaz Robledo
Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

Angelica Diaz Robledo
Print or Type Name of Notary Public

My Commission Expires 9/4/28

Affidavit and Publication for June 5, 2025 Public Hearing Notice

The Eagle

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

The Eagle
1729 Briarcrest Dr
(979) 776-4444

I, Rachel Cozart, of lawful age, being duly sworn upon oath depose and say that I am an agent of Column Software, PBC, duly appointed and authorized agent of the Publisher of The Eagle, a newspaper published in Bryan, Brazos County, Texas, and generally circulated in Brazos, Burleson, Grimes, Lee, Leon, Madison, Milam and Robertson Counties, and that the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said newspaper on the following named dates:

May, 20 2025

The First Insertion being given May, 20, 2025

PUBLICATION FEE: \$296.41

Rachel Cozart

Agent



VERIFICATION

State of Florida
County of Broward

Signed or attested before me on this: 05/21/2025

S. Smith

Notary Public
Notarized remotely online using communication technology via Proof.

June 5, 2025 Public Hearing Newspaper Notice - English Publication (The Eagle)

Public Notice

The City of Bryan's Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC) will conduct two public hearings on **Thursday, June 5, 2025, at 6:00 p.m. at the Bryan Municipal Office Building, 300 S. Texas Ave. Bryan, Texas, 77803**. Comments will be recorded. The first hearing will be on the Draft 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan (CP) and 2025 Annual Action Plan (AAP), which recommends projects and programs using Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) funds from the U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). A second public hearing will be held to solicit input regarding fair housing/affirmative marketing issues and provide comments on the draft of the 2025-2029 Analysis of Impediments (AI).

A 30-day public review and comment period for the CP, AAP, and AI will occur from June 5, 2025 through July 7, 2025. The 2025-29 CP, 2025 AAP, and 2025-29 AI will be submitted to the Bryan City Council for action at its tentatively scheduled July 8, 2025 meeting, and to HUD no later than August 15, 2025. Project funding to be available October 1, 2025. Drafts of the 2025-29 CP, 2025 AAP and 2025-29 AI will be available to view online at <https://www.bryantx.gov/community-development>, or in person at the Bryan Community Development Office at 1803 Greenfield Plaza., Bryan, TX (office hours 8:00 p.m. - 5:00 p.m., Monday – Friday), or the Clara B. Mounce Public Library, 201 E. 26th Street, Bryan, Texas 77803. Citizens may also comment at the hearings or by mail to the Bryan Community Development (CD) Dept., P.O. Box 1000, Bryan, TX 77805, by calling (979) 209-5175, or by emailing at communitydevelopmentweb@bryantx.gov.

The 2025 AAP was developed through a community participation process and in response to prioritized needs described in the City's proposed 2025-29 CP. The CP was developed through a community participation process including public hearings, public meetings, needs surveys, and consultations with public service organizations, government entities, private enterprise, focus group, and the general public. Proposed funding allocations and activities for CDBG and HOME follow:

City of Bryan 2025 Annual Action Plan Proposed Projects/Activities

The HUD Entitlement funding allocated to the City of Bryan is calculated based on the amount received from HUD and the program income generated by projects. It is anticipated that Bryan will receive about \$919,611 of CDBG and \$347,844.46 of HOME funds in PY2025. An estimated \$40,000 of CDBG and \$70,000 of HOME program income will be available from project loan repayments. Not less than 70% of funds will benefit low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons for CDBG and will address at least one of HUD's National Objectives: benefit low-to moderate-income individuals; eliminate slum or blight; meet an urgent community need. Program performance is evaluated against HUD's three basic Statutory Goals: decent housing; a suitable living environment; expanded economic opportunities. None of the project activities selected to support the City of Bryan's established projects for PY2025 are expected to result in the permanent displacement of any person, business, or other entity. The 2025 AAP proposes the following projects.

| CDBG Funding Program | Recommended Allocation |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Homeowner Housing Assistance Program (Rehabilitation/Minor Repair/Voluntary Demolition) | \$562,748 |
| Economic Development Assistance (Low to Moderate-Income Business/Job Creation) | \$75,000 |
| Public Service Agency Administration / Grant Compliance | \$137,941 |
| | \$183,922 |
| Total | \$959,611 |

| HOME Funding Program | Recommended Allocation |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Homeowner Housing Assistance Program (Rehabilitation/Reconstruction) | \$258,883.34 |
| Acquisition / Homebuyer Assistance | \$72,000 |
| Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDO) | \$52,176.67 |
| Administration / Grant Compliance | \$34,784.45 |
| Total | \$417,844.46 |

Additional Information
FOR INFORMATION ON SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETATION, TDD OR OTHER TRANSLATION OR ACCESSIBILITY INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT THE CITY OF BRYAN CITY SECRETARY'S OFFICE AT 979-209-5002 AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE THE SCHEDULED TIME OF THE MEETING SO THAT YOUR REQUEST MAY BE ACCOMMODATED.
May 20, 2025
COL10218

Affidavit and Publication for June 5, 2025 Public Hearing Notice – Spanish Publication

**ALTERNATIVE LANGUAGE
PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT**

STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF BRAZOS §

Before me, the undersigned notary public, on this day personally appeared
Adriana Alfaro, who being by me duly sworn, deposes
(name of person representing newspaper)
and says that (s)he is the Office Assistant of the
(title of person representing newspaper)
La Voz Hispana; that said newspaper is
(name of newspaper)
generally circulated in Brazos County, Texas and
(same county as proposed facility)
is published primarily in Spanish language; that the
(alternative language)

enclosed notice was published in said newspaper on the following date(s):
May 16th, 2025

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 16th day of May,
2025, by *[Signature]*
(newspaper representative's signature)

(Seal)



Angelica Diaz Robledo
Notary Public in and for the State of Texas
Angelica Diaz Robledo
Print or Type Name of Notary Public
My Commission Expires 9/4/28

Nota Pública

Aviso Público

El Comité Asesor de Desarrollo Comunitario (CDAC) de la Ciudad de Bryan llevará a cabo dos audiencias públicas el jueves 5 de junio de 2025 a las 6:00 p.m. en el Edificio de Oficinas Municipales de Bryan, 300 S. Texas Ave., Bryan, Texas, 77803. Los comentarios serán registrados. La primera audiencia será sobre el Borrador del Plan Consolidado (CP) 2025-2029 y el Plan de Acción Anual (AAP) 2025, que recomienda proyectos y programas utilizando fondos de la Subvención en Bloque para el Desarrollo Comunitario (CDBG) y el Programa de Asociaciones de Inversión en Viviendas (HOME) del Departamento de Vivienda y Desarrollo Urbano (HUD) de los Estados Unidos. Se llevará a cabo una segunda audiencia pública para solicitar comentarios sobre temas de vivienda justa/marketing afirmativo y proporcionar comentarios sobre el borrador del Análisis de Impedimentos (AI) 2025-2029.

Del 5 de junio de 2025 al 7 de julio de 2025 se llevará a cabo un periodo de revisión y comentarios públicos de 30 días para el CP, la AAP y la AI. El CP 2025-29, el AAP 2025 y el AI 2025-29 se presentarán al Concejo Municipal de Bryan para su acción en su reunión programada tentativamente para el 8 de julio de 2025, y a HUD a más tardar el 15 de agosto de 2025. La financiación del proyecto estará disponible el 1 de octubre de 2025. Los borradores del CP 2025-29, el AAP 2025 y el AI 2025-29 estarán disponibles para ver en línea en <https://www.bryantx.gov/community-development>, o en persona en la Oficina de Desarrollo Comunitario de Bryan en 1803 Greenfield Plaza., Bryan, TX (horario de oficina de 8:00 p.m. a 5:00 p.m., de lunes a viernes), o en la Biblioteca Pública Clara B. Sounce, 201 E. 26th Street, Bryan, Texas 77803. Los ciudadanos también pueden comentar en las audiencias o por correo al Departamento de Desarrollo Comunitario de Bryan (CD), P.O. Box 1000, Bryan, TX 77805, llamando al (979) 209-5175 o enviando un correo electrónico a communitydevelopment@bryantx.gov.

El AAP 2025 se desarrolló a través de un proceso de participación comunitaria y en respuesta a las necesidades priorizadas descritas en el CP 2025-29 propuesto por la Ciudad. El PC se desarrolló a través de un proceso de participación comunitaria que incluyó audiencias públicas, reuniones públicas, encuestas de necesidades y consultas con organizaciones de servicio público, entidades gubernamentales, empresas privadas, grupos focales y el público en general. Las asignaciones de fondos y actividades propuestas para CDBG y HOME son las siguientes:

**Plan de acción anual de la ciudad de Bryan 2025
Proyectos/Actividades Propuestas**

Los fondos de derechos de HUD asignados a la ciudad de Bryan se calculan en función de la cantidad recibida de HUD y los ingresos del programa generados por los proyectos. Se anticipa que Bryan recibirá alrededor de \$919,611 de CDBG y \$347,844.46 de fondos HOME en PY2025. Se estima que \$40,000 de CDBG y \$70,000 de ingresos del programa HOME estarán disponibles de los reembolsos de préstamos del proyecto. No menos del 70% de los fondos beneficiarán a personas de ingresos bajos y moderados (LMI, por sus siglas en inglés) para CDBG y abortarán al menos uno de los objetivos nacionales de HUD: beneficiar a las personas de ingresos bajos a moderados; eliminar los tugurios o el deterioro; satisfacer una necesidad urgente de la comunidad. El desempeño del programa se evalúa en función de los tres objetivos estatutarios básicos de HUD: vivienda decente; un entorno de vida adecuado; Ampliación de las oportunidades económicas. No se espera que ninguna de las actividades del proyecto seleccionadas para apoyar los proyectos establecidos de la Ciudad de Bryan para PY2025 resulte en el desplazamiento permanente de ninguna persona, empresa u otra entidad. La AAP 2025 propone los siguientes proyectos.

| Financiamiento de CDBG | |
|--|------------------------|
| Programa | Asignación recomendada |
| Programa de Asistencia para Propietarios de Vivienda (Rehabilitación/Reparación Menor/Demolición Voluntaria) | \$562,748 |
| Asistencia para el Desarrollo Económico (Negocios de Ingresos Bajos a Moderados/Creación de Empleos) | \$75,000 |
| Agencia de Servicio Público | \$137,941 |
| Administración / Cumplimiento de subvenciones | \$183,922 |
| Total | \$959,611 |

| Financiamiento de HOME | |
|--|------------------------|
| Programa | Asignación recomendada |
| Programa de Asistencia para Propietarios de Vivienda (Rehabilitación/Reconstrucción) | \$258,883.34 |
| Adquisición / Asistencia para el Comprador de Vivienda | \$72,000 |
| Organizaciones Comunitarias de Desarrollo de Vivienda (CHDO) | \$52,176.67 |
| Administración / Cumplimiento de subvenciones | \$34,784.45 |
| Total | \$417,844.46 |

Información adicional
 PARA OBTENER INFORMACIÓN SOBRE INTERPRETACIÓN DE LENGUAJE DE SEÑAS, TDD U OTRA INFORMACIÓN DE TRADUCCIÓN O ACCESIBILIDAD, COMUNÍQUESE CON LA OFICINA DE LA SECRETARÍA DE LA CIUDAD DE BRYAN AL 979-209-5002 AL MENOS 48 HORAS ANTES DE LA HORA PROGRAMADA DE LA REUNIÓN PARA QUE SU SOLICITUD PUEDA SER ATENDIDA.

City Website Notice for Public Comments

[Skip to main content](#)

City of Bryan, Texas



January 30, 2025

[Home](#) / [Articles](#) / [Community Development](#) / [Community Input Sought for 2025-29 Consolidated Plan](#)

Community Input Sought for 2025-29 Consolidated Plan

The City of Bryan is developing its 2025-29 Consolidated Plan for Housing and Community Development, which will guide the allocation of federal funds for housing, community development, and services for low- to moderate-income residents.

This five-year plan, required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), will outline priorities and strategies for addressing housing needs and enhancing quality of life in Bryan. Public involvement is a key part of the planning process to ensure federal funds are allocated effectively and equitably.

About the Consolidated Plan

HUD administers programs to assist low-income households and vulnerable populations. To receive funding through these programs, local governments must submit a Consolidated Plan every five years. The plan:

- Describes the jurisdiction's housing and community development needs.
- Outlines how grant funds will be used to address those needs.
- Includes planning, strategy and reporting components.
- Requires consultation with residents and relevant stakeholders.

Input from residents will help identify needs, set priorities, and guide the allocation of federal funding for programs benefiting low- and moderate-income households and neighborhoods in Bryan.

Public Meetings

Share your thoughts at one of the public meetings. A presentation will kick off each meeting, with light refreshments available.

Tuesday, Feb. 18, 9 – 11 a.m., Clara B. Mounce Public Library

Thursday, Feb. 20, 6 – 8 p.m., Neal Recreation Center

Online Survey

Provide feedback online from Feb. 3 – March 7.

Complete the online survey

Community input is crucial in shaping the city's strategies and priorities. Residents are encouraged to share their feedback to ensure federal funding is used effectively.

For questions, call the City of Bryan's [Community Development](#) at 979-209-5175.

Share This:  

Posted In: [Articles](#), [Community Development](#)

City Website Notice for Public Comments

PUBLIC COMMENTS SOUGHT FOR COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT'S DRAFT PLANS

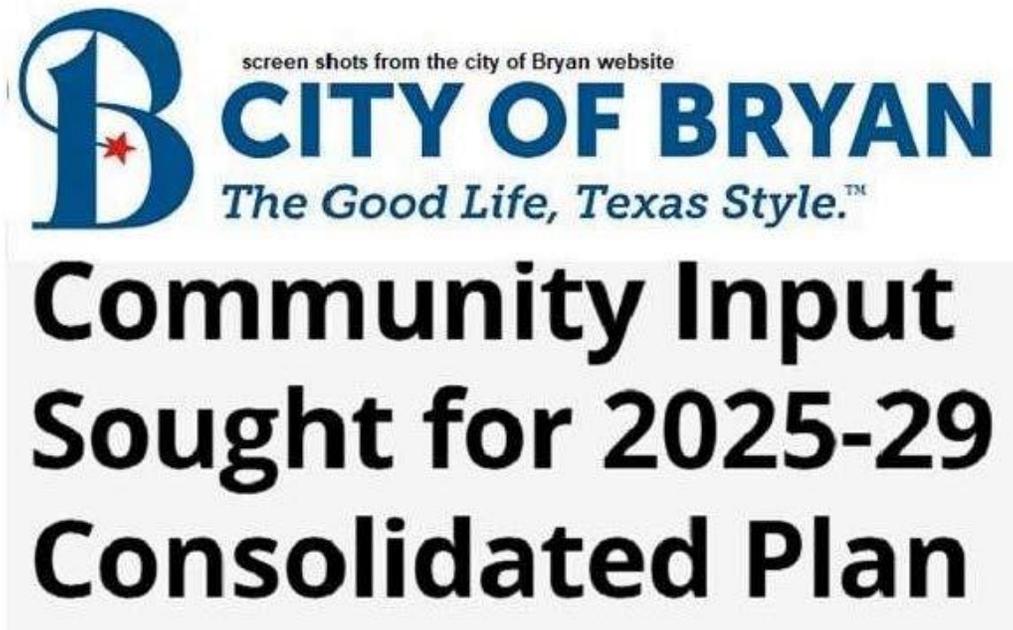
The Community Development Advisory Committee is hosting two public hearings on Thursday, June 5, at 6 p.m. in the Basement Training Room of Bryan City Hall.

The first hearing is on the draft 2025–2029 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Annual Action Plan, which recommends projects and programs using Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Home Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) funds, which the city receives from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The second hearing is on the Fair Housing Plan/Affirmative Marketing Plan.

If you are unable to attend the public hearings, comments will be accepted through July 7.

[LEARN MORE](#)

City Of Bryan Invitation To Participate In The Next Community Development Plan Serving Low And Moderate Income Residents



Screen shots from the city of Bryan website.

Zyreshia Jackson with the city of Bryan's community development office visits with Scott DeLuca on WTAW's The Infomaniacs about public participation as the city develops its next community development plan serving low and moderate income residents.

According to a city of Bryan news release, the 2025-29 Consolidated Plan will guide the allocation of federal funds for housing, community development, and services.

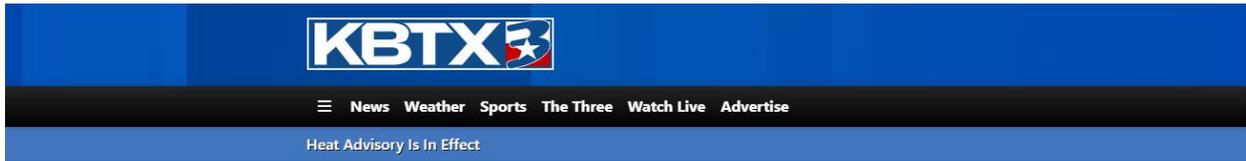
Learn about the plan and share your feedback at one of two upcoming public meetings.

The first public meeting is Tuesday, February 18, from 9 to 11 a.m. at Clara B. Mounce Public Library. A presentation will kick off the meeting, with light refreshments available.

The second public meeting is Thursday, February 20, from 6 to 8 p.m. at Neal Recreation Center.

Residents can also provide feedback through an online survey that continues through March 7. Visit www.cityofbryan.com/ConsolidatedPlan to learn more and to take the survey.

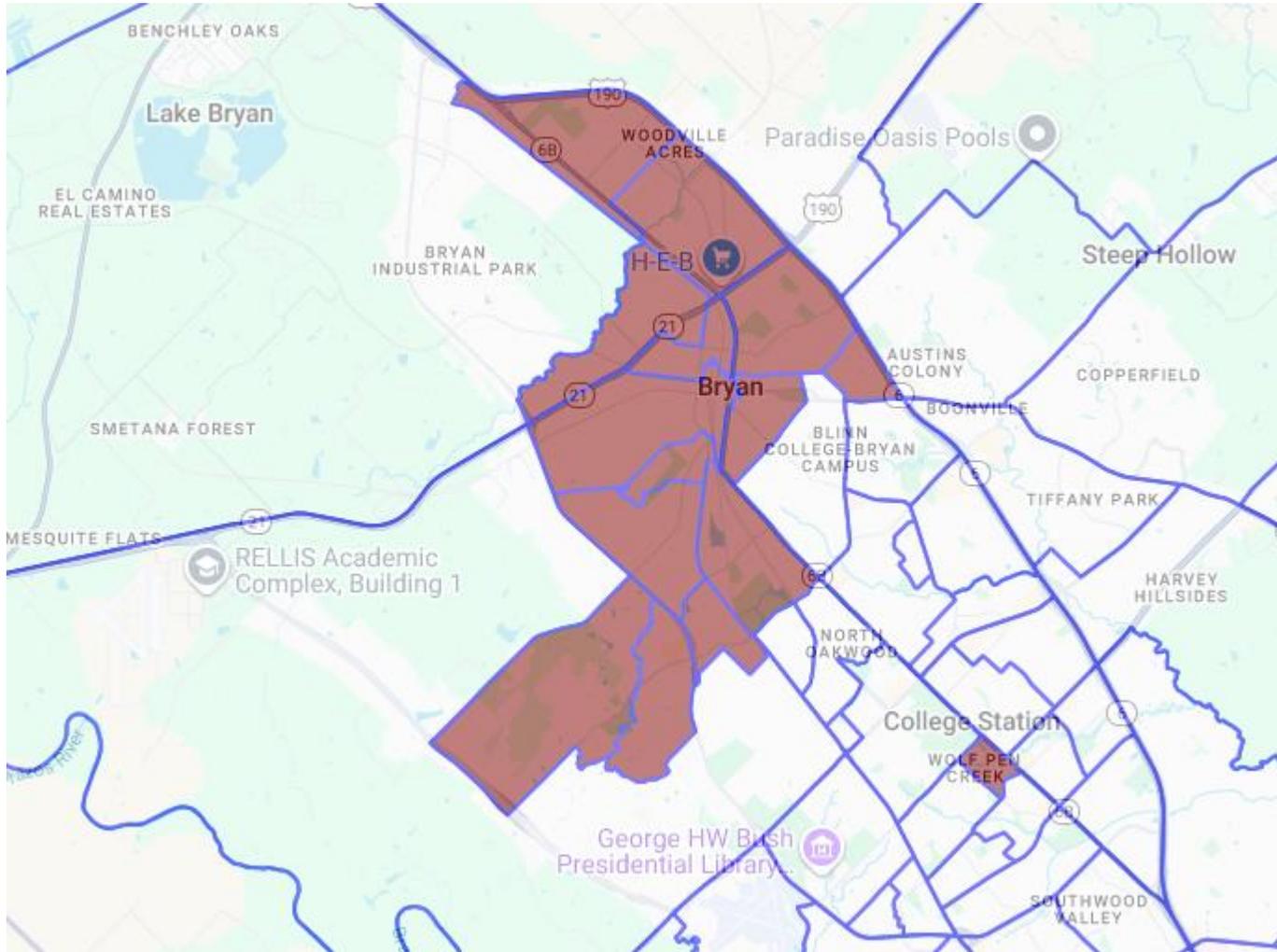
Local Television News Coverage of Public Meetings & Community Input Opportunities



Community input sought for City of Bryan Consolidated Plan



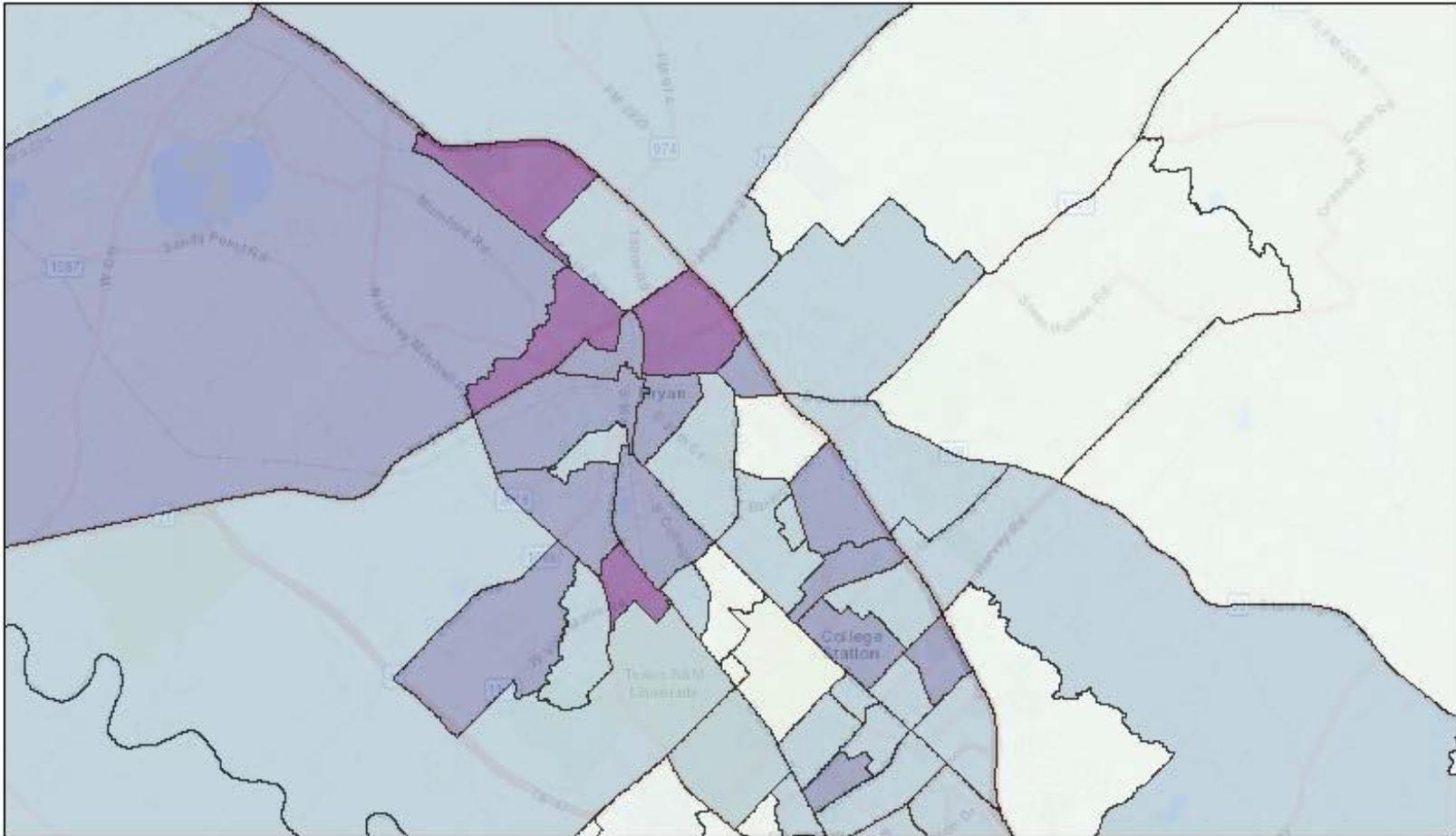
Community Development Program Maps:



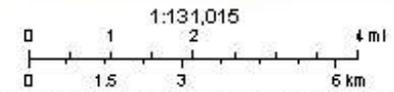
Areas of Minority Concentration

Source: HUD Mapping Application, <https://www.huduser.gov/portal/maps/rad/home.html>

Black Alone Non-Hispanic -

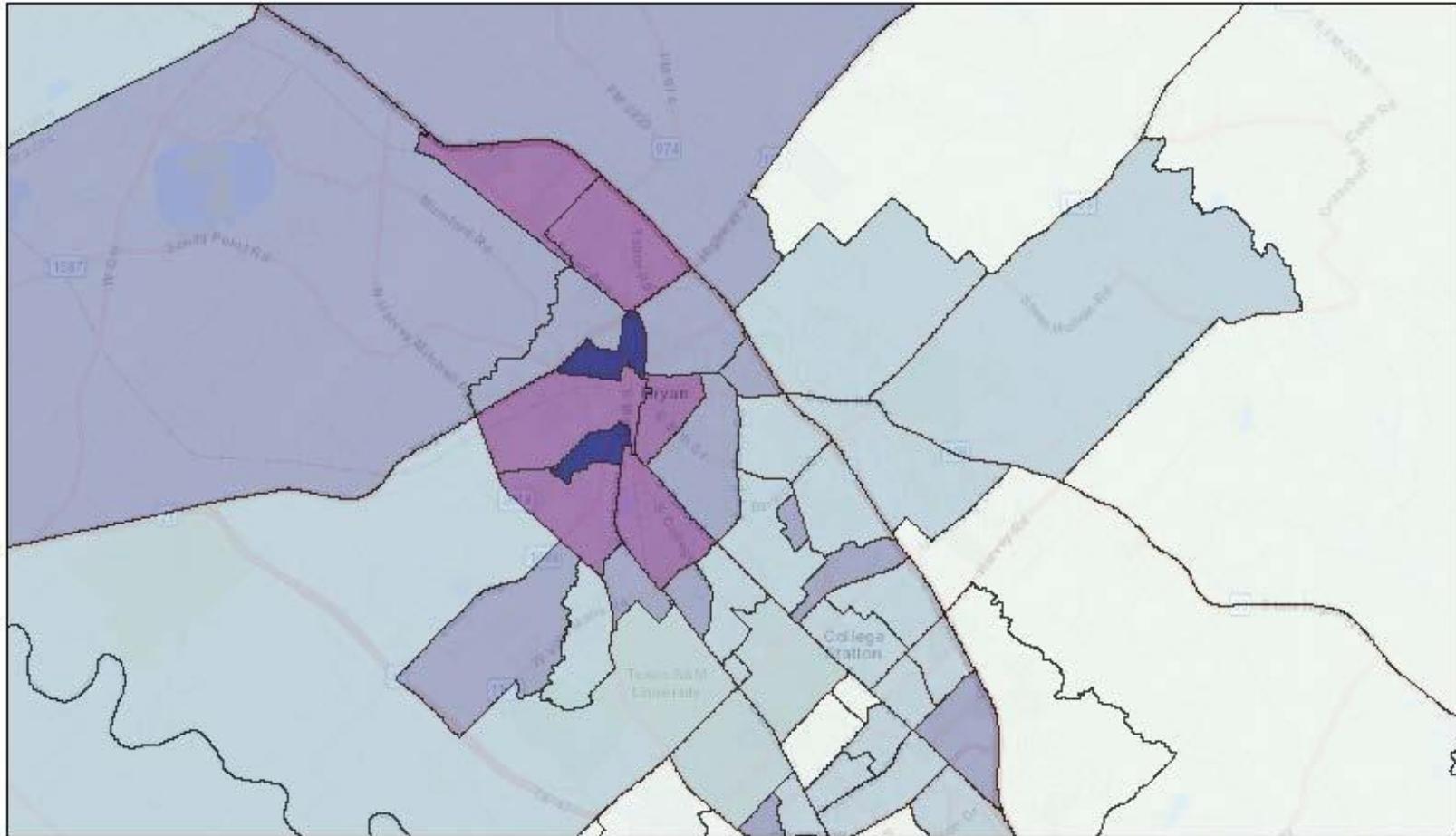


June 1, 2025

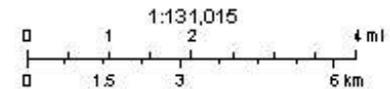
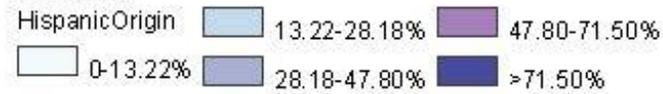


Source: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Imagery, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thailand), NGCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Hispanic Origin -

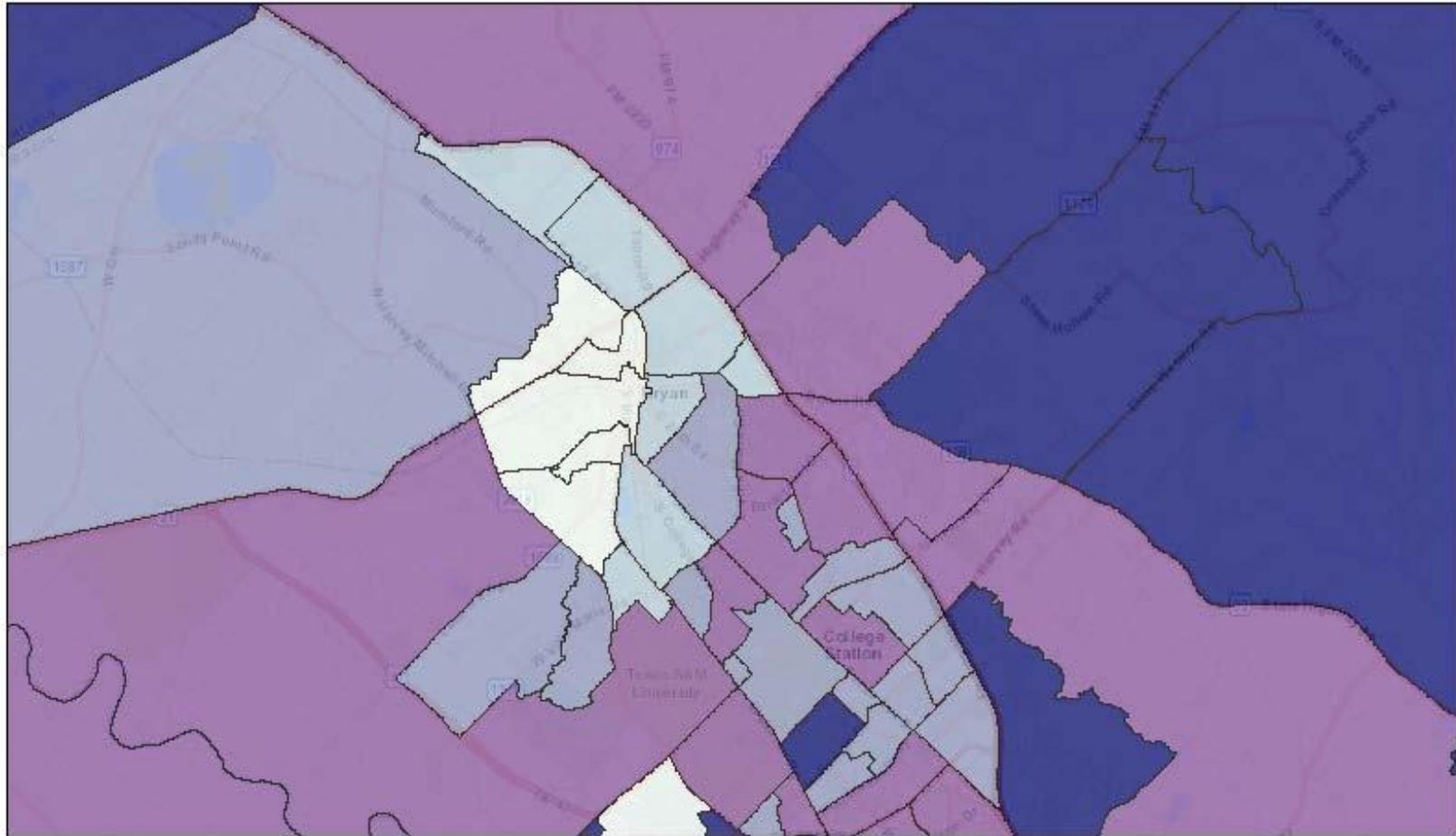


June 1, 2025

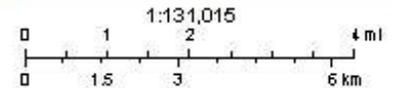
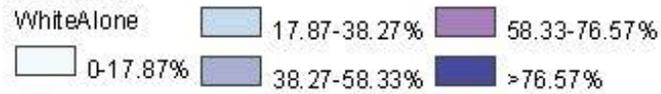


Source: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Imagery, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (The Netherlands), Swire, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

White Alone - Non-Hispanic -

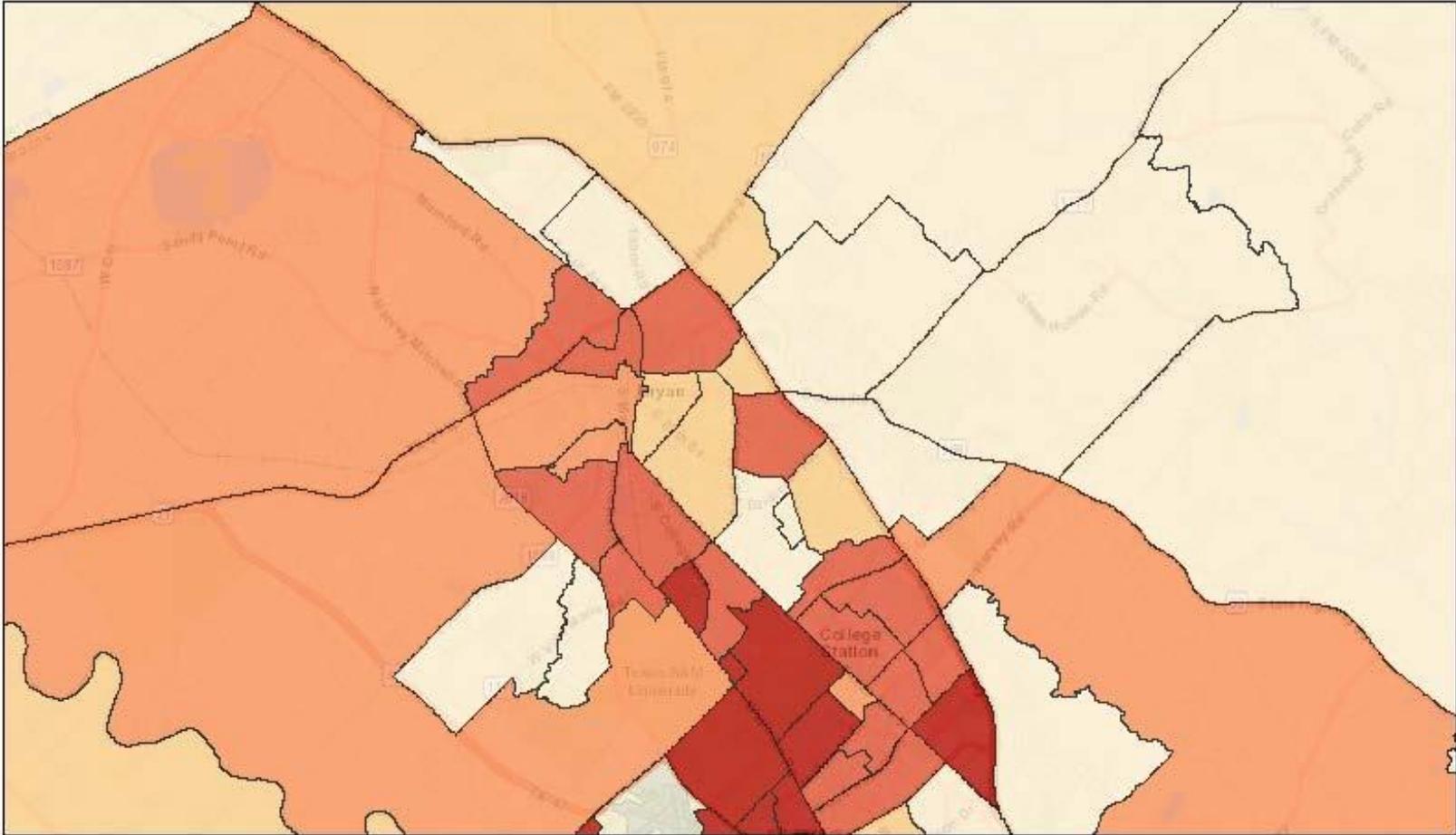


June 1, 2025

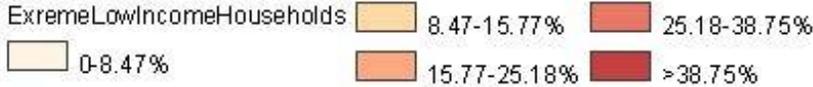


Source: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Imagery, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (The Netherlands), Swatch, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

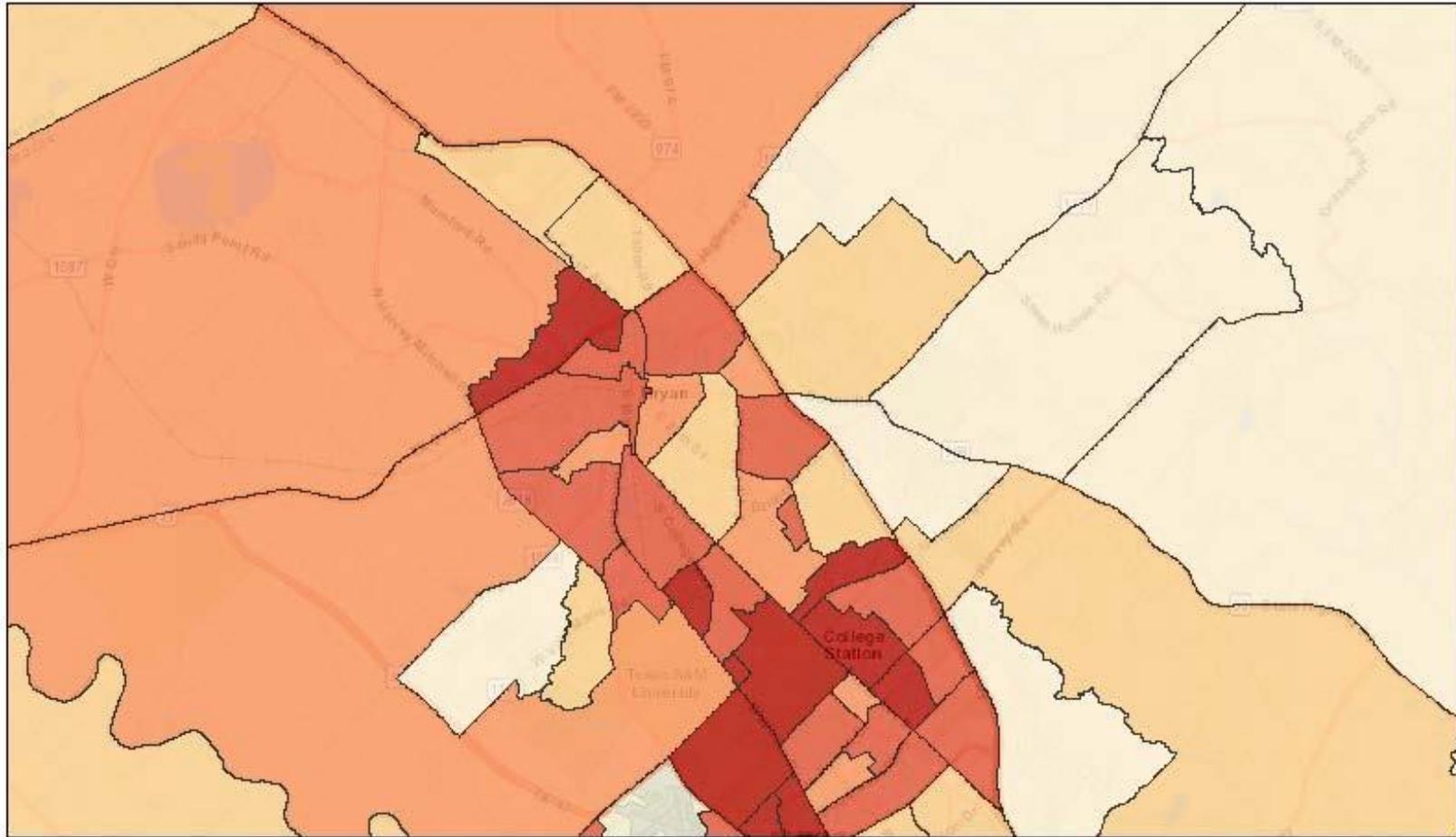
Extremely Low Income Households -



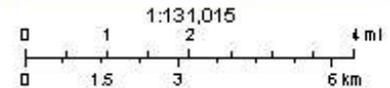
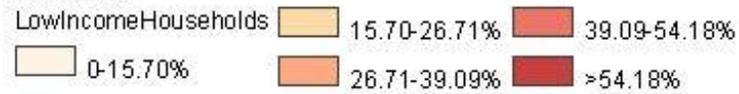
June 1, 2025



Pct Low Income Households -

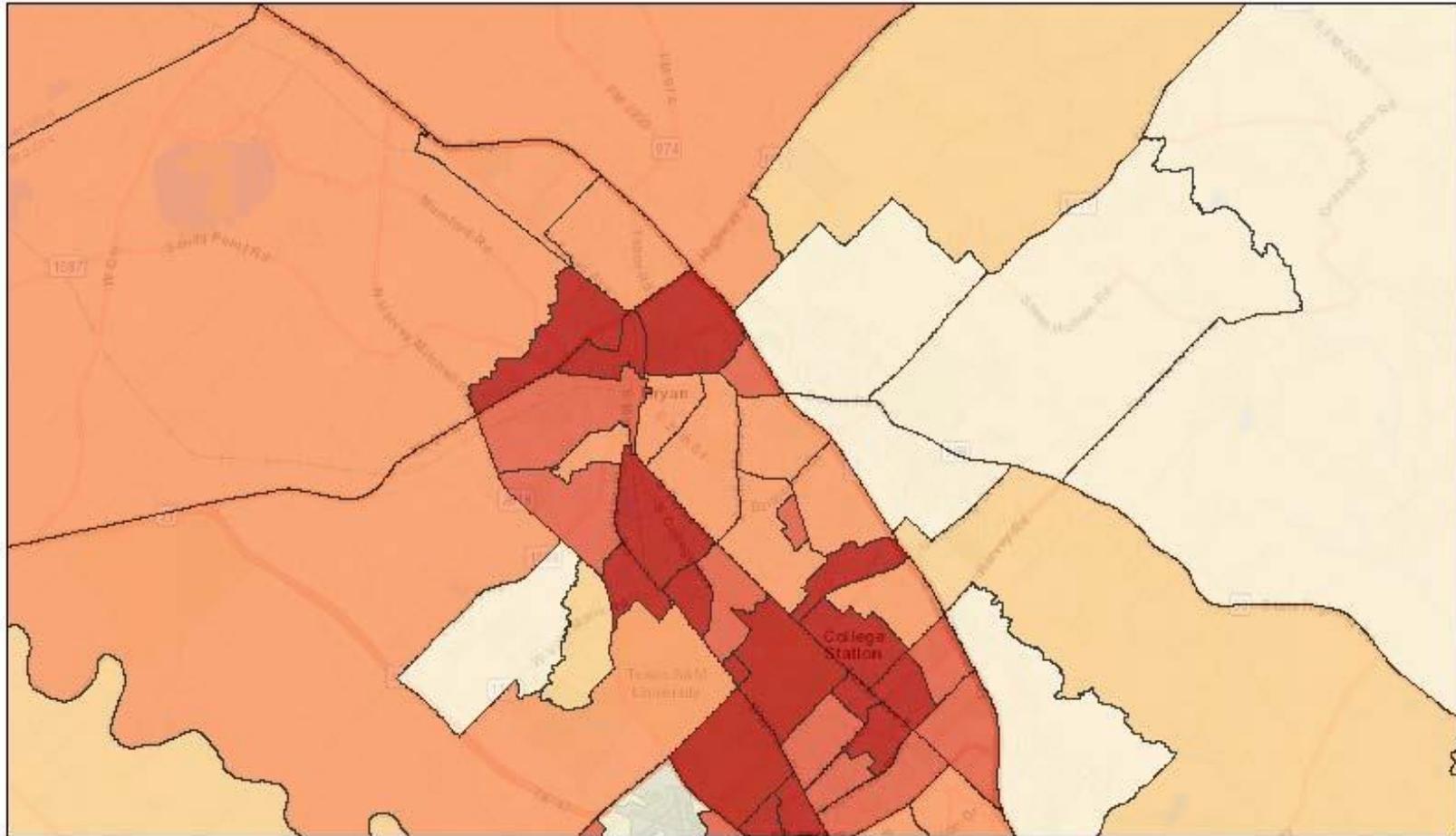


June 1, 2025

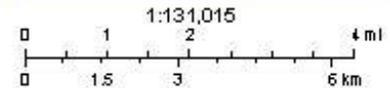
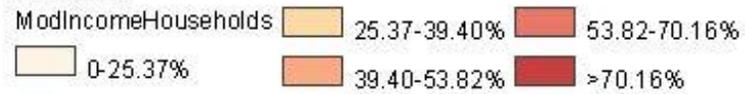


Source: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Imagery, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (The Netherlands), Swire, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Pct Moderate Income Households -

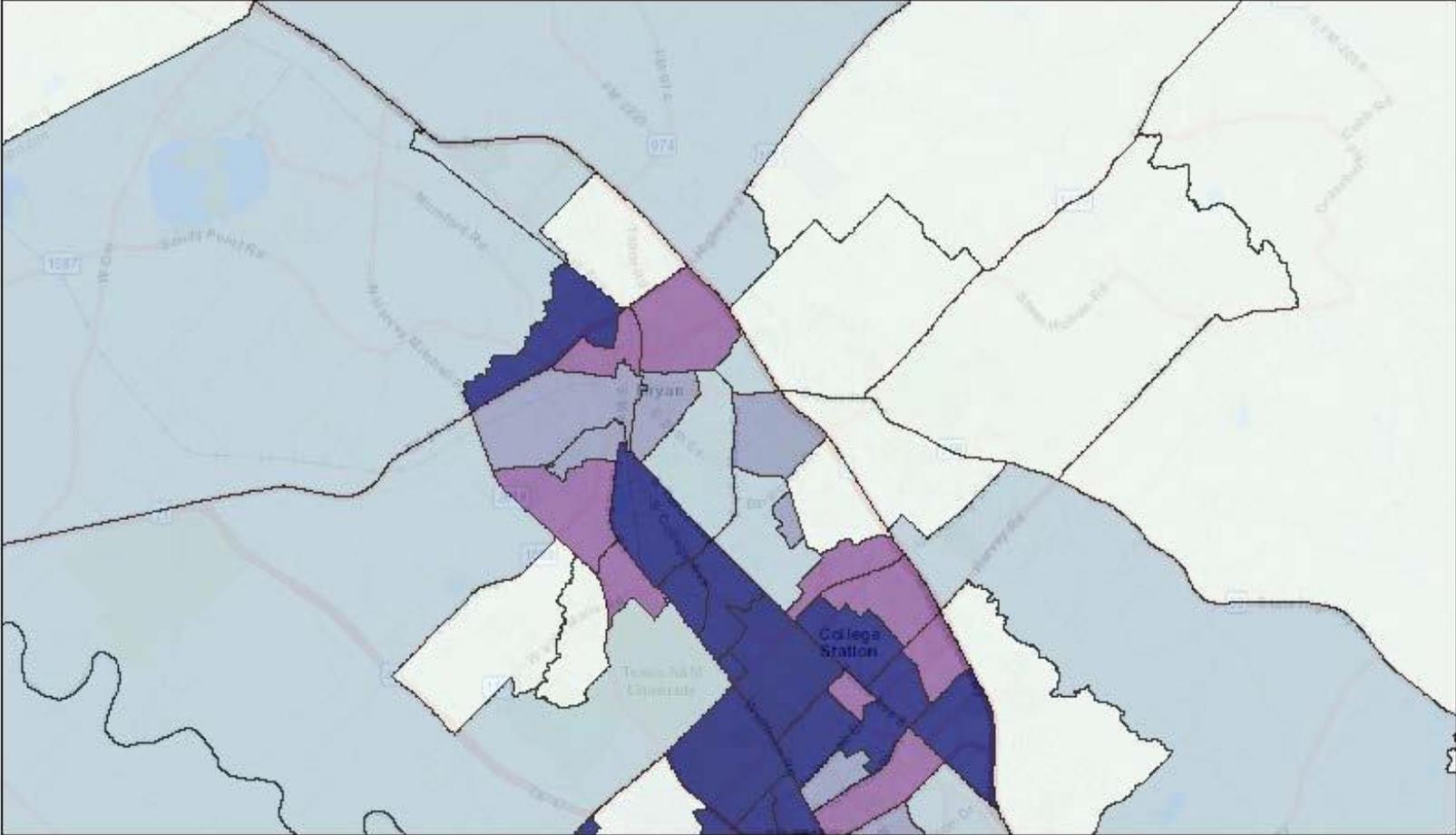


June 1, 2025

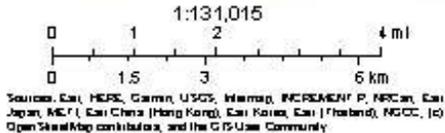
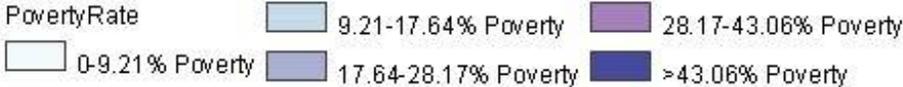


Source: Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, Intermap, INCREMENT P, NRCan, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri Korea, Esri (Thebnd), NSCC, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Poverty Rate -



June 1, 2025

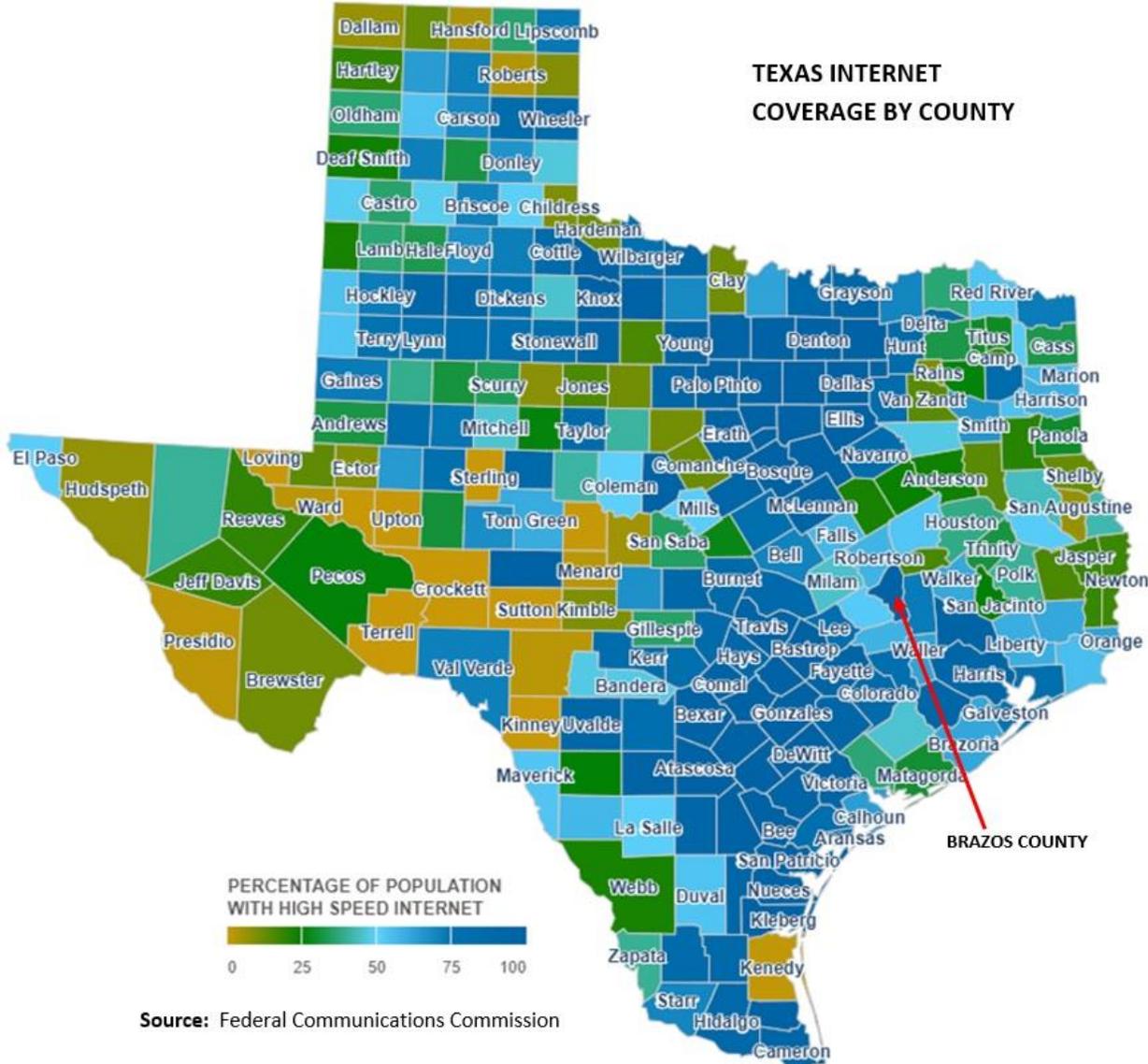


Information and consultation findings related to broadband needs of low- and moderate-income households

Bryan is fortunate to have multiple broadband providers. Bryan's Information Technology Office estimates that 85-95% of citizens wanting home connections, have access. Regarding connectivity, particularly for low- to moderate-income (LMI) households, it is noted that while some LMI households may not have internet service connection to a dwelling, the majority have cell phones and data plans allowing to access the internet. Those households generally have the ability to use cell phones as "mobile-hotspots" to access the internet using a laptop or other device. Based on a *Pew Research Center* study, interaction with clients, and other industry data, it's presumed that many of the LMI households lacking internet service or cellphones are senior citizens who are not interested in utilizing computers for internet service. An example is a recent *Pew Research* study indicated only 28% of seniors purchase broadband service. To further assist households with students, the Bryan Independent School District (BISD) provides WIFI service for those near their various campuses. BISD has also acquired mobile-hotspot locations throughout Bryan and are in the process of partnering on the implementation of LTE towers to further increase their broadband access throughout the community. A local public service agency, *Project Unity*, also assists with households, particularly those with children, who are unable to pay monthly internet bills. Due to its many college students, Bryan has numerous diners and coffee shops that also provide internet access to their customers. Through its public library system, the City also ensures internet access to residents by providing personal computers connected to internet service.

Recently, the City entered into a memorandum of understanding with a new provider of high speed internet services to bring in additional broadband capacity to the citizens of Bryan. The services provided by MetroNet's 100 percent fiber-optic internet, TV, and phone services will greatly enhance services to Bryan citizens, to include the LMI households needing affordable internet options. To accommodate broadband access and affordability, the City regularly makes its public right-of-ways available to broadband providers to install the necessary cables and equipment so as to help mitigate the "digital-divide" The City also consults with the Brazos Valley Council of Governments (BVCOG) on local and regional broadband needs and how best to meet them.

Map of Texas Internet Coverage by County





CITY OF BRYAN
The Good Life, Texas Style.

Affirmative Marketing Policy and Implementing Procedures

Statement of Policy

In accordance with the regulations of 24 CFR 92.351 (a) of the Home Program and in furtherance of the City of Bryan's commitment to non-discrimination and equal opportunity in housing, the City of Bryan has established procedures to affirmatively market units constructed or rehabilitated through the City's affordable housing programs. These procedures are intended to further the objectives of Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 and Executive Order 11063.

The City of Bryan believes that individuals of similar economic levels in the same housing market area should have available to them a like range of housing choices regardless of their race, color, religion, sex, and national origin.

The City of Bryan is committed to the goals of affirmative marketing which will be implemented in our affordable housing programs through a specific set of steps that the City and participating owners will follow. These goals will be reached through the following procedures:

1. **Informing the public, potential tenants, and owners about Federal Fair Housing Laws and Affirmative Marketing Policies:**

The City will inform the public, potential tenants, and poverty owners about this policy and fair housing laws.

The City will:

- Inform the general public by placing a special news release in The Eagle.
- Inform potential tenants or purchasers by providing informational materials about the program to the B/CS Association of Realtors for membership distribution.
- Inform owners, builders and developers by providing information materials to the Home Builders Association for membership distribution to those who may participate in the City programs.

The City will provide a copy of the Affirmative Marketing Policy to all builders/developers participating in City housing programs.

2. **Inform persons of all racial, ethnic and gender groups of unit availability**

All housing developed through the City of Bryan's Affordable Housing Programs will be marketed using the following guidelines.

The City of Bryan will require participating property owners to contact city staff when they know a property is to become available. We will advise owners to give us this information as close as 30 days prior to the upcoming vacancy as possible.

The City will make information about available properties known by:

- Advertising to the general public in The Eagle which is the newspaper of general circulation.

- We will advertise after special outreach efforts to inform persons otherwise not likely to apply proves unsuccessful.
- Providing public notice at the Community Development Advisory Committee (CDAC) meeting.

3. **Attract and solicit applications for assistance from persons not likely to apply without special outreach**

In order to inform as well as solicit applications from persons in the housing market area who are not likely to apply for units without special outreach, the City has established procedures to reach this objective.

The City has identified African American and Hispanic households as two groups in the housing market area who would probably not apply for the units without special outreach. Having identified these two groups, The Community Development Services Department will undertake special outreach methods as follows:

- For the predominantly African American, the City of Bryan will contact the churches serving the African American community in the neighborhood of the development, and request that these organizations inform members of their organizations about the availability of newly-developed housing units and housing assistance programs.
- For the predominantly Hispanic group, the City of Bryan will contact churches serving the Hispanic community in the neighborhood of the development and the local LULAC group in order to request that these organizations inform members of their organizations about the availability of newly developed housing units and housing assistance programs.

4 **Record Keeping**

The City will keep records of the following:

- The racial, ethnic and gender characteristics of home buyers, homeowners and applicants for a minimum of 5-years following project completion.
- Copies of advertisements and dates of each contact in conducting special outreach.

We will also require that organizations receiving federal housing funds through the Community Development Services Department to keep a record of how available properties were marketed.

5. **Assessment and Corrective Actions**

Effectiveness of our affirmative marketing efforts will be addressed as follows:

a) To determine of good faith efforts have been made:

- Compare the information contained on the records to be kept, as determined by Procedure 4, with actions that were taken to carry out Procedures 2 to 3. If the required steps were taken, we will determine that good faith efforts have been made.

b) To determine results:

- Examine whether or not persons from the African American and Hispanic groups in our area applied for or became tenants or owners of units that were affirmatively marketed. If we find that they are represented, we will assume our procedures were effective.

If one or more such groups are not represented, we will review the procedures to determine what changes, if any, might be made to make the affirmative marketing efforts more effective. The City of Bryan will take

corrective actions if owners fail to carry out procedures required under this plan. If, after repeated notification, the owners continue to fail to meet the affirmative marketing requirements, the City may disqualify an owner from future participation in any of the City of Bryan's housing programs.

The City of Bryan will carry out assessment activities and complete a written assessment of affirmative marketing efforts to be included in the annual performance report to HUD. This assessment will cover marketing relative to units constructed or rehabilitated and first made available for occupancy during that year.

Affirmative Marketing Techniques

Owners, builders and developers offering properties assisted by the City of Bryan Community Development Services Department are required to comply with the City's affirmative marketing requirement on all units sold under the program. The Department of Housing and Urban Development has set fourth guidelines and to assist in meeting affirmative marketing goals.

The following is a list of activities which must be carried out by assisted property owners, builders, developers, or agencies in order to insure compliance with federal regulations:

1. Correspond with various community organizations, employment agencies, churches, etc. in order to accomplish special outreach to those not likely to apply for housing in the available properties.
2. Utilize the fair housing logo on all printed advertisements and prominently in the business office.
3. Provide a fair housing brochure to prospective tenants in order to inform them of fair housing laws and the City's Affirmative Marketing Policy.

The following is a list of local agencies which will be notified in the event assisted units become available under the City's Housing Assistance Programs:

Affirmative Marketing Mailing List

Brazos Valley Affordable Housing Corporation
3971 E. 29th Street
Bryan, Texas 77802

Brazos Valley Council of Governments
3991 E. 29th Street
Bryan Texas 77802

Housing Authority of Bryan
1306 Beck Street
Bryan, Texas 77803

Twin City Mission, Inc.
PO Box 3490
Bryan, TX 77805

Brazos County Legal Aid
202 E. 27th Street
Bryan, Texas 77803

Brazos Valley Community Action Programs
1500 University Dr. East
College Station, Texas 77802
Habitat for Humanity
119 Lake
Bryan, Texas 77801

National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP)
Brazos County Branch
PO Box 665
Bryan, TX 77806

Local Union of Latin American Citizens (LULAC)
LULAC Council 4893 of College Station, TX
2404 Pintail Loop
College Station, TX 77845
lulackelly@neo.tamu.edu

SECTION 3 COMPLIANCE PLAN
for
Applicable City of Bryan Programs and Projects

Section 3 is a provision of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968. Section 3 is intended to ensure that when employment or contracting opportunities are generated because a federally-funded project necessitates the employment of additional persons or the awarding of contracts for work, preference must be given to low- and very low-income persons or business concerns residing in the community where the project is located. Section 3 applies to the department as a recipient of HUD funds for any projects, in which the HUD investment is \$200,000 or more, and contractors or subcontractors receiving \$100,000 or more in covered funds.

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Plan is to provide employment and business opportunity for businesses and lower income persons who are residents of the Bryan – College Station MSA referred to as the Section 3 Area under the Community Development Block Grant Program, by setting forth procedures to be implemented by contractors and subcontractors to assure compliance with Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act, as defined in 24 CFR part 135 (for project receiving federal assistance of \$200,000 or more or contracts for covered projects receiving \$100,000 or more).

A. Definitions:

1. Section 3-Covered Project - A Section 3-Covered project involves the construction or rehabilitation of housing (including reduction of lead-based paint hazards), or other public construction such as street repair, sewage line repair or installation, updates to building facades, etc. which is funded by HUD, and in which contractors or subcontractors receive \$100,000 or more in covered funds.

2. Section 3 Resident - A "section 3 resident" is: 1) a public housing resident; or 2) a low- or very low-income person residing in the metropolitan area or Non-metropolitan County in which the Section 3 covered assistance is expended.
 3. Section 3 Business Concern - Section 3 business concerns are businesses that can provide evidence that they meet one of the following: 51 percent or more owned by Section 3 residents; or at least 30 percent of its full time employees include persons that are currently Section 3 residents, or within three years of the date of first employment with the business concern were Section 3 residents; or provides evidence, as required, of a commitment to subcontract in excess of 25 percent of the dollar award of all subcontracts to be awarded to business concerns that meet the qualifications above.
 4. Race and Gender Neutral - Section 3 is both race and gender neutral. The preferences provided under this regulation are based on income-level and location. The Section 3 regulations were designed to encourage recipients of HUD funding to direct new employment and contracting opportunities to low-income residents, and the businesses that employ these persons, within their community regardless of race and/or gender.
- B. Numerical Goals: The department shall meet, and ensure that covered contractors and subcontractors meet the minimum numerical goals set forth at 24 CFR Part 135.30:
1. 30 percent of the aggregate number of new hires shall be Section 3 residents; and
 2. 10 percent of all covered construction contracts shall be awarded to Section 3 business concerns.
 3. At least three (3) percent of the total dollar amount of all other section 3 covered contracts.
 4. In accordance with 24 CFR § 135.30, if these minimum requirements are not met, sufficient documentation must be kept to provide reasoning and justification for non-compliance. This documentation should include evidence of all Section 3 outreach efforts.
 5. In order to meet these goals, the department shall maintain a certification process for Section 3 business concerns.
- C. The following clause shall be included (verbatim) in bid documents and all contracts for projects in which the amount of federal investment exceeds \$100,000.

24 CFR § 135.38 Section 3 clause.

All section 3 covered contracts shall include the following clause (referred to as the section 3 clause):

A. The work to be performed under this contract is subject to the requirements of section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u (section 3). The purpose of section 3 is to ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by HUD assistance or HUD-assisted projects covered by section 3, shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be directed to low- and very low-income persons, particularly persons who are recipients of HUD assistance for housing.

B. The parties to this contract agree to comply with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135, which implement section 3. As evidenced by their execution of this contract, the parties to this contract certify that they are under no contractual or other impediment that would prevent them from complying with the part 135 regulations.

C. The contractor agrees to send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other understanding, if any, a notice advising the labor organization or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section 3 clause, and will post copies of the notice in conspicuous places at the work site where both employees and applicants for training and employment positions can see the notice. The notice shall describe the section 3 preference, shall set forth minimum number and job titles subject to hire, availability of apprenticeship and training positions, the qualifications for each; and the name and location of the person(s) taking applications for each of the positions; and the anticipated date the work shall begin.

D. The contractor agrees to include this section 3 clause in every subcontract subject to compliance with regulations in 24 CFR part 135, and agrees to take appropriate action, as provided in an applicable provision of the subcontract or in this section 3 clause, upon a finding that the subcontractor is in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135. The contractor will not subcontract with any subcontractor where the contractor has notice or knowledge that the subcontractor has been found in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135.

E. The contractor will certify that any vacant employment positions, including training positions, that are filled (1) after the contractor is selected but before the contract is executed, and (2) with persons other than those to whom the regulations of 24 CFR part 135 require employment opportunities to be directed, were not filled to circumvent the contractor's obligations under 24 CFR part 135.

F. Noncompliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135 may result in sanctions, termination of this contract for default, and debarment or suspension from future HUD assisted contracts.

G. With respect to work performed in connection with section 3 covered Indian housing assistance, section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e) also applies to the work to be performed under this contract. Section 7(b) requires that to the greatest extent feasible (i) preference and opportunities for training and employment shall be given to Indians, and (ii) preference in the award of contracts and subcontracts shall be given to Indian organizations and Indian-owned Economic Enterprises. Parties to this contract that are subject to the provisions of section 3 and section 7(b) agree to comply with section 3 to the maximum extent feasible, but not in derogation of compliance with section 7(b).

D. UTILIZATION OF SECTION 3 AREA RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES

All contractors subject to this Section 3 regulation will provide a "Preliminary Statement of Work Force Needs" form, prior to the signing of a contract. This form shows the needed number and types of job classifications, current vacant positions and expected positions for new hires in the projected work force.

1. Each applicant, recipient, contractor or subcontractor undertaking work in connection with a Section 3 covered project can fulfill the obligation to utilize lower income project area

residents as trainees to the greatest extent in the various training categories and filling any vacant training positions with lower income project area residents except for those training position which remain unfilled after a good faith effort has been made to fill them with eligible income project area residents.

2. Each applicant, recipient, contractor or subcontractor undertaking work in connection with a Section 3 covered project can fulfill the obligation to utilize lower income project area residents as employees to the greatest extent feasible by identifying the number and types of positions not currently occupied by regular, permanent employees and establishing a goal of positions to be filled by lower income residents of the Section 3 covered project area and thereafter making a good faith effort to fill the identified positions.
3. In recruiting and filling vacancies, the City of Bryan, Texas will require contractors and subcontractors to attempt to recruit from the appropriate areas the necessary number of lower income residents through: local advertising media, signs placed at the proposed site for the project, and community organizations and public or private institutions operating within or serving the project area such as Employment or Workforce Commissions, Rehabilitation Commissions, Manpower Services, Community Action Agencies, Commission for the Blind, Veteran's Outreach Programs, etc. When lower income resident workers apply, either on their own initiative or on referral from any source, the contractor or subcontractor shall determine if the qualifications are satisfactory and if there are openings.

II. **CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN**

All competitive bidders and negotiated contractors, subject to 24 CFR Part 135 regulations (contracts over \$100,000) will submit to the City of Bryan utilization goals. Evaluation of each bid and negotiated contract will include the determination of responsiveness by evaluation of the proposed goals and provisions to achieve these objectives of Section 3 regulations. The following submittal, or similar, updated document, will be required of each construction contractor:

SECTION 3 BUSINESS CERTIFICATION AND NARRATIVE SECTION 3 ACTION PLAN

The work to be performed under bids on projects assisted under programs providing direct federal financial assistance from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) **are subject to the requirements of Section 3** of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968.

Section 3 Resident - A "section 3 resident" is: 1) a public housing (HUD) resident; or 2) a low- or very low-income person residing in the College Station-Bryan Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). The preferences provided under this regulation are based on income-level and location, and are race and gender-neutral. The following income limits apply to the households of those considered Section 3 residents based upon income: valiant

2019-20 City of Bryan Income Limits for Consideration as Low to Moderate Income.

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Household # | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Max. Income ('19-'20) | \$38,400 | \$43,850 | \$49,350 | \$54,800 | \$59,200 | \$63,600 | \$68,000 | \$72,350 |

Section 3 Business Concern - Section 3 business concerns are businesses which can provide evidence that they meet one of the following: 51 percent or more owned by Section 3 residents; or at least 30 percent of its full time employees include persons that are currently Section 3 residents, or within three years of the date of first employment with the business concern were Section 3 residents; or provides evidence, as required, of a commitment to subcontract in excess of 25 percent of the dollar award of all subcontracts to be awarded to business concerns that meet the qualifications above..

The Bidder represents and certifies as part of its bid that it **will comply** with the requirements of Section 3 in one of the following categories (**MUST CHECK ONE BOX ONLY**):

- CATEGORY A SECTION 3 BUSINESS CONCERN (OWNERSHIP):**
51% or more of the business is owned by Section 3 Residents (low income or public housing (HUD) residents in the College Station-Bryan MSA (attach copy of the first and last page of current lease and documentation of business ownership, such as articles of incorporation, form 1099, tax return, bank statement, or other satisfactory proof of ownership, along with the attached Affidavit of Section 3 Business Ownership).

- CATEGORY B SECTION 3 BUSINESS CONCERN (WORKFORCE):**
Full-time, permanent workforce of the business currently includes 30% or more Section 3 eligible residents, or within three years of the date of first employment with the business concern were Section 3 residents (attach a list of all employees with Section 3 employees so designated, along with an Affidavit of Section 3 employee status from each Section 3 employee.)

- CATEGORY C SECTION 3 BUSINESS CONCERN (SUBCONTRACT):**
The bidder hereby commits to subcontract at least 25% of the total amount of subcontracts to Category A or B Section 3 businesses. **Attach on separate sheets the name, address, phone number, amount of subcontract and Section 3 Business Concern category (A or B) for each intended Section 3 Business Concern subcontractor, and attach satisfactory documentation of the subcontractor's Section 3 status.**

SECTION 3 NARRATIVE AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLAN

All competitive bidders for Section 3 covered projects must submit to the City of Bryan a Section 3 narrative affirmative action plan including utilization goals. Evaluation of each bid and will include the

determination of responsiveness by evaluation of the proposed goals and provisions to achieve the objectives of Section 3 regulations. Attach additional pages as necessary.

A. Explain how you intend to recruit a minimum of 30% of Section 3 residents for **any new hires** from the time this bid is submitted until the contract is complete, and what actions you will use to require subcontractors to do the same. Check all applicable boxes.

Ads placed with local advertising media such as newspapers

Sign at the project site

Notification of Public Housing Agencies, Employment or Workforce Commissions, Rehabilitation Commissions, Manpower Services, Community Action Agencies, Commission for the Blind, Veteran's Outreach Programs, and any other appropriate entities.

Other _____

No new hires are anticipated for this project; however, if hiring becomes necessary, an amended plan will be submitted.

B. If you intend to subcontract, explain how you intend to subcontract a minimum of 25% of the work of this bid to Section 3 business concerns. Check all applicable boxes.

Ads placed with local advertising media such as newspapers

Sign at the project site

Contact a list of Section 3 certified Subcontractors as maintained by the local Community Development office, and/or HUD if available.

Other _____

No subcontracts are anticipated for this project; however, if subcontracting becomes necessary, a revised plan will be submitted.

C. Describe how you will document and maintain evidence of all Section 3 outreach efforts, and how you will require any subcontractors to do the same. Check all applicable boxes.

Maintain copies of ads placed with local advertising media such as newspapers

Maintain photos of signage at the project site

Maintain copies of letters or internet search results requesting a list of Section 3 certified Subcontractors as maintained by the local Community Development office, and/or HUD if available.

Other _____

No subcontracts are anticipated for this project; however, if subcontracting becomes necessary, a revised plan will be submitted.

D. The successful bidder will provide a "Preliminary Statement of Work Force Needs" form, prior to the signing of a contract. This form shows the needed number and types of job classifications, current vacant positions and expected positions for new hires in the projected work force to accomplish the work of this bid. In recruiting and filling vacancies to accomplish the work of this bid, the successful bidder shall recruit from the College Station-Bryan MSA the necessary number of lower income or public housing residents through: local advertising media, signs placed at the project site, and notices to appropriate community organizations and public or private institutions operating within or serving the project area such as: Public Housing Agencies, Employment or Workforce Commissions, Rehabilitation Commissions, Manpower Services, Community Action Agencies, Commission for the Blind, Veteran's Outreach Programs, and any other appropriate entities.

Provide selections from the list of resources below or list other resources to be used in recruiting Section 3 employees. Upon contracting, a completed "Preliminary Statement of Work Force Needs" shall be provided by the contractor to each organization contacted. Check all applicable boxes.

Resource List:

Public Housing Agency

Workforce Commission

Manpower Services/Employment Agencies

Texas Commission for the Blind

Brazos Valley Community Action Agency

Other _____

No new hires are anticipated for this project; however, if hiring becomes necessary, an amended plan will be submitted.

If no recruitment or hiring is anticipated, briefly explain why.

Business has no employees other than the owner(s).

Business is currently fully staffed, and has existing capacity for the proposed project.

Other _____

- E. Grievance Procedure: Section 3 employees must be informed that in the event of a grievance or complaint against the municipality or the general contractor, they may file by mail a grievance with:

Assistant Secretary for Equal Opportunity & Fair Housing
Department of Housing and Urban Development
451 Seventh St., S.W. - Room 5100
Washington, D.C. 20410-2000, or;

Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Division
Department of Housing and Urban Development
801 Cherry Street
P.O. Box 2905
Fort Worth, TX 76113-2905

- F. Subcontractors: Subcontractors will be informed of their requirement to submit a Section 3 Action Plan and certifications to the City.

Section 3 Clause

A. The work to be performed under this contract is subject to the requirements of Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u (Section 3). The purpose of Section 3 is to ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by HUD assistance or HUD-assisted projects covered by Section 3, shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be directed to low- and very low-income persons, particularly persons who are recipients of HUD assistance for housing.

B. The parties to this contract agree to comply with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135, which implement Section 3. As evidenced by their execution of this contract, the parties to this contract certify that they are under no contractual or other impediment that would prevent them from complying with the part 135 regulations.

C. The contractor agrees to send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other understanding, if any, a notice advising the labor organization or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this Section 3 clause, and will post copies of the notice in conspicuous places at the work site where both employees and applicants for training and employment positions can see the notice. The notice shall describe the Section 3 preference, shall set forth minimum number and job titles subject to hire, availability of apprenticeship and training positions, the qualifications for each; and the name and location of the person(s) taking applications for each of the positions; and the anticipated date the work shall begin.

D. The contractor agrees to include this Section 3 clause in every subcontract subject to compliance with regulations in 24 CFR part 135, and agrees to take appropriate action, as provided in an applicable provision of the subcontract or in this Section 3 clause, upon a finding that the subcontractor is in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135. The contractor will not subcontract with any subcontractor where the contractor has notice or knowledge that the subcontractor has been found in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135.

E. The contractor will certify that any vacant employment positions, including training positions, that are filled (1) after the contractor is selected but before the contract is executed, and (2) with persons other than those to whom the regulations of 24 CFR part 135 require employment opportunities to be directed, were not filled to circumvent the contractor's obligations under 24 CFR part 135.

F. Noncompliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135 may result in sanctions, termination of this contract for default, and debarment or suspension from future HUD assisted contracts.

G. With respect to work performed in connection with Section 3 covered Indian housing assistance, section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e) also applies to the work to be performed under this contract. Section 7(b) requires that to the greatest extent feasible (i) preference and opportunities for training and employment shall be given to Indians, and (ii) preference in the award of contracts and subcontracts shall be given to Indian organizations and Indian-owned Economic Enterprises. Parties to this contract that are subject to the provisions of Section 3 and section 7(b) agree to comply with Section 3 to the maximum extent feasible, but not in derogation of compliance with section 7(b).

Program Monitoring & Policies

The City of Bryan maintains policies and procedures for all CDBG and HOME funded program activities. The City of Bryan shall administer its grant in accordance with all applicable immigration restrictions and requirements, including the eligibility and certification requirement that apply under title IV of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, as amended (8 U.S. C. 1601-1646) (PRWORA) and any applicable requirements that HUD, the Attorney General, or the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services may establish from time to time to comply with PRWORA, Executive Order 14218 or other Executive Orders or immigration laws. The city will not use funding under this grant in a manner that by design or effect facilitates the subsidization or promotion of illegal immigration or abets policies that seek to shield illegal aliens from deportation. Unless excepted by PRWORA, the city must use SAVE, or an equivalent verification system approved by the Federal government, to prevent any Federal public benefit from being provided to an ineligible alien who entered the United States illegally or is otherwise unlawfully present in the United States. The City of Bryan agrees that its compliance in all respects with all applicable Federal anti-discrimination laws is material to the U.S. Government's payment decisions for purposes of section 3729(b)(4) of title 31, United States Code. The City of Bryan will not operate any programs that violate any applicable Federal anti-discrimination laws, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

Additionally, Bryan actively encourages Historically Under-utilized Businesses (HUBs) to participate in bid submittals for grant funded projects and actively seeks out minority businesses by affirmatively soliciting HUBs. The City Monitoring Plan consists of three reviews:

Internal Review of City Programs:

Record keeping and forms used for program implementation constitute legal instruments. The City Attorney, prior to their use, approves contracts. All other forms necessary for program use are developed and approved by CD staff. Staff is responsible for maintaining accurate and complete files as required by HUD on each program participant. In addition, staff conducts reviews to determine compliance with program requirements. Annual monitoring ensures long term compliance, including but not limited to, ensuring clients have hazard insurance and verifying that homes are owner occupied. Housing assistance activities are monitored for compliance with the Fair Housing and Equal Opportunities (FHEO) laws. Bryan consistently updates strategies to monitor efforts to affirmatively further Fair Housing. Bryan will seek technical assistance from FHEO staff in the strategy development to use in monitoring sub-recipients. On-site inspections are done at the beginning of each housing project to ensure code compliance.

Bryan shall meet all requirements set forth by OMB and documentation shall conform to HUD 24 CFR parts 84 and 85 as described in 24 CFR Section 570.502, the City accounting practices and applicable Federal Office of Management and Budget Circular 2 Part 200. An independent audit is conducted annually to ensure that grant funds are used in accordance with program requirements. The City monitors internal benchmarks for goals on a quarterly basis. Additional financial reconciliation is done monthly.

Sub-recipient Monitoring:

Monitoring provides a basis for assessing a program and identifying concerns. A secondary goal is to obtain data assess achievement. Evaluations summarize monitoring findings and program goals, and measure progress towards goals during program efforts. All sub-recipients are monitored at least once quarterly on-site (when

feasible unless precluded by social distancing during pandemics) and quarterly in-house, with a final onsite (after year-end), to ensure compliance before contract close-out. Bryan has responsibility for overall CDBG performance and Consolidated Plan compliance, including sub-recipient performance. Clear record keeping of sub-recipients is essential to grant accountability. Responsibility for maintaining many of the records is assigned to the sub-recipient, including documenting activities with special requirements. Bryan serves as the grantee and contracts with sub-recipient organizations to provide services to low-income citizens. The contract details the services provided and a concise statement of conditions, requirements, and performance criteria. The City Attorney, prior to execution, shall approve the contract.

Categories of Eligible HOME Applicants and Application Processes

Homebuyer Down Payment Assistance (DPA) (HOME)

An open-application process available to all eligible applicants on a first-come, first-serve basis. Appropriate homebuyer assistance funding is provided as a deferred loan of up to \$15,000 (or potentially more for City-sponsored developments) for all potential households seeking a home within the city limits of Bryan.

Information regarding the program and application process (including applications) is available at the Community Development Department office, the Department's website (<http://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/community-development-programs/>), in periodic advertisements through local media, at Community Development Advisory Committee monthly public meetings, and at the City's library.

Applicant Requirements:

1. Participant's household income may not exceed 80% of the Area Median Household Income.
2. Participants must be first-time home buyers or not have owned a home in the past three (3) years.
3. Applicants must be employed or have a verifiable family income (SSI, Social Security, child support, documented self-employment, etc.) sufficient to repay any necessary note based upon the City's debt to income ratios: 33% Housing Payment Ratio, and 43% Total Debt to Income Ratio.
4. All household members must be U.S. citizens or qualified permanent legal resident aliens.
5. Married Couples are considered joint applicants and both spouses must be on all documents.
6. Applicants must attend a formal homebuyer housing counseling training by an approved provider.
7. Applicants must contribute a minimum of \$1,000 toward the transaction.
8. Applicants must be employed in the same job or field for at least six (6) months, and self-employed applicants for at least two (2) years.
9. Applicants must be current on income taxes, student loans and child support payments, with no previous foreclosure in the past five (5) years.
10. Applicants may have not outstanding delinquent Bryan Texas Utilities accounts or City of Bryan loans, unpaid citations, or fines.
11. Detailed records are kept for applicants approved, denied or declined the services of the program.

Home Owner's Housing Assistance (Major Rehabilitation/Reconstruction) (HOME)

An open-application process available to all eligible homeowners applicants within the city limits, based on a first-come, first-serve basis (after completion of the application and once eligibility has been established). Funding assistance is provided as a deferred loan of up to \$45,000 for applicants less than 50% of the AMI, with the remaining necessary funding provided as a repayable loan at terms and rates affordable to the applicant and acceptable to the City.

Information regarding the program and application process (including applications) is available at the Community Development Department office, the Department's website (<http://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/community-development-programs/>), in periodic advertisements through local media, at Community Development Advisory Committee monthly public meetings, and at the City's library.

Requirements 1,3,4,5,9,10, and 11 above are applicable, in addition to the following:

1. Participants must own their home and live there as a principal residence (Homestead) for at least the past two years.
2. Applicants must be current on property taxes (or legally deferred because of age or disability) income taxes, student loans and child support payments, with no previous foreclosure or bankruptcy in the past five (5) years.
3. Applicant's home must be a single-family detached home or condominium which meets applicable eligibility and feasibility guidelines. Applicants with sites which are infeasible to rehabilitate or reconstruct may have the option to relocate to alternative sites, if available.

Housing Development Program

An open-proposal process available to all eligible developers with the capacity to complete developments deemed feasible by the department. Available to non-profit and for-profit developers to increase housing availability and access, depending on funding availability throughout the year. Request-for-proposals are solicited when a specific type of development is warranted.

Homes are made available through the application process, and HOME Program beneficiary and affordability requirements are imposed on rental and/or owner applicants. Where the City is the owner/seller, and/or where the City of Bryan's Down Payment Assistance Program (DAP) is used, all DAP Program requirements listed above apply. All applicable City development and RFP requirements also apply.

Information regarding the program, process, and available units is available at the Community Development Department office, the Department's website (<http://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/community-development-programs/>), in periodic advertisements through local media, at Community Development Advisory Committee monthly public meetings, and on the City's Community Development website: <https://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/public-services-facilities-funding/>

Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) Program

A closed-application process available every two years to all eligible non-profit developers using a request-for-proposals (RFP) method for CHDO eligible developers to increase housing availability and access, as funding allows.

Homes are made available through the application process, and HOME Program beneficiary and affordability requirements are imposed on rental and/or owner applicants. Where the City of Bryan's Down Payment Assistance Program (DAP) is used, all DAP Program requirements listed above apply. All applicable City development and RFP requirements also apply.

Information regarding the program, process, and available units is available at the Community Development Department office, the Department's website (<http://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/community-development-programs/>), in periodic advertisements through local media, at Community Development Advisory Committee monthly public meetings, and on the City's Community Development website: <https://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/public-services-facilities-funding/>

**Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice
2025 Update**

To Satisfy the Requirements of 24 CFR § 91.225(a) (1)

August 14, 2025



**City of Bryan
Community Development Department
1803 Greenfield Plaza
Bryan, TX 77802
(979) 209-5173**



Table of Contents

| | |
|--|--|
| Introduction | Page 1 |
| Study Description | Page 1 |
| Study Observations and Recommendations Summary | Page 2 |
| Research Objectives | Page 5 |
| National, State, and Local Fair Housing Laws Summary | Page 5 |
| Activities Utilizing CDBG to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing | Page 7 |
| Affirmative Marketing Policy and Procedures | Page 7 |
| Analysis of Local Housing Market and Business Practices | Page 9 |
| Housing Availability and Affordability Profiles | Page 12 |
| Fair Housing Complaint Profile | Page 14 |
| Identification of Actions Initiated Within Jurisdiction | Page 16 |
| Fair Housing Education Programs | Page 17 |
| Appendices | |
| Appendix-A | City of Bryan Fair Housing Ordinance |
| Appendix-B | FFIEC HMDA List of Financial Institutions and Disposition of Loan Data |
| Appendix-C | TWC Public Information Discrimination Cases Request/Response |
| Appendix D | City of Bryan FOIA Discrimination Cases Request/Response |

Introduction

AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHERING FAIR HOUSING: As part of its mission to administer federal grants, the City of Bryan Community Development Department has historically been required by Executive Order 12892 to affirmatively further fair housing in the programs and activities within its jurisdiction. HUD has recently published an interim Final Rule, effective April 2, 2025. This interim final rule revises HUD's regulation governing the Fair Housing Act's mandate that the Secretary administer HUD's program and activities in a manner that affirmatively furthers fair housing. This interim final rule returns to the original understanding of what the statutory AFFH certification was prior to 1994—a general commitment that grantees will take active steps to promote fair housing. Grantee AFFH certifications will be deemed sufficient provided they took any action during the relevant period rationally related to promoting fair housing, such as helping eliminate housing discrimination. This interim final rule does not, however, reinstate the obligation to conduct an Analysis of Impediments (AI) or mandate any specific fair housing planning mechanism; program participants must continue to affirmatively further fair housing as and to the extent required by the Fair Housing Act. Therefore, while this AI is no longer required, it serves as a record of how the City of Bryan works to combat housing discrimination within its jurisdiction.

The City of Bryan has adopted a Fair Housing Ordinance under Chapter 58, Article II of the City of Bryan Code of Ordinances and conducts an Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice update every five years to coincide with the 5-Year Consolidated Plan process.

Fair housing protections are guaranteed and regulated by Federal, state, and local statutes, ordinances, regulations, guidelines, and executive orders. No person shall be subjected to discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, age, or national origin. These are known as “Protected Classes”. Discriminatory housing practices are prohibited in all housing—both publicly and privately owned and developed housing. HUD defines unlawful discriminatory actions as including: Discrimination in the sale or rental of a dwelling; in the terms and use of housing; by members of the real estate industry; Discriminatory advertising; and in residential real estate-related transactions to members of a protected class.

Fair Housing Complaints:

Fair housing complaints may be filed online with the U.S. Department of H.U.D. here:

https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/fair_housing_equal_opp/online-complaint

Or, contact HUD:

SOUTHWEST OFFICE

Fair Housing Hub U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development

801 North Cherry, 27th Floor Fort Worth, TX 76102

Telephone (817) 978-5900 or 1-888-560-8913 Fax (817) 978-5876 or 5851 • TTY (817) 978-5595

E-mail: Complaints_office_06@hud.gov

Or, contact the Texas Workforce Commission Civil Rights Division:

Texas Workforce Commission

Civil Rights Division

1117 Trinity Street, Rm. 144-T

Austin, Texas 78701

Study Description

The Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice Update

This Analysis updates that the original analysis to coincide with the City of Bryan's 2025-2029 Consolidated Plan. The study was performed in order to satisfy the requirements of 24 CFR 91.225(a) (1) titled "Certifications", which states:

"Affirmatively furthering fair housing." Each jurisdiction is required to submit a certification that it will affirmatively further fair housing, which means that it will conduct an analysis to identify impediments to fair housing choice within the jurisdiction, take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis, and maintain records reflecting the analysis and actions in this regard." This update was performed to meet that requirement.

Impediments to fair housing choice are considered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to be any actions, omissions, or decisions taken because of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status or national origin that restrict housing choices or the availability of housing choices. The Analysis of Impediments is not directly approved by HUD, though a summary of its content is a required component of the City's Consolidated Plan. HUD asks that the Analysis of Impediments (AI), serve as the substantive, logical basis for fair housing planning; Provide essential and detailed information to policy makers, administrative staff, housing providers, lenders, and fair housing advocates; and assist in building public support for fair housing efforts both within a City's boundaries and beyond. This analysis must be updated every three to five years.

Study Observations and Recommendations Summary

Fair Housing Action Work Plan

This Fair Housing Work Plan provides a nexus between the City of Bryan Community Development Department (CDS) planned fair housing activities in the coming fiscal year (Program Year 2025), and the observations made in the City's 2025 Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice:

- **Observation 1:** There have been few fair housing complaints in the City of Bryan. For the 2020-2024 reporting period eleven (11) discrimination cases were provided to the City by HUD FHEO or the Texas Workforce Commission Civil Rights Division. All complaints related to discrimination in rental. More than half of these were related to discrimination based upon rental terms, conditions, or facilities. The primary basis for discrimination complaints was disability (63%), followed by family status and race (27% each), and National Origin (one; .9%). All cases were found to be without cause, withdrawn, settled, or dismissed.

Recommendation: Continue fair housing educational and outreach activities through public service announcements to ensure a greater distribution of bilingual materials on the Internet (City website, YouTube), in the public library and through public service radio and television ads and outreach, especially on Spanish-language radio stations, that inform citizens on their rights and how to file complaints about housing discrimination. Provide educational information to City boards, such as the City's Community Development Advisory Committee, on fair housing education and outreach, provide information in

community forums such as quarterly Partnership board meetings (whose 80 non- profits members serve primarily low/moderate income clients), health fairs and coalition groups such as the local Brazos Valley Coalition for the Homeless.

Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative and City of Bryan Public Communication General Funds.

Recommendation 2: Continue fair housing educational and outreach activities targeted toward housing providers, lenders, and insurers through local associations to increase non-discrimination awareness by public service announcements, website education, and community meetings such as the City’s Community Development Advisory Committee meetings.

Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative funds.

- **Observation 2:** Current limits on the numbers of unrelated occupants in a single family dwelling likely meet the test of reasonableness under the Fair Housing Act, although there is currently debate at the state level as to whether relatedness of occupants may be a discriminatory factor. Bryan also has Residential Conservation District R- NC zoning by individual neighborhoods (slightly more than 2,000 homes) which allows only 2 unrelated adult residents, maximum. This zoning classification could be found not to meet the test of reasonableness under the Fair Housing Act.

Recommendation 1: Continue to monitor case law and state of Texas legislation in relation to this zoning classification. Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative funds.

Recommendation 2: Continue to monitor proposed changes to City ordinances and provide feedback to relevant committees and staff members regarding potential conflict with any fair housing laws. Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative funds.

- **Observation 3:** According to a review of HMDA data, Black applicants’ incidence of conventional loan denial is significantly higher than their percentage of their population as a whole.

Recommendation 1: Continue to counsel minority Down Payment Assistance applicants regarding credit education and submission of loan applications only when likely to receive approval from the lender.

Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative funds, and HOME housing project funds (Down Payment Assistance).

Recommendation 2: Continue to promote Homebuyer Counseling Training to minority applicants

Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative funds.

- **Observation 4:** Hispanics and Blacks have higher incidences of government insured loan denials due to excessive debt and inadequate collateral, respectively.

Recommendation 1: Continue to counsel minority Down Payment Assistance applicants regarding credit education and submission of loan applications only when likely to receive approval from the lender.

Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative funds, and HOME housing project funds (Down Payment Assistance).

Recommendation 2: Continue to promote Homebuyer Counseling Training to minority applicants

Source of Funds: Community Development Budget CDBG – Administrative funds.

Nexus to Affirmatively Further Fair and Affordable Housing

The City's Community Development Department (CDS) tracks staff time spent on FHEO activities so that an equivalent administrative or program delivery costs attributed to FHEO efforts can be quantified. Similar calculations are made regarding local public service and housing agency staff costs on FHEO related activities.

Actions to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing

Local FHEO activities that the city's CDS Office anticipates pursuing in the upcoming program year (PY2025-26) include the following:

- Provide notices and market affordable housing programs, properties, and services in Spanish language newspapers, radio, social media and/or television.
- Make Fair Housing and Affirmative Marketing information available to the public by holding multiple public hearings at public meetings during the program year.
- Hold all public meetings in ADA accessible facilities and ensure that housing projects comply with FHEO and ADA accessibility requirements.
- Make housing program information available to the disabled and non-English speakers by utilizing ADA accessible facilities and making translation and sign language services available.
- Make information on housing programs available to local churches, churches and civic groups that serve lower income persons and/or protected classes.
- When necessary, provide virtual/online opportunities for citizens to view and participate in public hearings.
- Market available affordable units to lower income persons and/or protected classes by providing information to local churches, civic groups and agencies that serve them.
- Host a Contractor's event promoting FHEO topics during the NCDA CDBG week.
- Distribute Fair Housing flyers at public events.

Previous and Ongoing Actions to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing:

- City adopted a Fair Housing ordinance, CHAPTER 58, ARTICLE II. DISCRIMINATION: FAIR HOUSING, Sec. 58-40, to ensure fair housing options are available to its citizens.
- Outreach activities and public service announcements to improve public Fair Housing awareness to City boards, such as the City's Community Development Advisory Committee, Community Partnership board meetings (whose 80 nonprofit members serve primarily low/moderate income clients), and neighborhood associations.
- Annual Public Hearings and Public Meetings were held providing information and requesting public comment on fair housing or related issues during the 2015-2019 fiscal years. The efforts are held in ADA accessible facilities in a variety of locations to ensure the maximum feasible accessibility to the public.

- Down payment and closing cost program assistance made available citywide to eligible homebuyers by the Community Development Department and other local housing services providers.
- Homebuyer and homeowner education including fair housing information is provided by the city and other local housing services providers.
- City sponsored acquisition and new construction program efforts underway to increase affordable housing opportunities locally.
- The Community Development Department has made outreach efforts to for-profit and non-profit builders and developers through funding and technical assistance to increase the supply of decent, affordable housing within low to moderate-income neighborhoods as well as creation of affordable housing on a citywide basis.
- The City maintains an Affirmative Marketing Plan to directly market newly developed City-assisted housing units to minority groups least likely to apply.
- Annual Fair Housing outreach is conducted to participating contractors at events promoting FHEO topics during the NCDA CDBG week.
- Fair Housing materials and presentation is provided to Section 8 rental landlords during orientation in conjunction with the Brazos Valley Council of Governments Housing Choice Voucher Program.

Results

All City of Bryan-assisted developments are currently in compliance based upon Community Development Department monitoring review records. The supply of affordable housing available in low to moderate income areas and citywide has been increased through the activities of the department. No complaints have been filed with the City Attorney's office under the City of Bryan Fair Housing Ordinance as of June 2, 2025. Zero (0) Needs Survey respondents stated they had experienced discrimination in Bryan.

Research Objectives

The Analysis of Impediments (AI) update has three major objectives:

- ◆ Identify impediments to fair housing choice within the City of Bryan
- ◆ Recommend appropriate actions to overcome the effects of identified impediments
- ◆ To serve as a formal record

National, State and Local Fair Housing Laws Summary

National Fair Housing Laws

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin in programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance.

The Federal Fair Housing Act, of 1968 and amended in 1988, prohibits discrimination in housing on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, gender/sex, familial status and handicap (disability). The Fair Housing Act covers most types of housing including rental housing, home sales, mortgage and home improvement lending, and land use and zoning. Excluded from the Act are owner-occupied buildings with no more than four units, single family housing units sold or rented without the use of a real estate agent or broker, housing operated by organizations and private clubs that limit occupancy to members, and housing

for older persons. HUD has the primary authority for enforcing the Federal Fair Housing Act.

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits discrimination based on disability in any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

Section 109 of Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex or religion in programs and activities receiving financial assistance from HUD's Community Development and Block Grant Program.

Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 prohibits discrimination based on disability in programs, services, and activities provided or made available by public entities. HUD enforces Title II when it relates to state and local public housing, housing assistance and housing referrals.

The Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 requires that buildings and facilities designed, constructed, altered, or leased with certain federal funds after September 1969 must be accessible to and useable by handicapped persons.

The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 prohibits discrimination on the basis of age in programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.

Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities that receive federal financial assistance.

Executive Order 11063 prohibits discrimination in the sale, leasing, rental, or other disposition of properties and facilities owned or operated by the federal government or provided with federal funds.

Executive Order 11246 bars discrimination in federal employment because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

Executive Order 12892, requires federal agencies to affirmatively further fair housing in their programs and activities, and provides that the Secretary of HUD will be responsible for coordinating the effort. The Order also establishes the President's Fair Housing Council, which will be chaired by the Secretary of HUD.

Executive Order 12898 requires that each federal agency conduct its program, policies, and activities that substantially affect human health or the environment in a manner that does not exclude persons based on race, color, or national origin.

Executive Order 13166 eliminates, to the extent possible, limited English proficiency as a barrier to full and meaningful participation by beneficiaries in all federally-assisted and federally conducted programs and activities.

Executive Order 13217 requires federal agencies to evaluate their policies and programs to determine if any can be revised or modified to improve the availability of community-based living arrangements for persons with disabilities.

HUD Final Rule (Pending) Implementing the Fair housing Act's Disparate Impact Standard. The Act creates liability for practices with an unjustified discriminatory effect, even if those practices were not motivated by discriminatory intent. This rule will amend HUD's interpretation of the Fair Housing Act's disparate impact standard to better reflect the Supreme Court's 2015 ruling in *Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs v. Inclusive Communities Project, Inc.*

State of Texas Fair Housing Laws

Texas Fair Housing Act Texas Property Code, Title 15, Fair Housing Practices, Chapter 301 provides rights and remedies substantially equivalent to those granted under federal law.

Local Fair Housing Laws

City of Bryan Fair Housing Ordinance (See Attached CHAPTER 58, ARTICLE II. DISCRIMINATION: FAIR HOUSING, Sec. 58-40) prohibits discrimination in housing sales, rentals, brokerage, or financing with the City of Bryan because of race, color, sex, religion, or national origin.

Activities Utilizing CDBG Funding to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing

Funding of fair housing activities. The City of Bryan funds the following fair housing activities using CDBG funding:

- Presentation and dissemination of fair housing material at Community Development public meetings and outreach events

CDBG funding of fair housing activities by others. The City of Bryan accepts applications for CDBG funding from eligible nonprofit public service agencies, including agencies working to further fair housing.

In-kind contributions in support of fair housing. The following are in-kind contributions in support of fair housing provided by the City of Bryan:

- Webpage link to the Department of Housing and Urban Development and fair housing information: <http://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/#fairhousing>
- Display of the Fair Housing Poster prominently throughout the Community Development office, and use of the Fair Housing logo on all promotional materials
- The City maintains and utilizes an Affirmative Marketing Policy process to directly market newly developed City-assisted housing units to minority groups least likely to apply.

Evaluation of activities utilizing CDBG funding. Analysis of public hearing comments and survey data regarding fair housing activities finds continued emphasis on continuing fair housing presentations to the public and building public awareness of fair housing continues to be effective in increasing awareness.

Affirmative Marketing Policy and Procedures

In accordance with Home Program regulations and in furtherance of the City's commitment to non-discrimination and equal opportunity in housing, the City of Bryan has established procedures to affirmatively market units constructed or rehabilitated through the City's affordable housing programs. These procedures are included in Appendix-F of this Analysis of Impediments. In summary, the City believes that individuals of similar economic levels in the same housing market area should have available to them a like range of housing choices regardless of their race, color, religion, sex and national origin.

The City is committed to affirmative marketing, which will be implemented in housing programs through procedures that the City and participating owners will follow. These goals are reached by informing the public, potential tenants and owners about Federal Fair Housing Laws and Affirmative Marketing Policies

and informing persons of racial, ethnic and gender groups about unit availability. The City will also attract and solicit applications for assistance from persons not likely to apply without special outreach.

The City has identified African American and Hispanic households as two groups in the local housing market who would likely not apply for the units without special outreach. Having identified these two groups, the Community Development Department will undertake special outreach methods to enhance minority awareness of the city's affordable housing programs.

For the African American community, the City will contact the churches serving that community in the neighborhood of the development, and request that these organizations inform members of their organizations about the availability of newly developed housing units and housing assistance programs. Likewise, the City will contact churches serving the Hispanic community in neighborhoods with development activity and the local LULAC group in order to request that these organizations inform members of their organizations about the availability of newly developed housing units and housing assistance programs.

The City will keep records of racial, ethnic and gender characteristics of homebuyers, homeowners and applicants for a minimum of five years following project completion and will maintain copies of advertisements and other efforts of special outreach. The City will also require that organizations receiving federal housing funds through the Community Development Department also keep records of how available properties were marketed.

Finally, the City will conduct assessments and corrective actions, as needed, to gauge the effectiveness of affirmative marketing efforts and will review information related to procedures and successes in encouraging minority participation in its affordable housing programs. To determine results, the City will examine whether or not persons from the African American and Hispanic groups applied for or became tenants or owners of units that were affirmatively marketed. If it is found that they are represented, the City will assume our procedures were effective.

The City will carry out assessment activities and complete a written assessment of affirmative marketing efforts to be included in the annual performance report to HUD. This assessment will cover marketing relative to units constructed or rehabilitated and first made available for occupancy during that year. Owners, builders and developers offering properties assisted by the City of Bryan Community Development Department are required to comply with the City's affirmative marketing requirement on all units sold under the program, to include:

- Corresponding with various community organizations, employment agencies, churches, etc. in order to accomplish special outreach to those not likely to apply for housing in the available properties.
- Utilizing the fair housing logo on all printed advertisements and prominently in the business office.
- Providing fair housing brochures to prospective tenants informing them of fair housing laws and the City's Affirmative Marketing Policy.

Analysis of Local Housing Market and Business Practices

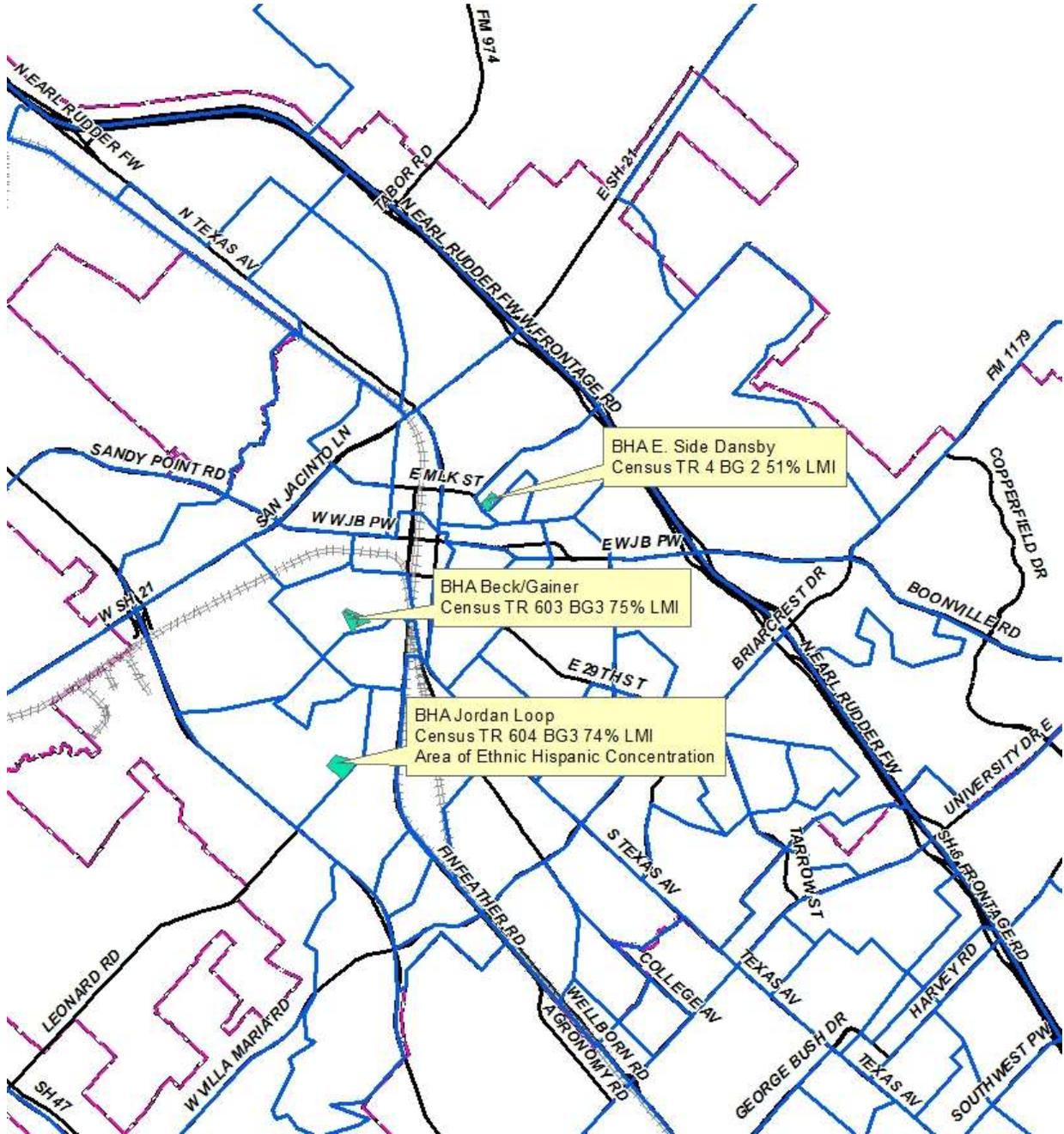
FFIEC HMDA Data Tables (SEE APPENDIX) for Disposition of Applications for Conventional, Government Insured, Refinance and Home Improvement Loans

Observation: HMDA data indicates that both Black and Hispanic applicants generally experience high denial rates as demonstrated in the appendix tables. Denials are primarily attributable to poor credit history ratings. Loan denial percentages, as compared to respective percentages of the population as a whole, are higher for Blacks and Hispanics, respectively. This data suggests that consumer credit counseling and homeowner education should continue to be a priority in the assistance provided by the city and other local housing assistance providers, and should be affirmatively marketed to minority populations.

Distribution of Housing Vouchers, Fair Housing Equity Analysis

- The intent of the voucher choice program (Section 8) is to provide housing choice to renters to obtain housing throughout the market area, not just in concentrated subsidized housing. Households utilizing vouchers pay 30 percent of income for rent and utilities. The difference between this amount and the HUD Fair Market Rent (FMR) is the tenant's subsidy, provided through locally through the Brazos Valley Council of Governments. There are 1,643 local vouchers, with 1,073 currently in use in Bryan. Voucher holders are well dispersed throughout the community.
- Public housing: There are 300 multi-site public housing units in the City of Bryan operated by the Public Housing Authority of the City of Bryan, which are located in primarily low to moderate income areas, and areas of minority concentration. See below map:

Distribution of Public Housing

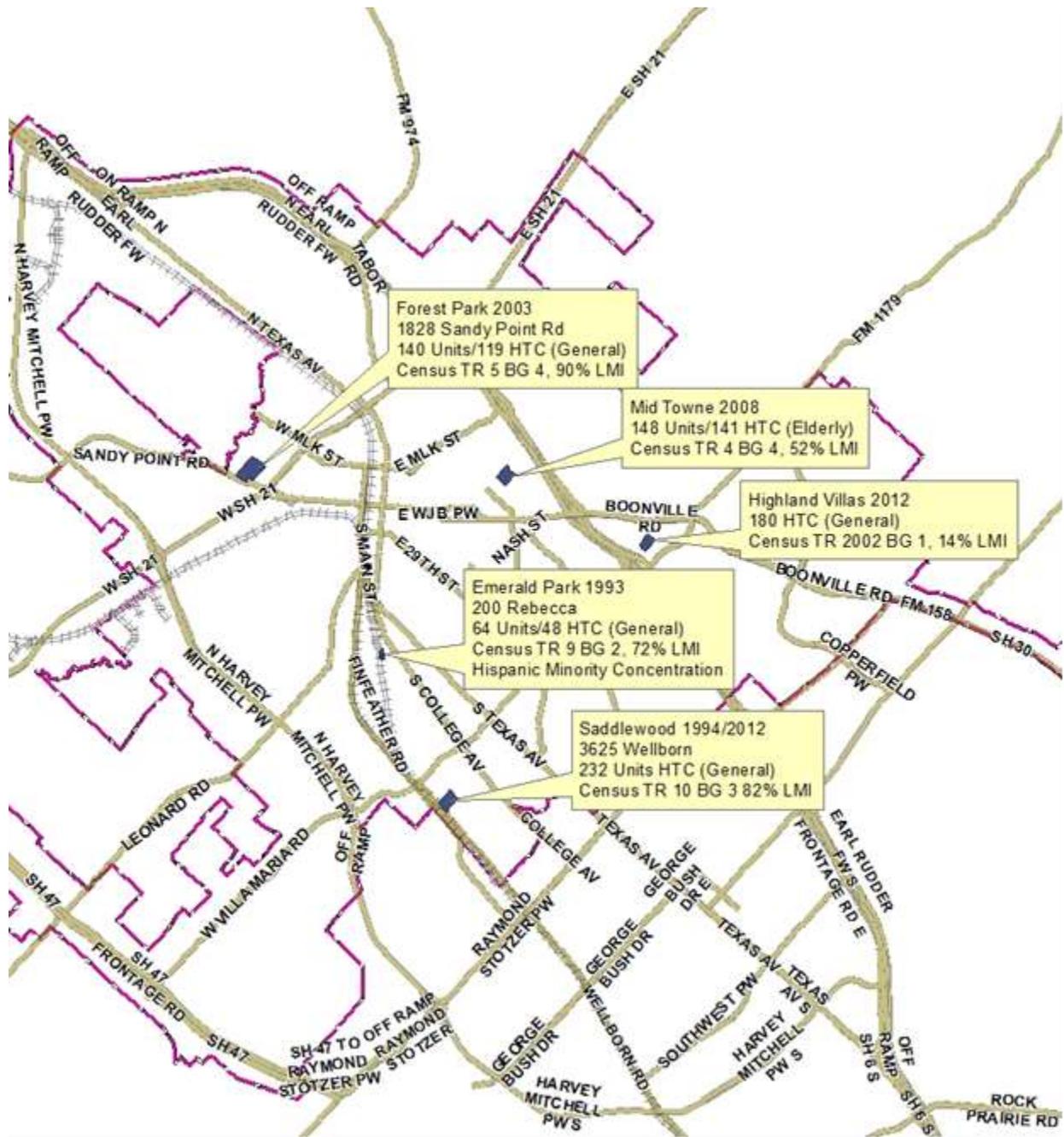


In light of the U.S. Supreme Court's Disparate Impact ruling, any future expansion or development at these sites must be further evaluated to determine the extent to which the development may disparately impact protected classes. New public housing may be required to be located in more affluent areas of the city to avoid adverse impacts to minorities.

- Homeless persons: No ordinance other than those relating to securing unsafe structures address homelessness or vagrancy.
- Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) Multifamily Developments: On June 25, 2015, the United States Supreme Court upheld the application of disparate impact under the Fair Housing Act ("FHA") in *Texas Department of Housing & Community Affairs v. The Inclusive Communities Project, Inc.* The court held that a plaintiff may establish liability, without proof of intentional discrimination, if an identified business practice has a disproportionate effect on certain groups of individuals (poor minorities/protected classes) and if the practice is not grounded in sound business considerations. At issue was whether TDHCA's rules regarding Low Income Housing Tax Credit developments encouraged development in primarily low-income, minority neighborhoods.

The City of Bryan has evaluated the distribution of the Housing Tax Credit Developments within its jurisdiction. Most fall within a low to moderate income area that is also an area of minority concentration. Mid Towne Manor (Formerly Emerald Park) is a 64-unit development constructed in 1993. There are 5 total LIHTC developments with approximately 764 total units. The developments are generally located along or with close access to major roads with good access to public transportation, and contain sufficient units accessible to the disabled. All but one, Highland Villas, a newly completed development, are within LMI census block groups (See map, below). Future expansion or development primarily at the Emerald Park location must be further evaluated to determine the extent to which the development may disparately impact protected classes. Support for future LIHTC units by the City should be targeted to avoid low and moderate income areas and areas of minority concentration to avoid disparate adverse impacts to protected classes. See map below:

Distribution of LIHTC's



Potential Areas of Discriminatory Business Practices and Identification of Impediments:

- A potential discriminatory practice may be the development of a trend toward reducing the number of occupants in single-family dwellings, either through current use of the Residential Conservation District zoning, or by future modification of the Zoning Ordinance in order to reduce neighborhood difficulties with traffic and noise by student residents.
- The current occupancy limit imposed by the constitution of the State of Texas is found in the Texas Property code, and generally allows adult occupants to number three times the number of bedrooms in the unit:

§ 92.010 OCCUPANCY LIMITS. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), the maximum number of adults that a landlord may allow to occupy a dwelling is three times the number of bedrooms in the dwelling. (b) A landlord may allow an occupancy rate of more than three adult tenants per bedroom: (1) to the extent that the landlord is required by a state or federal fair housing law to allow a higher occupancy rate; or (2) if an adult whose occupancy causes a violation of Subsection (a) is seeking temporary sanctuary from family violence, as defined by Section 71. 004, Family Code, for a period that does not exceed one month. (c) An individual who owns or leases a dwelling within 3,000 feet of a dwelling as to which a landlord has violated this section, or a governmental entity or civic association acting on behalf of the individual, may file suit against a landlord to enjoin the violation. A party who prevails in a suit under this subsection may recover court costs and reasonable attorney's fees from the other party. In addition to court costs and reasonable attorney's fees, a plaintiff who prevails under this subsection may recover from the landlord \$500 for each violation of this section. (d) In this section: (1) "Adult" means an individual 18 years of age or older. (2) "Bedroom" means an area of a dwelling intended as sleeping quarters. The term does not include a kitchen, dining room, bathroom, living room, utility room, or closet or storage area of a dwelling. Added by Acts 1993, 73rd Leg., ch. 937, § 1, eff. Sept. 1, 1993. Amended by Acts 2003, 78th Leg., ch. 1276, § 7.002(o), eff. Sept. 1, 2003.

Occupancy limits have also been addressed by the Federal Fair Housing Act of 1968 and corresponding legislative history. The following quotations regarding occupancy limits and familial status are taken from City of Richmond Heights, Ohio, *Defendant*, City of Warrensville Heights, Ohio; City of Fairview Park, Ohio; City of Bedford Heights, Ohio, *Defendants-Appellees* in the U.S. Court of Appeals, 6th Circuit.

Despite its broad goal of eradicating discrimination in housing based on familial status, however, Congress also recognized the legitimate interests local and state governments have in enacting non-discriminatory occupancy restrictions. Accordingly, Congress made clear that:

These provisions are not intended to limit the applicability of any *reasonable* local, State, or Federal restrictions on the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling unit. A number of jurisdictions limit the number of occupants per unit based on a minimum number of square feet in the unit or the sleeping areas of the unit. *Reasonable* limitations by governments would be allowed to continue, as long as they were applied to all occupants, and did not operate to discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, handicap or familial status. *Id.* at 31; *see also Edmonds*, 514 U.S. at 735 n.8 (quoting legislative history). (Emphasis added)

It is possible that limiting occupancy in single-family dwellings within the City or within neighborhoods may violate the test of whether or not occupancy limits are reasonable or discriminate against families. It is recommended that the City maintain awareness of this issue as case law is decided.

- **Disparate Impact:** Future City of Bryan policies, programs, and projects for LIHTC developments, public housing, and other grant-supported developments should be evaluated for compliance with the U.S. Supreme Court's Disparate Impact ruling to determine the extent to which the City's programs and policies may disparately impact minorities. This will require consideration of whether the City's policies, programs, and projects expand housing opportunities for protected classes throughout the city, with concerns as to whether contemplated projects will have numbers of bedrooms to accommodate both large families and the elderly, as well as providing access to disabled residents. Attention to evolving case law and guidance from HUD will be necessary should expansion or redevelopment be proposed for existing LIHTC or public housing sites falling within LMI areas and areas of minority concentration.

Fair Housing Complaint Profile

Fair Housing Complaints: There have been few fair housing complaints in the City of Bryan. For the 2020-2024 reporting period eleven (11) discrimination cases were provided to the City by HUD FHEO or the Texas Workforce Commission Civil Rights Division. All complaints related to discrimination in rental. More than half of these were related to discrimination based upon rental terms, conditions, or facilities. The primary basis for discrimination complaints was disability (63%), followed by family status and race (27% each), and National Origin (one; .9%). All cases were found to be without cause, withdrawn, settled, or dismissed.

- **Documentation of Fair Housing Complaints:** The following table illustrates the fair housing complaints within the jurisdictional boundaries of the City of Bryan.

| Case Number - HUD | Closure Reason | Filing Date - FHAP | HUD Closure Date | Bases | Issues |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 06-24-6762-8 | Complainant failed to cooperate | 9/29/2023 | 03/07/24 | Disability | Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Discrimination in terms/conditions/privileges relating to rental; Failure to make reasonable accommodation |
| 06-23-6254-8 | No cause determination | 5/1/2023 | 09/14/23 | Disability | Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Failure to make reasonable accommodation |
| 06-21-1475-8 | No cause determination | 6/23/2021 | 09/07/21 | Disability | Discrimination in terms/conditions/privileges relating to rental; Failure to make reasonable accommodation |
| 06-23-5869-8 | Complaint withdrawn by complainant without resolution | 12/30/2022 | 04/21/23 | Disability | Discrimination in terms/conditions/privileges relating to rental; Failure to make reasonable accommodation |
| 06-20-8442-8 | Conciliation/settlement successful | 5/8/2020 | 12/08/20 | Disability | Discriminatory refusal to rent; Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Failure to make reasonable accommodation |
| 06-23-5943-8 | No cause determination | 1/30/2023 | 07/12/23 | Disability | Discriminatory refusal to negotiate for rental; Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Discriminatory acts under Section 818 (coercion, Etc.) |
| 06-23-5976-8 | Conciliation/settlement successful | 2/1/2023 | 11/07/23 | Race, Sex, Religion, Disability | Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Failure to make reasonable accommodation |
| 06-22-4463-8 | Conciliation/settlement successful | 7/6/2022 | 10/27/22 | Race, Disability | Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Discrimination in services and facilities relating to rental; Other discriminatory acts |
| 06-23-5614-8 | Complaint withdrawn by complainant without resolution | 11/3/2022 | 04/27/23 | Race, Color | Discrimination in terms/conditions/privileges relating to rental |
| 06-22-4676-8 | No cause determination | 7/20/2022 | 01/18/23 | Disability | Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Failure to make reasonable accommodation |
| 06-23-6032-8 | No cause determination | 2/23/2023 | 01/26/24 | National Origin | Discriminatory terms, conditions, privileges, or services and facilities; Discriminatory acts under Section 901 (criminal) |

- **Administrative Complaints:** No administrative complaints have been received according to the City of Bryan Legal Department.
- **Allegations made through private group, city or state:** There have been no such allegations made of record.
- **Lawsuits: Private actions state attorney general, Dept. of Justice, HUD:** There have been no such lawsuits filed of record, which are unresolved during the reporting period.
- **Comparison to Cities of Similar Size/Demographics:** Utilizing the analysis of impediments available on the internet for the cities of Amarillo, it was concluded that similar numbers and types of complaints were received for the periods data was available.

- **Comparison to National Standards (HDS 1989 & HMPS 1979):** These were standards developed from audit studies of Real Estate sales agents and offices, which found differing treatment given to racial minorities. There have been no studies of this type done in the City of Bryan
- **Protected groups reporting complaints:** Of the 11 complaints reported in the prior period, the primary basis for discrimination complaints was disability, followed by race and national origin. All cases were found to be without cause, withdrawn, conciliated, or administratively closed. The number of discrimination complaints decreased from the 2015-2019 period, when there were 15 complaints in Bryan.
- **Complaint issues/allegations:** The predominant issue reported by complainants was rental terms and conditions, of which all have been successfully resolved.
- **Resolution of complaints:** All complaints during the 2020-2024 period have been found to have no cause, or were dismissed, conciliated, settled, or withdrawn.

Identification of Actions Initiated Within Jurisdiction

Identification of Actions Initiated by Department of Justice/HUD Against City, Company, or Corporation within the City of Bryan: There are no actions, which have been initiated by HUD or DOJ against the City or against any company or corporation within the City of Bryan.

- **Administrative complaints against the City – Status:** None
- **Lawsuits settled or pending by Justice Department:** None
- **Secretary initiated complaints:** None
- **Actions settled or pending by State Attorney General:** None
- **Municipal response:** N/A
- **Evaluation of actions initiated within the jurisdiction:** None

Fair Housing Education Programs

- **Government Agency:** The City of Bryan fair housing education program consists of the following:
 - Presentation and dissemination of fair housing material at public meetings and through public outreach through media and events, including Spanish-language outreach.
 - Conducts periodic surveys of the public, local housing industry and agencies to identify issues involving housing discrimination in the community
 - Accepting applications for CDBG funding from eligible public service agencies, including agencies working to further fair housing
 - Webpage link to the Department of Housing and Urban Development and information regarding fair housing: <http://www.bryantx.gov/community-development/#fairhousing>
 - Participation in the annual Fair Housing landlord orientation sponsored by the Brazos Valley Council of Governments
- **Private Fair Housing Group:** Project Unity, a local nonprofit public service organization, periodically facilitates fair housing presentations and education.
- **Local Association of Realtors/Apartment Association:** Both of these organizations conduct regular fair housing training for their members.
- **Evaluation of Fair Housing Education Programs:** It is likely that public awareness brought about by the City's fair housing CDBG-funded activities has resulted in a consistent number of reported complaints, therefore the strategy of public outreach has been successful.

Fair Housing Enforcement and Monitoring Provisions

- **City Agency/Private Fair Housing Group/State Agency:** The City of Bryan maintains a fair housing ordinance and monitors fair housing complaints and enforcement periodically while updating its Analysis of Impediments.
- **Local Board of Realtors/Apartment Association/Bankers Association:** These organizations provide means for fair housing complaints and enforcement through arbitration.
- **State Department of Insurance:** The Texas State Department of insurance monitor's policies and procedures of Texas Insurers.
- **Austin Tenant's Council:** This agency has been active in the area assisting with discrimination complaints in the past.

Evaluation of Fair Housing Enforcement and Monitoring Provisions: For the 2020-2024 period, there have been no fair housing complaints made to the City, and 11 complaints made to HUD or TWC regarding discrimination in the City of Bryan. All complaints have been successfully resolved.

Appendix – A City of Bryan Fair Housing Ordinance

CITY OF BRYAN CODE OF ORDINANCES: CHAPTER 58, ARTICLE II. DISCRIMINATION

FAIR HOUSING

Sec. 58-40. Declaration of policy.

(a) It is hereby declared to be the policy of the city to bring about, through fair, orderly and lawful procedures, the opportunity for each person to obtain housing without regard to his or her race, color, religion, sex, familial status or national origin.

(b) It is further declared that this policy is based upon a recognition of the right of every person to have access to adequate housing of his or her own choice without regard to race, color, sex, religion, familial status or national origin, and further that the denial of such right through considerations based on race, color, sex, religion, familial status or national origin is detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of the inhabitants of the city and constitutes an unjust denial or deprivation of such rights which is within the power and proper responsibility of government to prevent.

(c) A discriminatory act is committed because of familial status if the act is committed because the person who is the subject of discrimination is:

(1) Pregnant;

(2) Domiciled with an individual younger than 18 years of age in regard to whom the person:

a. Is the parent or legal custodian; or

b. Has the written permission of the parent or legal custodian for domicile with that person.

(3) In the process of obtaining legal custody of an individual younger than 18 years of age.

(d) The provisions of this article relating to familial status do not apply to housing for the elderly, as described in V.T.C.A., Property Code § 301.043.

(Code 1975, § 9-1; Code 1988, § 13-46)

Sec. 58-41. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Disability shall mean a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits at least one major life activity, a record of the impairment, or being regarded as having the impairment. The term does not include current illegal use of or addiction to any drug or illegal or federally controlled substance and does not apply to an individual because of an individual's sexual orientation or because that individual is a transvestite.

Discriminatory housing practice shall mean an act that is unlawful under sections 58-42 through 58-44.

Dwelling shall mean any building, structure or portion thereof, which is occupied as, or designed and intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more families, and any vacant land, which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location thereon of any such building, structure or portion thereof.

Family shall include a single individual.

Person shall mean:

(1) An individual;

(2) A corporation, partnership, association, unincorporated organization, labor organization, mutual company, joint stock company, and trust; and

(3) A legal representative, a trustee, a trustee in a case under title 11, USC, a receiver, and a fiduciary.

To rent shall include leasing, subleasing, to let and otherwise to grant for consideration the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant.

(Code 1975, § 9-2; Code 1988, § 13-47)

Sec. 58-42. Discrimination in the sale or rental of housing.

Except as exempted by section 58-45, it shall be unlawful:

- (1) To refuse the sale or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, familial status or national origin.
- (2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provisions of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race, color, religion, sex, familial status or national origin.
- (3) To make, print or publish or cause to be made, printed or published any notice, statement or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling unit that indicates any preference, limitation or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status or national origin, or any intention to make any such preference, limitation or discrimination.
- (4) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or rental when such dwelling is in fact so available.
- (5) For profit, or with the hope of expectation of profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status or national origin.
- (6) To discriminate in any other manner prohibited by V.T.C.A., Property Code ch. 301, including, but not limited to V.T.C.A., Property Code § 301.025, pertaining to discrimination because of disability.
(Code 1975, § 9-3; Code 1988, § 13-48)

State law references: Fair housing, V.T.C.A., Local Government Code § 214.903.

Sec. 58-43. Discrimination in the financing of housing.

It shall be unlawful for any bank, building and loan association, insurance company or other corporation, association, firm or enterprise whose business consists in whole or in part in the making of commercial real estate loans, to deny a loan or other financial assistance to a person applying therefor for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling, or to discriminate against him or her in the fixing of the amount, interest rate, duration or other terms or conditions of such loan or other financial assistance, because of the race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status or national origin of such person or of any person associated with him or her in connection with such loan or other financial assistance or the purposes of such loan or other financial assistance, or of the present or prospective owners, lessees, tenants or occupants of the dwelling or dwellings in relation to which such loan or other financial assistance is to be made or given.

(Code 1975, § 9-4; Code 1988, § 13-49)

Sec. 58-44. Discrimination in the provisions of brokerage services.

It shall be unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple listing service, real estate brokers organization or other service organization or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him or her in the terms or conditions of such access, membership or participation on account of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status or national origin.

(Code 1975, § 9-5; Code 1988, § 13-50)

Sec. 58-45. Exemptions and exclusions.

(a) There shall be exempted from the application of section 58-42:

(1) Any single-family house sold or rented by an owner; provided, that such private individual owner does not own more than three such single-family houses, wherever located, at any one time; provided further, that in the case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale or who was not the most recent resident of such house prior to such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply only with respect to one such sale within any 24-month period; provided further, that such bona fide private individual owner does not own any interest in nor is there owned or reserved on his or her behalf, under any express or voluntary agreement, title to or any right

to all or a portion of the proceeds from the sale or rental of, more than three such single-family houses at any one time; provided further, the sale or rental of any such single-family house shall be excepted from the application of this title only if such house is sold or rented:

a. Without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker, agent or salesperson, or of such facilities or services of any person in the business of selling or renting dwellings, or of any employee or agent of any such broker, agent, salesperson or person; and

b. Without the publication, posting or mailing of any advertisement or written notice in violation of section 58-42(3); but nothing in this provision shall prohibit the use of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies and other such professional assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title.

(2) The rental of rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters as his or her residence.

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a religious organization, association or society or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same religion or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, color, sex, disability, familial status or national origin.

(c) Nothing in this article shall prohibit a private club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodgings, which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members.

(Code 1975, § 9-6; Code 1988, § 13-51)

Sec. 58-46. Complaints.

(a) Any person who claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice or believes that he or she will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur (hereafter referred to as "person aggrieved") may file a complaint with the city attorney. Such complaints shall be in writing and shall identify the person alleged to have committed or alleged to be about to commit the discriminatory housing practice and shall set forth the particulars thereof.

(b) The city attorney shall receive and accept notification and referral of complaints from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to the provisions of Title VIII, Fair Housing Act of 1968, Public Law 90-284, and shall treat such complaints in the same manner as complaints filed directly by the person aggrieved.

(c) All complaints shall be filed within one year following the occurrence of an alleged discriminatory housing practice. Upon the filing of any complaint, the city attorney shall provide notice of the complaint by furnishing a copy of such complaint to the person or persons named therein who allegedly committed or were threatening to commit an alleged discriminatory housing practice. The accused may file an answer to the complaint within 15 days of receipt of the written complaint.

(d) All complaints and answers shall be subscribed and sworn to before an officer authorized to administer oaths.

(Code 1975, § 9-7; Code 1988, § 13-52)

Sec. 58-47. Investigation, conciliation and prosecution.

(a) Upon the filing of a complaint as herein provided, the city attorney shall cause to be made a prompt investigation of the matter stated in the complaint.

(b) During or after the investigation, but subsequent to the mailing of the notice of complaint, the city attorney shall, if it appears that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is threatening to occur, attempt by informal endeavors to effect conciliation, including voluntary discontinuance of the discriminatory housing practice and adequate assurance of future voluntary compliance with the provisions of this article.

(c) Upon completion of the investigation and informal endeavors at conciliation by the city attorney, but within 30 days of the filing of the complaint with the city attorney, if the efforts of the city attorney to secure voluntary compliance have been unsuccessful, and if the city attorney has made a determination that a discriminatory housing practice has in fact occurred, such violation shall be prosecuted in the municipal court of the city. If the city attorney determines to prosecute, he or she shall cause to be instituted a complaint and prosecute same to conclusion within 60 days after such determination, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

(d) If the city attorney determines that there is not probable cause to believe that a particular alleged or suspected discriminatory housing practice has been committed, the city attorney shall take no further action with respect to that alleged or suspected offense. In such case, the person filing the complaint shall be notified by the city attorney and informed of any alternate action he or she may take.

(e) This article is cumulative in its legal effect and is not in lieu of any and all other legal remedies, which the person aggrieved, may pursue.

(Code 1975, § 9-8; Code 1988, § 13-53)

Sec. 58-48. Unlawful intimidation.

It shall be unlawful for any person to harass, threaten, harm, damage or otherwise penalize any individual, group or business because he or she have complied with the provisions of this article, because he or she have exercised his or her rights under this article, or enjoyed the benefits of this article or because he or she have made a charge, testified or assisted in any manner in any investigation, or in any proceeding hereunder or have made any report to the city attorney.

(Code 1975, § 9-9; Code 1988, § 13-54)

Sec. 58-49. Penalties.

Any person violating the terms and provisions of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined in a sum not to exceed the penalty as set forth by the city council in section 1-14. Each day a violation continues after passage of 30 days from date of filing of the initial complaint with the city attorney shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

(Code 1975, § 9-10; Code 1988, § 13-55)

Appendix B – HMDA Loan Dispositions

LOAN DISPOSITIONS

LIST OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS WHOS DATA MAKE UP THE 2023 MSA/MD AGGREGATE REPORT
MSA/MD: 17780 – COLLEGE STATION-BRYAN, TX

21ST MORTGAGE CORPORATION
A&D MORTGAGE LLC
A+ FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
AAFMMA MORTGAGE SERVICES LLC
AAXY L.L.C.
ABILENE TEACHERS FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
ACADEMY MORTGAGE CORPORATION
ACCESS COMMUNITY CREDIT UNION
ACHIEVE HOME LOANS
ADVANCIAL
ADVISORS MORTGAGE GROUP, L.L.C.
AGFIRST FARM CREDIT BANK
AIR ACADEMY
ALL CREDIT CONSIDERED MORTGAGE, INC.
ALLIANT CREDIT UNION
ALLY BANK
ALTRA
AMARILLO NATIONAL BANK
AMCAP MORTGAGE, LTD.
AMERANT MORTGAGE LLC
AMERICAN AIRLINES FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
AMERICAN BANK, N.A.
AMERICAN BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
AMERICAN FEDERAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION
AMERICAN FINANCIAL NETWORK, INC.
AMERICAN FINANCIAL RESOURCES, INC.
AMERICAN FINANCING CORPORATION
AMERICAN FIRST NATIONAL BANK
AMERICAN HERITAGE LENDING, INC.
AMERICAN HOMESTAR MORTGAGE, L.L.C.
AMERICAN LIBERTY MORTGAGE
AMERICAN MOMENTUM BANK
AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK & TRUST
AMERICAN NEIGHBORHOOD MORTGAGE ACCEPTANCE COMPANY LLC
AMERHOME MORTGAGE COMPANY, LLC
AMERIS BANK
AMERISAVE MORTGAGE CORPORATION
AMERITRUST MORTGAGE CORPORATION
AMOCO
AMPLIFY
AMWEST FUNDING CORP.

ANGEL OAK MORTGAGE SOLUTIONS LLC
ARBOR REALTY TRUST, INC.
ARC HOME LLC
ARK-LA-TEX FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC.
ARMED FORCES BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
ASPIRE FINANCIAL, INC.
ASSURANCE FINANCIAL GROUP, L.L.C.
ATLANTIC BAY MORTGAGE GROUP, L.L.C.
AUSTIN BANK, TEXAS NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
AUSTIN COUNTY STATE BANK
AXIA FINANCIAL, LLC
B1BANK
BANK OF AMERICA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
BANK OF BRENHAM N.A.
BANK OF ENGLAND
BARRINGTON BANK & TRUST COMPANY, N.A.
BAXTER CREDIT UNION
BAY EQUITY LLC
BEELINE LOANS, INC.
BELLCO
BERKADIA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE LLC
BETTER MORTGAGE CORPORATION
BMO HARRIS BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
BNC NATIONAL BANK
BOKF, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
BPL MORTGAGE TRUST LLC
BRADESCO BANK
BRAZOS VALLEY SCHOOLS
BRENHAM NATIONAL BANK, THE
BRIGHTLAND MORTGAGE SERVICES, LTD.
BROADWAY NATIONAL BANK
BROKER SOLUTIONS, INC.
CADENCE BANK
CALCON MUTUAL MORTGAGE LLC
CALIBER HOME LOANS, INC.
CANOPY MORTGAGE, LLC
CAPITOL CREDIT UNION
CARDINAL FINANCIAL COMPANY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
CARRINGTON MORTGAGE SERVICES, LLC
CASTLE & COOKE MORTGAGE, LLC
CASTLE MORTGAGE CORPORATION

CENTENNIAL BANK
CENTIER BANK
CENTRAL BANK
CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK
CERTIFIED FUNDING, L.P.
CF BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
CHANGE LENDING LLC
CHARLES SCHWAB BANK, SSB
CHARTWAY FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
CHERRY CREEK MORTGAGE, LLC
CHEVRON
CHICAGO MORTGAGE SOLUTIONS LLC
CHICKASAW COMMUNITY BANK
CHURCHILL MORTGAGE CORPORATION
CITADEL SERVICING CORPORATION
CITIBANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
CITIZENS BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK, N.A.
CITIZENS STATE BANK
CITY BANK
CIVIC FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC
CLASSIC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
CLM MORTGAGE, INC
CMG MORTGAGE, INC.
CMB COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
COLONIAL SAVINGS, F.A.
COMERICA BANK
COMMUNITY NATIONAL BANK & TRUST OF TEXAS
CONSUMER REAL ESTATE FINANCE CO.
CORNERSTONE FIRST MORTGAGE, INC
CORNERSTONE HOME LENDING, INC.
COUNTRYPLACE MORTGAGE, LTD.
CREDIT HUMAN FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
CREDIT UNION OF TEXAS
CROSSCOUNTRY MORTGAGE, INC.
CROSSROADS BANK
CSL FINANCIAL, LLC
CUSTOMER SERVICE MORTGAGE CORPORATION
DAS ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC
DATA MORTGAGE, INC.
DEERHAVEN MORTGAGE LLC
DELMAR FINANCIAL COMPANY
DEVON BANK

DHI MORTGAGE COMPANY, LTD.
DISCOVER BANK
DOMINION FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC
DRAPER AND KRAMER MORTGAGE CORP.
DUGOOD FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
EASTMAN
EDUCATION FIRST
EECU
EL PASO AREA TEACHERS
EMPEOPLE CREDIT UNION
ENCOMPASS LENDING GROUP, LP
ENCORE BANK
ENDEAVOR CAPITAL, LLC.
ENNKAR INC.
ENVY MORTGAGE, LTD
EQUITY PRIME MORTGAGE LLC
EUSTIS AND AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY
EVANSVILLE TEACHERS
EVERETT FINANCIAL, INC.
EVOLVE BANK & TRUST
EXTRACD BANKS, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
FAIRWAY INDEPENDENT MORTGAGE CORPORATION
FALCON INTERNATIONAL BANK
FARM CREDIT MID-AMERICA, ACA
FARMERS BANK & TRUST
FBC MORTGAGE, LLC
FEDERATED MORTGAGE CORP.
FIFTH THIRD BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
FIO MORTGAGE, LLC
FINANCE OF AMERICA REVERSE LLC
FIRST BANK
FIRST CENTENNIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION
FIRST CENTRAL CREDIT UNION
FIRST COMMERCIAL BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
FIRST COMMUNITY CREDIT UNION
FIRST COMMUNITY MORTGAGE, INC.
FIRST CONTINENTAL MORTGAGE, LTD.
FIRST CREDIT CORPORATION OF NEW YORK, INC.
FIRST FEDERAL BANK
FIRST FINANCIAL BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
FIRST HORIZON BANK
FIRST INTERNET BANK OF INDIANA
FIRST LIBERTY BANK

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
 FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF AMERICA
 FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BOSQUE COUNTY
 FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CENTRAL TEXAS
 FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF HUNTSVILLE
 FIRST NATIONAL BANK TEXAS
 FIRST SAVINGS BANK
 FIRST SERVICE CREDIT UNION
 FIRST STATE BANK OF ST. CHARLES, MISSOURI
 FIRST TECHNOLOGY
 FIRST UNITED BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
 FIRSTBANK
 FIRST-CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY
 FIRST-LOCKHART NATIONAL BANK
 FLAGSTAR BANK, FSB
 FLORIDA CAPITAL BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 FREEDOM MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 FRONTIER BANK OF TEXAS
 FROST BANK
 FUNDLOANS CAPITAL
 GARDNER FINANCIAL SERVICES, LTD.
 GATEWAY FIRST BANK
 GENEVA FINANCIAL, LLC
 GENHOME MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 GMFS LLC
 GOLD STAR MORTGAGE FINANCIAL GROUP, CORPORATION
 GOODLEAP, LLC
 GREATER TEXAS FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 GREENBOX LOANS, INC.
 GUARANTEED RATE AFFINITY, LLC
 GUARANTEED RATE, INC.
 GUARANTY BANK & TRUST, N.A.
 GUIDANCE RESIDENTIAL, LLC
 GUILD MORTGAGE COMPANY
 GULF COAST BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
 GULF COAST EDUCATORS FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 H E B
 HAMILTON MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 HANCOCK WHITNEY BANK
 HARMONY HOME LENDING, LLC
 HERRING BANK
 HIGHLANDS RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE, LTD.
 HOME FINANCING UNLIMITED, INC.

HOME TOWN FUNDING, INC.
 HOMEBRIDGE FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.
 HOMEOWNERS FINANCIAL GROUP USA, LLC
 HOMEPROMISE CORPORATION
 HOMETOWN EQUITY MORTGAGE, LLC
 HOMETRUST MORTGAGE COMPANY
 HOMEXPRESS MORTGAGE CORP.
 HOUSTON FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 HOUSTON TEXAS FIRE FIGHTERS
 HSBC BANK USA, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 HTLF BANK
 ICECAP GROUP
 INDEPENDENT BANK
 INSPIRE HOME LOANS INC.
 INTEGRITY HOME MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 INTEGRITY MORTGAGE CORPORATION OF TEXAS
 INTERBANK
 INTERCAP LENDING INC.
 INTERLINC MORTGAGE SERVICES, LLC
 INTERNATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE
 INWOOD NATIONAL BANK
 IVY MORTGAGE, INC.
 JEFFERSON FINANCIAL
 JONES LANG LASALLE MULTIFAMILY, LLC
 JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 JSC
 JUSTICE FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 KIAVI FUNDING, INC
 KIND LENDING, LLC
 KWIK MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 LAKEVIEW COMMUNITY CAPITAL, LLC
 LAKEVIEW LOAN SERVICING, LLC
 LEADERONE FINANCIAL CORPORATION
 LEGEND LENDING CORPORATION
 LENDINGONE, LLC
 LENSURE MORTGAGE CORP.
 LENOX FINANCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 LIBERTY HOME MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 LOAN SIMPLE, INC.
 LOANDEPOT.COM, LLC
 LOANPEOPLE, LLC
 LOWER, LLC
 M SQUARED FINANCIAL

MANN FINANCIAL INC.
 MEMBER HOME LOAN, L.L.C.
 MEMBERS CHOICE CREDIT UNION
 METRO CITY BANK
 MICHIGAN MUTUAL, INC.
 MID AMERICA MORTGAGE, INC.
 MIDFIRST BANK
 MISSION LOANS, LLC
 MLB RESIDENTIAL LENDING, LLC
 MORGAN STANLEY PRIVATE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 MORTGAGE FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC
 MORTGAGE RESEARCH CENTER, LLC
 MORTGAGE SOLUTIONS OF COLORADO, LLC
 MOVEMENT MORTGAGE, LLC
 MUTUAL OF OMAHA MORTGAGE, INC
 NATIONS DIRECT MORTGAGE, LLC
 NATIONS LENDING CORPORATION
 NATIONS RELIABLE LENDING, LLC
 NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC
 NAVY ARMY COMMUNITY CREDIT UNION
 NAVY FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 NBKC BANK
 NECHES
 NETWORK CAPITAL FUNDING CORPORATION
 NETWORK FUNDING, L.P.
 NEW DAY FINANCIAL, LLC
 NEW FED MORTGAGE, CORP.
 NEWREZ LLC
 NEXBANK
 NEXERA HOLDING LLC
 NJ LENDERS CORP.
 NORTH AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK, F.S.B.
 NORTHPOINTE BANK
 NOVA FINANCIAL & INVESTMENT CORPORATION
 NP, INC.
 NTFN, INC.
 NUMARK CREDIT UNION
 NUWAVE LENDING LLC
 OAKTREE FUNDING CORP.
 OCMB, INC.
 OLD NATIONAL BANK
 OPEN MORTGAGE, LLC
 ORIGIN BANK

ORIGINPOINT, LLC
 ORIX REAL ESTATE CAPITAL, LLC
 PACIFIC RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE, LLC
 PARAMOUNT RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE GROUP, INC.
 PENNYMAC LOAN SERVICES, LLC
 PENTAGON FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 PHH MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 PILGRIM MORTGAGE LLC
 PINNACLE BANK
 PLAINS COMMERCE BANK
 PLANET HOME LENDING, LLC
 PLAZA HOME MORTGAGE, INC.
 PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 PREMIA MORTGAGE, LLC
 PRIMARY RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE, INC.
 PRIMELENDING, A PLAINSCAPITAL COMPANY
 PRIMIS MORTGAGE COMPANY
 PRINCETON MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 PROSPERITY BANK
 PROSPERITY HOME MORTGAGE, LLC
 PROVIDENT FUNDING ASSOCIATES, L.P.
 PURDUE FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 QUONTIC BANK
 R BANK
 RANDOLPH-BROOKS
 RAYMOND JAMES BANK
 RBC BANK, (GEORGIA) NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 READYCAP COMMERCIAL, LLC
 RED RIVER EMPLOYEES
 REDWOOD RESIDENTIAL ACQUISITION CORPORATION
 REGIONS BANK
 REPUBLIC STATE MORTGAGE CO.
 RESICENTRAL, LLC
 RF RENOVO MANAGEMENT COMPANY, LLC
 ROCKET MORTGAGE, LLC
 ROUND TOP STATE BANK
 ROYAL PACIFIC FUNDING CORPORATION
 ROYAL UNITED MORTGAGE LLC
 S&S FINANCIAL
 SCE FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 SECURITY SERVICE
 SECURITYNATIONAL MORTGAGE COMPANY
 SENTE MORTGAGE, INC.

SFMC, LP
 SHELBY SAVINGS BANK, SSB
 SIMMONS BANK
 SOFI BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 SOUTHSIDE BANK
 SOUTHSTAR BANK, S.S.B.
 SOUTHTRUST BANK, N.A.
 SOUTHWEST FUNDING, LP
 SOUTHWEST STAGE FUNDING, LLC
 SPECIALIZED LOAN SERVICING LLC
 SPRING EQ, LLC
 STARION BANK
 STELLAR BANK
 STG MORTGAGE INC
 STIFEL BANK AND TRUST
 STRONG HOME MORTGAGE, LLC
 SUCCESS LENDING, LLC
 SUCCESS MORTGAGE PARTNERS, INC.
 SUMMIT FUNDING, INC.
 SUN WEST MORTGAGE COMPANY, INC.
 SUNFLOWER BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 SUNSTATE FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 SUSSER BANK
 SWBC MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 T2 FINANCIAL LLC
 TAMMAC HOLDINGS CORPORATION
 TEACHERS
 TEMPLE VIEW CAPITAL FUNDING, LP
 TEXAS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
 TEXAS BAY
 TEXAS COMMUNITY BANK
 TEXAS DOW EMPLOYEES CREDIT UNION
 TEXAS HEALTH CREDIT UNION
 TEXAS MORTGAGE LENDING, LLC
 TEXAS NATIONAL BANK
 TEXAS NATIONAL BANK OF JACKSONVILLE
 TEXAS REGIONAL BANK
 TEXAS STATE BANK
 TEXAS TECH
 TEXAS TRUST
 TEXELL CREDIT UNION
 THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK OF TEXAS
 THE BANK OF SAN ANTONIO
 THE CANANDAIGUA NATIONAL BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
 THE CENTRAL TRUST BANK
 THE FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK
 THE FIRST LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK
 THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BASTROP
 THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BELLVILLE
 THE FIRST STATE BANK
 THE HUNTINGTON NATIONAL BANK
 THE LOAN STORE, INC.
 THE MONEY SOURCE INC.
 THIRD COAST BANK SSB
 THRIVE MORTGAGE, LLC
 THRIVENT FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 TIB, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 TOWN SQUARE MORTGAGE & INVESTMENTS, INC.
 TOWNE MORTGAGE COMPANY
 TRIAD FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.
 TRUHOME SOLUTIONS, LLC
 TRUIST BANK
 U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 UBS BANK USA
 UIF CORPORATION
 UNION HOME MORTGAGE CORP.
 UNITED BUILT HOMES, L.L.C.
 UNITED COMMUNITY BANK
 UNITED HERITAGE CREDIT UNION
 UNITED SHORE FINANCIAL SERVICES, LLC
 UNIVERSITY FEDERAL CREDIT UNION
 USAA FEDERAL SAVINGS BANK
 V.I.P. MORTGAGE, INC.
 VANDERBILT MORTGAGE AND FINANCE, INC.
 VANTAGE BANK TEXAS
 VERABANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 VERITEX COMMUNITY BANK
 VILLAGE CAPITAL & INVESTMENT LLC
 WALLICK & VOLK, INC.
 WATERMARK CAPITAL, INC.
 WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
 WEST TEXAS NATIONAL BANK
 WESTSTAR MORTGAGE CORPORATION
 WILMINGTON SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY, FSB
 YOAKUM NATIONAL BANK
 ZILLOW HOME LOANS, LLC

ZIONS BANCORPORATION, N.A.

| CENSUS TRACT OR COUNTY NAME (COUNTY/STATE/TRACT NUMBER) | Loans on 1- to 4-Family and Manufactured Home Dwellings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---|----------|---|----------|--|----------|
| | Home Purchase Loans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | | F | | G | |
| | FHA, FSA/RHS & VA | | Conventional | | Refinancings | | Home Improvement Loans | | Loans on Dwellings For 5 or More Families | | Nonoccupant Loans From Columns A, B, C, and D | | Loans On Manufactured Home Dwellings From Columns A, B, C, & D | |
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000103 | 3 | 835000 | 1 | 155000 | 1 | 335000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 440000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000104 | 16 | 5710000 | 9 | 2455000 | 2 | 340000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 830000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000105 | 9 | 3275000 | 14 | 3670000 | 4 | 1730000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000106 | 4 | 1430000 | 16 | 5090000 | 3 | 1265000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 360000 | 3 | 665000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000107 | 13 | 5375000 | 23 | 8605000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000108 | 4 | 1160000 | 11 | 3465000 | 2 | 550000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 185000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000203 | 2 | 650000 | 5 | 1155000 | 1 | 95000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 95000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000204 | 2 | 440000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000205 | 39 | 11365000 | 34 | 6890000 | 3 | 675000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 720000 | 2 | 160000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000206 | 30 | 8050000 | 20 | 5770000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 530000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000207 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1060000 | 1 | 515000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 255000 | 2 | 250000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000301 | 5 | 1155000 | 5 | 855000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000302 | 20 | 5010000 | 21 | 2485000 | 1 | 225000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 590000 |

| CENSUS TRACT OR COUNTY NAME (COUNTY/STATE/TRACT NUMBER) | Loans on 1- to 4-Family and Manufactured Home Dwellings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---|----------|---|----------|--|----------|
| | Home Purchase Loans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | | F | | G | |
| | FHA, FSA/RHS & VA | | Conventional | | Refinancings | | Home Improvement Loans | | Loans on Dwellings For 5 or More Families | | Nonoccupant Loans From Columns A, B, C, and D | | Loans On Manufactured Home Dwellings From Columns A, B, C, & D | |
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000401 | 4 | 940000 | 2 | 450000 | 1 | 195000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 195000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000402 | 2 | 430000 | 2 | 370000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 165000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000501 | 15 | 3485000 | 9 | 1265000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 215000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000502 | 1 | 185000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000603 | 2 | 380000 | 4 | 520000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 135000 | 1 | 15000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000605 | 16 | 4320000 | 7 | 1055000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 65000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000606 | 1 | 275000 | 2 | 170000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000700 | 1 | 205000 | 4 | 690000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000800 | 5 | 935000 | 10 | 1990000 | 1 | 305000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 390000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/000900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001001 | 1 | 415000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1030000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001002 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1765000 | 1 | 75000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 465000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001101 | 2 | 470000 | 7 | 1805000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001102 | 2 | 610000 | 2 | 290000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 410000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001301 | 1 | 405000 | 5 | 975000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 345000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001302 | 1 | 445000 | 3 | 1035000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 345000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 985000 | 0 | 0 |

| CENSUS TRACT OR COUNTY NAME (COUNTY/STATE/TRACT NUMBER) | Loans on 1- to 4-Family and Manufactured Home Dwellings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---|----------|---|----------|--|----------|
| | Home Purchase Loans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | | F | | G | |
| | FHA, FSA/RHS & VA | | Conventional | | Refinancings | | Home Improvement Loans | | Loans on Dwellings For 5 or More Families | | Nonoccupant Loans From Columns A, B, C, and D | | Loans On Manufactured Home Dwellings From Columns A, B, C, & D | |
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001303 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 985000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 310000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001604 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 645000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 135000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001605 | 1 | 165000 | 3 | 505000 | 2 | 290000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 415000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001606 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 415000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001607 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 995000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001608 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1270000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 505000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001702 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1020000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 630000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001703 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 885000 | 1 | 235000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001704 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 890000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001801 | 4 | 1070000 | 8 | 1280000 | 2 | 320000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 960000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001803 | 2 | 820000 | 9 | 2405000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 350000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001804 | 3 | 825000 | 1 | 155000 | 1 | 195000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001901 | 2 | 580000 | 6 | 1630000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/001902 | 4 | 950000 | 5 | 685000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002001 | 4 | 1780000 | 9 | 3145000 | 1 | 365000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 225000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002006 | 2 | 500000 | 3 | 805000 | 1 | 215000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1430000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002009 | 14 | 4040000 | 29 | 8985000 | 4 | 1470000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 500000 | 0 | 0 |

| CENSUS TRACT OR COUNTY NAME (COUNTY/STATE/TRACT NUMBER) | Loans on 1- to 4-Family and Manufactured Home Dwellings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---|----------|---|----------|--|----------|
| | Home Purchase Loans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | | F | | G | |
| | FHA, FSA/RHS & VA | | Conventional | | Refinancings | | Home Improvement Loans | | Loans on Dwellings For 5 or More Families | | Nonoccupant Loans From Columns A, B, C, and D | | Loans On Manufactured Home Dwellings From Columns A, B, C, & D | |
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002010 | 23 | 8455000 | 39 | 12295000 | 2 | 950000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 335000 | 1 | 85000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002011 | 9 | 3235000 | 10 | 3310000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002014 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 725000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 265000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002016 | 1 | 605000 | 11 | 3745000 | 1 | 225000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 165000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002018 | 3 | 785000 | 4 | 1050000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002019 | 8 | 2680000 | 6 | 1940000 | 1 | 175000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002020 | 4 | 1020000 | 5 | 2435000 | 2 | 770000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 785000 | 2 | 250000 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002021 | 4 | 1640000 | 22 | 7900000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 320000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002022 | 5 | 1195000 | 8 | 2030000 | 1 | 215000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 185000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002023 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 185000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002024 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 195000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002025 | 2 | 530000 | 9 | 2525000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 185000 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002026 | 6 | 2630000 | 32 | 12590000 | 2 | 670000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRAZOS COUNTY/TEXAS/002100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 85000 |
| BURLESON COUNTY/TEXAS/970100 | 2 | 890000 | 1 | 85000 | 1 | 365000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 205000 |
| BURLESON COUNTY/TEXAS/970201 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 800000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 355000 |
| BURLESON COUNTY/TEXAS/970202 | 2 | 350000 | 3 | 495000 | 1 | 725000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 370000 | 1 | 95000 |

| CENSUS TRACT OR COUNTY NAME (COUNTY/STATE/TRACT NUMBER) | Loans on 1- to 4-Family and Manufactured Home Dwellings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---|----------|---|----------|--|----------|
| | Home Purchase Loans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | | B | | C | | D | | E | | F | | G | |
| | FHA, FSA/RHS & VA | | Conventional | | Refinancings | | Home Improvement Loans | | Loans on Dwellings For 5 or More Families | | Nonoccupant Loans From Columns A, B, C, and D | | Loans On Manufactured Home Dwellings From Columns A, B, C, & D | |
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| BURLESON COUNTY/TEXAS/970300 | 7 | 2045000 | 13 | 2385000 | 2 | 670000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1220000 |
| BURLESON COUNTY/TEXAS/970400 | 14 | 4040000 | 11 | 2515000 | 1 | 425000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 135000 | 4 | 780000 |
| BURLESON COUNTY/TEXAS/970501 | 7 | 1355000 | 3 | 465000 | 1 | 255000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 155000 |
| BURLESON COUNTY/TEXAS/970502 | 3 | 645000 | 5 | 465000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 185000 |
| ROBERTSON COUNTY/TEXAS/960100 | 4 | 710000 | 1 | 185000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 85000 | 1 | 85000 |
| ROBERTSON COUNTY/TEXAS/960200 | 1 | 255000 | 1 | 85000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 460000 | 9 | 1695000 |
| ROBERTSON COUNTY/TEXAS/960300 | 8 | 1800000 | 12 | 3010000 | 2 | 810000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 935000 |
| ROBERTSON COUNTY/TEXAS/960400 | 2 | 450000 | 3 | 485000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 210000 |
| ROBERTSON COUNTY/TEXAS/960501 | 11 | 1785000 | 4 | 80000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 275000 | 1 | 145000 |
| ROBERTSON COUNTY/TEXAS/960502 | 4 | 1440000 | 1 | 275000 | 1 | 145000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |

Aggregate report: Disposition of applications by income, race, and ethnicity of applicant, 2023

| INCOME, RACE AND ETHNICITY | Applications Received | | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| LESS THAN 50% OF MSA/MD MEDIAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RACE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 9 | 685000 | 1 | 45000 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 565000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 75000 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 14 | 2160000 | 1 | 159000 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1345000 | 1 | 109000 | 3 | 555000 | 0 | 0 |
| Black or African American | 111 | 10325000 | 5 | 475000 | 2 | 120000 | 78 | 8050000 | 11 | 635000 | 15 | 1045000 | 0 | 0 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 1 | 265000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 265000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| White | 266 | 27010000 | 58 | 6330000 | 7 | 615000 | 137 | 14425000 | 31 | 3415000 | 33 | 2225000 | 1 | 165000 |
| 2 or more minority races | 2 | 440000 | 2 | 440000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 3 | 175000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 175000 | 0 | 0 |
| Free Form Text Only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Race Not Available | 73 | 8025000 | 15 | 1785000 | 1 | 205000 | 38 | 3950000 | 9 | 1195000 | 10 | 890000 | 1 | 155000 |
| ETHNICITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 123 | 11105000 | 23 | 2485000 | 2 | 90000 | 62 | 6040000 | 11 | 915000 | 25 | 1575000 | 0 | 0 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 273 | 28985000 | 41 | 4965000 | 6 | 580000 | 160 | 17360000 | 30 | 3260000 | 34 | 2820000 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 8 | 870000 | 2 | 430000 | 1 | 65000 | 4 | 330000 | 1 | 45000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| INCOME, RACE AND ETHNICITY | Applications Received | | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| Free Form Text Only | 1 | 25000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 25000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethnicity Not Available | 74 | 8100000 | 14 | 1350000 | 1 | 205000 | 44 | 4870000 | 9 | 1105000 | 6 | 570000 | 2 | 320000 |
| 50-79% OF MSA/MD MEDIAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RACE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 15 | 1855000 | 6 | 730000 | 1 | 85000 | 6 | 750000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 290000 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 30 | 4840000 | 11 | 2395000 | 5 | 385000 | 4 | 450000 | 5 | 1235000 | 5 | 375000 | 0 | 0 |
| Black or African American | 101 | 13585000 | 27 | 3795000 | 5 | 695000 | 54 | 7100000 | 6 | 1080000 | 9 | 915000 | 0 | 0 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 2 | 190000 | 1 | 115000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 75000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| White | 637 | 90145000 | 273 | 45545000 | 27 | 2765000 | 193 | 22185000 | 65 | 9915000 | 79 | 9735000 | 6 | 1120000 |
| 2 or more minority races | 4 | 590000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 220000 | 1 | 265000 | 1 | 105000 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 13 | 2175000 | 10 | 1660000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 280000 | 1 | 235000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Free Form Text Only | 1 | 155000 | 1 | 155000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Race Not Available | 168 | 22660000 | 46 | 7810000 | 7 | 665000 | 71 | 8505000 | 24 | 4010000 | 20 | 1670000 | 6 | 1250000 |
| ETHNICITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 295 | 39025000 | 104 | 17130000 | 13 | 1045000 | 114 | 13100000 | 24 | 3910000 | 40 | 3840000 | 2 | 290000 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 527 | 75875000 | 227 | 37815000 | 24 | 2780000 | 168 | 20010000 | 53 | 8025000 | 55 | 7245000 | 4 | 830000 |
| Joint | 29 | 3915000 | 10 | 1520000 | 1 | 55000 | 11 | 1475000 | 4 | 590000 | 3 | 275000 | 0 | 0 |

| INCOME, RACE AND ETHNICITY | Applications Received | | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| Free Form Text Only | 1 | 25000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 25000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethnicity Not Available | 119 | 17355000 | 34 | 5740000 | 7 | 715000 | 39 | 4955000 | 21 | 4215000 | 18 | 1730000 | 6 | 1250000 |
| 80-99% OF MSA/MD MEDIAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RACE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 11 | 1955000 | 2 | 370000 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1050000 | 2 | 290000 | 1 | 245000 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 26 | 5680000 | 14 | 3590000 | 2 | 150000 | 6 | 1060000 | 3 | 755000 | 1 | 125000 | 0 | 0 |
| Black or African American | 76 | 14230000 | 29 | 6325000 | 4 | 700000 | 25 | 4315000 | 11 | 1965000 | 7 | 925000 | 0 | 0 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| White | 527 | 95615000 | 290 | 59470000 | 26 | 3260000 | 116 | 16710000 | 59 | 12315000 | 36 | 3860000 | 6 | 1080000 |
| 2 or more minority races | 1 | 195000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 195000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 16 | 3020000 | 10 | 2120000 | 1 | 105000 | 3 | 455000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 340000 | 0 | 0 |
| Free Form Text Only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Race Not Available | 125 | 21095000 | 45 | 9725000 | 5 | 885000 | 42 | 5060000 | 19 | 4005000 | 14 | 1420000 | 4 | 960000 |
| ETHNICITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 186 | 30640000 | 75 | 13865000 | 8 | 950000 | 58 | 8810000 | 26 | 4960000 | 19 | 2055000 | 2 | 390000 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 472 | 88100000 | 265 | 56355000 | 18 | 2320000 | 100 | 13910000 | 57 | 11725000 | 32 | 3790000 | 4 | 690000 |
| Joint | 28 | 5560000 | 15 | 3485000 | 2 | 320000 | 10 | 1680000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 75000 | 0 | 0 |

| INCOME, RACE AND ETHNICITY | Applications Received | | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|---|-----------------------|----------|------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| Free Form Text Only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethnicity Not Available | 96 | 17490000 | 35 | 7895000 | 10 | 1518000 | 31 | 4445000 | 11 | 2645000 | 9 | 995000 | 4 | 960000 |
| 100-119% OF MSA/MD MEDIAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RACE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 5 | 985000 | 2 | 480000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 285000 | 1 | 155000 | 1 | 65000 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 31 | 8335000 | 19 | 5325000 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1225000 | 7 | 1785000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Black or African American | 59 | 10935000 | 22 | 4950000 | 2 | 240000 | 16 | 2340000 | 8 | 1680000 | 11 | 1725000 | 0 | 0 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 1 | 135000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 135000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| White | 486 | 97820000 | 270 | 58490000 | 25 | 5195000 | 83 | 12275000 | 74 | 16220000 | 34 | 5640000 | 9 | 2655000 |
| 2 or more minority races | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 19 | 3615000 | 8 | 1600000 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 870000 | 3 | 915000 | 2 | 230000 | 0 | 0 |
| Free Form Text Only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Race Not Available | 109 | 23005000 | 67 | 15595000 | 3 | 385000 | 20 | 3120000 | 15 | 3435000 | 4 | 470000 | 5 | 1105000 |
| ETHNICITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 125 | 25915000 | 74 | 16530000 | 3 | 555000 | 30 | 4750000 | 13 | 3315000 | 5 | 765000 | 0 | 0 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 440 | 90340000 | 238 | 52830000 | 20 | 3980000 | 79 | 12555000 | 72 | 15880000 | 31 | 5095000 | 9 | 2655000 |
| Joint | 42 | 8230000 | 19 | 4245000 | 3 | 795000 | 4 | 260000 | 8 | 1790000 | 8 | 1140000 | 0 | 0 |

| INCOME, RACE AND ETHNICITY | Applications Received | | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| Free Form Text Only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethnicity Not Available | 103 | 20345000 | 57 | 12835000 | 4 | 490000 | 18 | 2550000 | 16 | 3340000 | 8 | 1130000 | 5 | 1105000 |
| 120% OR MORE OF MSA/MD MEDIAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RACE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 8 | 2120000 | 5 | 1565000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 320000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 235000 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 209 | 63865000 | 133 | 42615000 | 4 | 850000 | 19 | 3975000 | 43 | 14165000 | 10 | 2260000 | 0 | 0 |
| Black or African American | 127 | 33555000 | 73 | 21425000 | 1 | 735000 | 31 | 5115000 | 15 | 5025000 | 7 | 1255000 | 0 | 0 |
| Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander | 5 | 1005000 | 1 | 215000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 525000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 265000 | 0 | 0 |
| White | 2352 | 709460000 | 1538 | 500180000 | 79 | 17895000 | 261 | 56605000 | 346 | 112330000 | 108 | 22450000 | 38 | 13030000 |
| 2 or more minority races | 2 | 540000 | 1 | 335000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 205000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 103 | 33875000 | 66 | 22760000 | 4 | 1010000 | 18 | 5930000 | 13 | 3725000 | 2 | 450000 | 0 | 0 |
| Free Form Text Only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Race Not Available | 746 | 379470000 | 493 | 266335000 | 24 | 6510000 | 112 | 60530000 | 92 | 40390000 | 25 | 5705000 | 89 | 245025000 |
| ETHNICITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hispanic or Latino | 416 | 102540000 | 241 | 67445000 | 13 | 2195000 | 79 | 13085000 | 53 | 13605000 | 30 | 5310000 | 5 | 1335000 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 2253 | 698655000 | 1482 | 493850000 | 71 | 17215000 | 277 | 57685000 | 334 | 110930000 | 89 | 18975000 | 32 | 11480000 |
| Joint | 197 | 59405000 | 130 | 41120000 | 6 | 1280000 | 18 | 3520000 | 35 | 11705000 | 8 | 1780000 | 2 | 490000 |
| Free Form Text Only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ethnicity Not Available | 686 | 363290000 | 457 | 253015000 | 22 | 6310000 | 93 | 58015000 | 87 | 39395000 | 27 | 6555000 | 88 | 244750000 |

Aggregate table: Disposition of loan applications, by race and sex of applicant, 2023

| RACE AND SEX | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|--|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| RACE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKA NATIVE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 6 | 1270000 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1475000 | 2 | 340000 | 3 | 535000 | 0 | 0 |
| Female | 6 | 940000 | 1 | 85000 | 5 | 395000 | 1 | 105000 | 1 | 75000 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 4 | 980000 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 965000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 235000 | 0 | 0 |
| Sex Not Available | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 135000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 65000 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 16 | 3190000 | 1 | 85000 | 22 | 2970000 | 3 | 445000 | 6 | 910000 | 0 | 0 |
| ASIAN | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 81 | 23035000 | 5 | 755000 | 22 | 4950000 | 26 | 7210000 | 5 | 935000 | 0 | 0 |
| Female | 40 | 9910000 | 3 | 405000 | 8 | 1080000 | 19 | 4955000 | 9 | 1575000 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 56 | 20950000 | 3 | 225000 | 12 | 1830000 | 13 | 5695000 | 5 | 805000 | 0 | 0 |
| Sex Not Available | 1 | 185000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 195000 | 1 | 185000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 178 | 54080000 | 11 | 1385000 | 43 | 8055000 | 59 | 18045000 | 19 | 3315000 | 0 | 0 |
| BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 56 | 12640000 | 5 | 745000 | 58 | 7310000 | 14 | 3580000 | 8 | 910000 | 0 | 0 |
| Female | 42 | 9570000 | 5 | 575000 | 99 | 12355000 | 19 | 2765000 | 23 | 2305000 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 57 | 14665000 | 4 | 1170000 | 44 | 6600000 | 18 | 4040000 | 18 | 2650000 | 0 | 0 |
| Sex Not Available | 1 | 95000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 655000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 156 | 36970000 | 14 | 2490000 | 204 | 26920000 | 51 | 10385000 | 49 | 5865000 | 0 | 0 |
| NATIVE HAWAIIAN OR OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 1 | 215000 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 865000 | 1 | 135000 | 1 | 265000 | 0 | 0 |

| RACE AND SEX | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| Female | 1 | 115000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sex Not Available | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 2 | 330000 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 865000 | 1 | 135000 | 1 | 265000 | 0 | 0 |
| WHITE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 721 | 193195000 | 55 | 9125000 | 257 | 35645000 | 197 | 50875000 | 103 | 15655000 | 24 | 7070000 |
| Female | 437 | 99165000 | 33 | 4285000 | 218 | 27220000 | 118 | 24740000 | 81 | 9555000 | 8 | 1670000 |
| Joint | 1266 | 376540000 | 75 | 16255000 | 331 | 58715000 | 253 | 77145000 | 104 | 18490000 | 28 | 9310000 |
| Sex Not Available | 5 | 1115000 | 1 | 65000 | 4 | 620000 | 7 | 1435000 | 2 | 210000 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 2429 | 670015000 | 164 | 29730000 | 810 | 122200000 | 575 | 154195000 | 290 | 43910000 | 60 | 18050000 |
| 2 OR MORE MINORITY RACES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 1 | 245000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 350000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Female | 1 | 335000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 270000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 105000 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 1 | 195000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 265000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sex Not Available | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 3 | 775000 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 620000 | 1 | 265000 | 1 | 105000 | 0 | 0 |
| JOINT | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 2 | 820000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 215000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Female | 2 | 500000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 410000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 25000 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 90 | 26820000 | 5 | 1115000 | 26 | 6910000 | 17 | 4875000 | 8 | 1170000 | 0 | 0 |
| Sex Not Available | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 94 | 28140000 | 5 | 1115000 | 29 | 7535000 | 17 | 4875000 | 9 | 1195000 | 0 | 0 |

| RACE AND SEX | Loans Originated | | Apps. Approved But Not Accepted | | Applications Denied | | Applications Withdrawn | | Files Closed for Incompleteness | | Purchased Loans | |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount | Number | \$Amount |
| FREE FORM TEXT ONLY | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 1 | 155000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Female | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Joint | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sex Not Available | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1 | 155000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RACE NOT AVAILABLE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male | 112 | 29070000 | 8 | 1500000 | 90 | 11740000 | 39 | 9575000 | 27 | 3575000 | 1 | 505000 |
| Female | 52 | 11830000 | 3 | 395000 | 48 | 5780000 | 12 | 2820000 | 9 | 815000 | 1 | 275000 |
| Joint | 140 | 43250000 | 4 | 1230000 | 60 | 9570000 | 40 | 13310000 | 14 | 1930000 | 2 | 970000 |
| Sex Not Available | 362 | 217100000 | 25 | 5525000 | 85 | 54075000 | 68 | 27330000 | 23 | 3835000 | 911 | 246745000 |
| Total | 666 | 301250000 | 40 | 8650000 | 283 | 81165000 | 159 | 53035000 | 73 | 10155000 | 915 | 248495000 |

Appendix C – TWC FOIA Discrimination Complaints Request Response

R002272-022525 - Public Information Request

Message History (3)

 On 2/28/2025 2:36:58 PM, TWC Open Records wrote:

Subject: [Records Center] Public Information Request :: R002272-022525

Body:

RE: PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST of February 25, 2025, Reference # R002272-022525.

Dear Zyreshia Jackson,

The Texas Workforce Commission received a public information request from you on February 25, 2025. Your request mentioned:

We are requesting information about any housing discrimination complaints filed within the City of Bryan, TX, during the period from 2020 to 2024. Specifically, we are looking for the number of complaints filed, access to investigative files, the findings from those investigations, and any final decisions made. This information will be included in a report submitted to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) from the city.

The Texas Workforce Commission has reviewed its files and has located responsive records to your request.

Please log in to the Open Records Center at the following link to retrieve the appropriate responsive documents. Please review the information, and if you have any questions, let us know.

[Public Information Request - R002272-022525](#)

Thank you for your interest in the Agency.

Sincerely,

Shauntay Black
Program Specialist I
OGC-Open Records

 On 2/25/2025 12:44:35 PM, TWC Open Records wrote:

Appendix D – City of Bryan Legal Request/Response



Interdepartmental Memorandum

To: Thomas Leeper, City Attorney

From: Zyreshia Jackson, Community & Economic Development Specialist

Date: March 7, 2025

Re: Request for Information Regarding Fair Housing Complaints in Bryan

Dear Thomas,

As part of the upcoming City of Bryan's 2025-2029 Five-Year Consolidated Plan submission to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the City is required to certify that it is affirmatively furthering fair housing. This means that the City must conduct an update to the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice. Toward that end, the Community Development Department would like to please request information from the Legal Department concerning any fair housing complaint cases resulting from the City's Fair Housing Ordinance received by the Legal Department for the period of January 1, 2020 – December 31, 2024. Specifically, we would like to know the case title and date, status, a brief summary, and how the case was resolved.

A reply by interoffice mail or by e-mail stating whether the Legal Department has any information responsive to this request would be greatly appreciated.

Thank you for your assistance.

Regards,

Zyreshia Jackson, Community & Economic Development Specialist
Community Development Department
City of Bryan
1803 Greenfield Plaza
Bryan, TX 77802
zjackson@bryantx.gov

From: [Leeper, Thomas](#)
To: [Jackson, Zyreshia](#)
Cc: [Roach, Arthur](#); [Ridgway, Elizabeth](#)
Subject: RE: Request for Information Regarding Fair Housing Complaints in Bryan
Date: Thursday, March 13, 2025 8:58:54 AM
Attachments: [ALCOB Legal Fair Housing Complaint Request.pdf](#)

Hello Zyreshia,

No fair housing complaints have been filed with the Bryan City Attorney's Office pursuant to the City of Bryan's Fair Housing ordinance (Bryan Code of Ordinances, Chapter 58, Article II, Division 2) for the period of 1/01/2020 – 12/31/2024.

Thomas A. Leeper
City Attorney
City of Bryan
(979) 209-5150 [main]
(979) 209-5152 [direct]

RECORD OF CONCURRENCE AND APPROVAL

SUBJECT: Routing for City Manager’s signature:
2025 – 29 Consolidated Plan and 2025 Annual Action Plan (AAP) signature documents

SUSPENSE DATE

07/25/2025

EXPLANATION

Attached are the 2025 – 29 Consolidated Plan (CP) and 2025 Annual Action Plan (AAP) signature pages (SF-424, SF-424B) and Certifications required by the U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development (HUD) for cities receiving allocations from the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME Investment Partnerships Grant (HOME). This 2025 AAP is included within City of Bryan’s 2025-29 CP with allocations totaling \$919,611 of CDBG funds and \$347,844.46 in HOME funds. Approximately \$40,000 of CDBG program income and \$70,000 of HOME program income are also included in this year’s AAP grant application submittal. The SF-424, SF-424B, and SF-424D are application documents for federal assistance and, along with the Certifications, are part of the 2025-29 CP and 2025 AAP and relate to HUD and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) administrative/financial requirements.

The draft of the 2025-29 CP and 2025 AAP were presented at the Community Development Advisory Committee’s public hearing on June 5, 2025 and was recommended for approval. The 2025-29 Consolidated Plan and 2025 AAP was then **approved by City Council at the July 8, 2025**, Second Regular Meeting (Statutory Agenda Item 6.C). By resolution 4138 (attached), the City Manager, or his designee, is the authorized official to sign all 2025-29 CP and 2025 AAP submission documents. Required signatures are marked in the relevant locations on the attached copies.

Documents are being requested prior to the submittal date to allow documents to be uploaded into the HUD online submittal website and, afterwards, allow time for reformatting of the document and a PDF of the 2025-29 CP and 2025 AAP to be forwarded to our Houston HUD Office representatives.

ORIGINATOR

Lindsey Guindi
Director of Special Projects and Community Development

DATE ORIGINATED

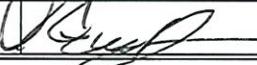
07/24/2025

PERSONS TO CONTACT FOR DETAILS

Lindsey Guindi, or:
Art Roach

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

209-5076
209-5175

| ROUTING SEQUENCE | APPROVING AUTHORITY | SIGNATURE | DATE | COMMENTS |
|------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------|------------------------------|
| 1. | Joey Dunn, Deputy City Manager |  | 7-25-25 | AS PER COUNCIL APPROV 7/8/25 |
| 2. | Kean Register, City Manager |  | 7/30/25 | |

Once documents are signed, please call or email: Zyreshia Jackson, Community Development at (979) 209-5181 / zjackson@bryantx.gov

Please **DO NOT** put signed documents in inter-office mail, CD staff will pick up documents once notified. August 14, 2025 is staff’s planned submittal date.

RESOLUTION NO. 4138

A RESOLUTION THAT DESIGNATES THE CITY MANAGER OR HIS DESIGNEE TO ACT AS THE CITY OFFICIAL TO EXECUTE THE CITY OF BRYAN'S COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT AND HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM FUNDS 2025/2029 5-YEAR CONSOLIDATED PLAN, ANNUAL ACTION PLANS, AND ALL OTHER ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND TO PERFORM OTHER DUTIES AS REQUIRED BY THE UNITED STATES HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT (HUD) IN ORDER TO IMPLEMENT THE PROJECTS IDENTIFIED IN THE 2025/2029 5-YEAR CONSOLIDATED PLAN AND THE 2025-2029 ANNUAL ACTION PLANS; AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER OR HIS DESIGNEE TO SUBMIT THE CITY OF BRYAN'S 2025/2029 5-YEAR CONSOLIDATED PLAN AND THE 2025 ANNUAL ACTION PLAN, FOR \$919,611 IN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUNDS AND \$347,844.46 IN HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP FUNDS, TO THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT, APPROVING THE PROPOSED USE OF THESE FUNDS; AUTHORIZING HUD REPRESENTATIVES AND THE FEDERAL COMPTROLLER GENERAL TO EXAMINE RECORDS RELATIVE TO THE PROGRAMS; APPOINTING THE CITY MANAGER OR HIS DESIGNEE AS THE RESPONSIBLE LOCAL OFFICIAL AND ACCEPTING THE JURISDICTION OF THE FEDERAL COURTS; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the City of Bryan, Texas is a home rule city with the legal authority to apply for and accept Federal funds described as the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and the Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME); and

WHEREAS, the programs will be conducted and administered in conformity with the appropriate Federal legislation and regulations referred to in the Community Development Act, 1992 and the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990; and

WHEREAS, the citizens of Bryan, Texas have been furnished adequate information concerning proposed CDBG and HOME projects; and

WHEREAS, the Community Development staff has prepared the 2025/2029 5-Year Consolidated Action Plan (5-Year Plan) and the 2025 Annual Action Plan for submission to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD); and

WHEREAS, the funding recommendations were developed by the Community Development Advisory Committee and Community Development staff following extensive public participation and an application review process; and

WHEREAS, views of citizens have been solicited and obtained through public hearings; and

WHEREAS, the priorities, objectives, and goals in the 5-Year Plan and the 2025 Annual Action Plan were developed through surveys, consultations, focus groups, public meetings, and public hearings; and

WHEREAS, the City of Bryan, Texas is willing to implement the certifications provided in the applications and Action Plans described herein below; and

WHEREAS, the 2025 Annual Action Plan describes how the City of Bryan intends to utilize \$919,611 in CDBG funds and \$347,844.46 in HOME funds.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF BRYAN, TEXAS THAT:

Section 1.

The City Manager of the City of Bryan is hereby authorized to sign and submit to HUD, as an official act of the City, the 2025/2029 5-Year Plan and the 2025 Annual Action Plan for funds for the purpose of participating in the CDBG and HOME programs and any subsequent Plans. The applications include an Executive Summary of the proposed 5-Year Plan, including actions to address priority needs identified in that plan, proposed actions for the 2025 Plan, and program certifications, all of which items are hereby approved.

Section 2.

The City Council of the City of Bryan hereby approves the proposed priorities, strategies, outcome measurements and objectives as stated in the 5-Year Plan and further incorporates the 5-Year Plan into this Resolution by reference for all purposes.

Section 3.

The City Council of the City of Bryan hereby approves the allocation of CDBG and HOME funds as stated in the 2025 Annual Action Plan, and further incorporates the 2025 Annual Action Plan into this Resolution by reference for all purposes.

Section 4.

The City Manager of the City of Bryan or his designee is authorized as the representative of the City of Bryan in connection with the Plans. He is authorized to provide such additional information as may be required, and to execute whatever forms or documents are determined by the Secretary of HUD as necessary to effectuate or implement the Certifications in the application.

Section 5.

Any authorized representative of HUD or the Comptroller General is hereby granted the right of access to examine all records, books, papers or documents related to the grants.

Section 6.

The City Manager of the City of Bryan or his designee is hereby appointed and consents to the appointment, as the responsible local official under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 insofar as such provisions apply and to accept the jurisdiction of the Federal courts for the purpose of enforcement of his responsibilities as such an official.

Section 7.

Any resolutions or parts of resolutions that are in conflict with this Resolution are hereby rescinded to the extent of the conflict.

Section 8.

This Resolution shall be effective immediately upon its passage and adoption.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED at the regular City Council meeting on this 8th day of July 2025.

ATTEST:

Melissa Brunner
Melissa Brunner, City Secretary



CITY OF BRYAN

Bobby Gutierrez
Bobby Gutierrez, Mayor

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Thomas A. Leeper
Thomas A. Leeper, City Attorney

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| * 1. Type of Submission: <input type="checkbox"/> Preapplication <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Application <input type="checkbox"/> Changed/Corrected Application | * 2. Type of Application: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New <input type="checkbox"/> Continuation <input type="checkbox"/> Revision | * If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): <input type="text"/> * Other (Specify): <input type="text"/> |
|---|---|--|

| | |
|---|---|
| * 3. Date Received: <input type="text" value="08/14/2025"/> | 4. Applicant Identifier: <input type="text"/> |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|--|
| 5a. Federal Entity Identifier: <input type="text"/> | 5b. Federal Award Identifier: <input type="text"/> |
|---|--|

State Use Only:

| | |
|--|--|
| 6. Date Received by State: <input type="text"/> | 7. State Application Identifier: <input type="text"/> |
|--|--|

8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:

| |
|--|
| * a. Legal Name: <input type="text" value="City of Bryan"/> |
|--|

| | |
|---|---|
| * b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Number (EIN/TIN): <input type="text" value="74-6000441"/> | * c. UEI: <input type="text" value="EUHQHSE5GCQ5"/> |
|---|---|

d. Address:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| * Street1: | <input type="text" value="300 S. Texas Avenue"/> |
| Street2: | <input type="text"/> |
| * City: | <input type="text" value="Bryan"/> |
| County/Parish: | <input type="text" value="Brazos"/> |
| * State: | <input type="text" value="TX: Texas"/> |
| Province: | <input type="text"/> |
| * Country: | <input type="text" value="USA: UNITED STATES"/> |
| * Zip / Postal Code: | <input type="text" value="77803-3937"/> |

e. Organizational Unit:

| | |
|---|---|
| Department Name: <input type="text" value="Community Development"/> | Division Name: <input type="text"/> |
|---|---|

f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application:

| | |
|--|---|
| Prefix: <input type="text" value="Mr."/> | * First Name: <input type="text" value="Art"/> |
| Middle Name: <input type="text"/> | |
| * Last Name: <input type="text" value="Roach"/> | |
| Suffix: <input type="text"/> | |

| |
|--|
| Title: <input type="text" value="Community Development Manager"/> |
|--|

| |
|--|
| Organizational Affiliation: <input type="text"/> |
|--|

| | |
|--|---|
| * Telephone Number: <input type="text" value="(979) 209-5075"/> | Fax Number: <input type="text"/> |
|--|---|

| |
|--|
| * Email: <input type="text" value="art@bryantx.gov"/> |
|--|

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424

*** 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:**

C: City or Township Government

Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:

Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:

* Other (specify):

*** 10. Name of Federal Agency:**

US Department of Housing and Urban Development

11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:

14.239

CFDA Title:

HOME Investment Partnerships Program

*** 12. Funding Opportunity Number:**

* Title:

13. Competition Identification Number:

Title:

14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):

Add Attachment

Delete Attachment

View Attachment

*** 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:**

Programs to expand the supply of safe, decent, and affordable housing for low- to moderate-income residents through public, private, and non-profit partnerships.

Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.

Add Attachments

Delete Attachments

View Attachments

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424

16. Congressional Districts Of:

* a. Applicant

* b. Program/Project

Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed.

17. Proposed Project:

* a. Start Date:

* b. End Date:

18. Estimated Funding (\$):

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| * a. Federal | <input type="text" value="347,844.46"/> |
| * b. Applicant | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * c. State | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * d. Local | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * e. Other | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * f. Program Income | <input type="text" value="70,000.00"/> |
| * g. TOTAL | <input type="text" value="417,844.46"/> |

*** 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process?**

- a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on
- b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review.
- c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372.

*** 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)**

Yes No

If "Yes", provide explanation and attach

21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001)**

** I AGREE

** The list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency specific instructions.

Authorized Representative:

Prefix: * First Name:
Middle Name:
* Last Name:
Suffix:

* Title:

* Telephone Number: Fax Number:

* Email:

* Signature of Authorized Representative: 

* Date Signed:

Instructions for the HUD 424-B Assurances and Certifications

As part of your application for HUD funding, you, as the official authorized to sign on behalf of your organization or as an individual, must provide the following assurances and certifications. The Responsible Civil Rights Official has specified this form for use for purposes of general compliance with 24 CFR §§ 1.5, 3.115, 8.50, and 146.25, as applicable. The Responsible Civil Rights Official may require specific civil rights assurances to be furnished consistent with those authorities and will specify the form on which such assurances must be made. A failure to furnish or comply with the civil rights assurances contained in this form may result in the procedures to effect compliance at 24 CFR §§ 1.8, 3.115, 8.57, or 146.39.

By submitting this form, you are stating that all assertions made in this form are true, accurate, and correct.

As the duly representative of the applicant, I certify that the applicant: [Insert below the Name and title of the Authorized Representative, name of Organization and the date of signature]:

*Authorized Representative Name:
Kean Register
*Title: City Manager
*Applicant/Recipient Organization:

City of Bryan, Texas

1. Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, has the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds to pay the non-Federal share of program costs) to plan, manage and complete the program as described in the application and the governing body has duly authorized the submission of the application, including these assurances and certifications, and authorized me as the official representative of the application to act in connection with the application and to provide any additional information as may be required.

2. Will administer the grant in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C 2000(d)) and implementing regulations (24 CFR part 1), which provide that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subject to discrimination under any program or activity that receives Federal financial assistance OR if the applicant is a Federally recognized Indian tribe or its tribally designated housing entity, is subject to the Indian Civil Rights Act (25 U.S.C. 1301-1303).

3. Will administer the grant in compliance with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), as amended, and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8, the American Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et.seq.), and implementing regulations at 28 CFR part 35 or 36, as applicable, and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101-07) as amended, and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 146 which together provide that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of disability or age, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity that receives Federal financial assistance; except if the grant program authorizes or limits participation to designated populations, then the applicant will comply with the nondiscrimination requirements within the designated population.

4. Will comply with the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-19), as amended, and the implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100, which prohibit discrimination in housing on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, or national origin and will affirmatively further fair housing; except an applicant which is an Indian tribe or its instrumentality which is excluded by statute from coverage does not make this certification; and further except if the grant program authorizes or limits participation to designated populations, then the applicant

will comply with the nondiscrimination requirements within the designated population.

5. Will comply with all applicable Federal nondiscrimination requirements, including those listed at 24 CFR §§ 5.105(a) and 5.106 as applicable.

6. Will not use Federal funding to promote diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) mandates, policies, programs, or activities that violate any applicable Federal anti-discrimination laws.

7. Will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4601) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24 and, as applicable, Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5304(d)) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 42, subpart A.

8. Will comply with the environmental requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et.seq.) and related Federal authorities prior to the commitment or expenditure of funds for property.

9. That no Federal appropriated funds have been paid, or will be paid, by or on behalf of the applicant, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, and officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress, in connection with the awarding of this Federal grant or its extension, renewal, amendment or modification. If funds other than Federal appropriated funds have or will be paid for influencing or attempting to influence the persons listed above, I shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying. I certify that I shall require all subawards at all tiers (including sub-grants and contracts) to similarly certify and disclose accordingly. Federally recognized Indian Tribes and tribally designated housing entities (TDHEs) established by Federally-recognized Indian tribes as a result of the exercise of the tribe's sovereign power are excluded from coverage by the Byrd Amendment, but State-recognized Indian tribes and TDHEs established under State law are not excluded from the statute's coverage.

I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true, accurate, and correct. WARNING: Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§287, 1001, 1010, 1012, 1014; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802; 24 CFR §28.10(b)(1)(iii)).

* Signature:



* Date: (mm/dd/yyyy):

07/30/2025

Public Reporting Burden Statement: The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering, and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden can be sent to: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of the Chief Data Officer, R, 451 7th St SW, Room 4176, Washington, DC 20410-5000. **Do not send completed HUD 424-B forms to this address.** This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid OMB control number. The Department of Housing and Urban Development is authorized to collect this information under the authority cited in the Notice of Funding Opportunity for this grant program. The information collected provides assurances and certifications for legal requirements related to the administration of this grant program. HUD will use this information to ensure compliance of its grantees. This information is required to obtain the benefit sought in the grant program. This information will not be held confidential and may be made available to the public in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. §552).

ASSURANCES - CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

OMB Number: 4040-0009
 Expiration Date: 06/30/2028

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0042), Washington, DC 20503.

PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET. SEND IT TO THE ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE SPONSORING AGENCY.

NOTE: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your project or program. If you have questions, please contact the Awarding Agency. Further, certain Federal assistance awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant, I certify that the applicant:

1. Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of project described in this application.
2. Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States and, if appropriate, the State, the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the assistance; and will establish a proper accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards or agency directives.
3. Will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of the real property title or other interest in the site and facilities without permission and instructions from the awarding agency. Will record the Federal interest in the title of real property in accordance with awarding agency directives and will include a covenant in the title of real property acquired in whole or in part with Federal assistance funds to assure nondiscrimination during the useful life of the project.
4. Will comply with the requirements of the assistance awarding agency with regard to the drafting, review and approval of construction plans and specifications.
5. Will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site to ensure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications and will furnish progressive reports and such other information as may be required by the assistance awarding agency or State.
6. Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
7. Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.
8. Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§4728-4763) relating to prescribed standards of merit systems for programs funded under one of the 19 statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
9. Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
10. Will comply with all Federal statutes relating to non-discrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin; (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681 1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101-6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290 ee 3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other nondiscrimination provisions in the specific statute(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and (j) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statute(s) which may apply to the application.

11. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirements of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal and federally-assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
12. Will comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. §§1501-1508 and 7324-7328) which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
13. Will comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§276a to 276a-7), the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. §276c and 18 U.S.C. §874), and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§327-333) regarding labor standards for federally-assisted construction subagreements.
14. Will comply with flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-234) which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is \$10,000 or more.
15. Will comply with environmental standards which may be prescribed pursuant to the following: (a) institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91-190) and Executive Order (EO) 11514; (b) notification of violating facilities pursuant to EO 11738; (c) protection of wetlands pursuant to EO 11990; (d) evaluation of flood hazards in floodplains in accordance with EO 11988; (e) assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. §§1451 et seq.); (f) conformity of Federal actions to State (Clean Air) implementation Plans under Section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§7401 et seq.); (g) protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended (P.L. 93-523); and, (h) protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (P.L. 93-205).
16. Will comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. §§1271 et seq.) related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system.
17. Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq.).
18. Will cause to be performed the required financial and compliance audits in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."
19. Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing this program.
20. Will comply with the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104) which prohibits grant award recipients or a sub-recipient from (1) Engaging in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect (2) Procuring a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect or (3) Using forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

| | |
|--|------------------------------|
| SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED CERTIFYING OFFICIAL  | TITLE City Manager |
| APPLICANT ORGANIZATION City of Bryan, Texas | DATE SUBMITTED 08/14/2025 |

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424

* 1. Type of Submission:

- Preapplication
 Application
 Changed/Corrected Application

* 2. Type of Application:

- New
 Continuation
 Revision

* If Revision, select appropriate letter(s):

* Other (Specify):

* 3. Date Received:

08/14/2025

4. Applicant Identifier:

5a. Federal Entity Identifier:

5b. Federal Award Identifier:

State Use Only:

6. Date Received by State:

7. State Application Identifier:

8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:

* a. Legal Name:

City of Bryan, Texas

* b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Number (EIN/TIN):

74-6000441

* c. UEI:

EUHQHSE5GCQ5

d. Address:

* Street1:

300 S. Texas Avenue

Street2:

* City:

Bryan

County/Parish:

Brazos

* State:

TX: Texas

Province:

* Country:

USA: UNITED STATES

* Zip / Postal Code:

77803-3937

e. Organizational Unit:

Department Name:

Community Development

Division Name:

f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application:

Prefix:

Mr.

* First Name:

Art

Middle Name:

* Last Name:

Roach

Suffix:

Title:

Community Development Manager

Organizational Affiliation:

* Telephone Number:

(979) 209-5075

Fax Number:

* Email:

art@bryantx.gov

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424

*** 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:**

C: City or Township Government

Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:

Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:

* Other (specify):

*** 10. Name of Federal Agency:**

US Department of Housing and Urban Development

11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:

14.218

CFDA Title:

Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants

*** 12. Funding Opportunity Number:**

* Title:

13. Competition Identification Number:

Title:

14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):

Add Attachment

Delete Attachment

View Attachment

*** 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:**

Enhancing the community by providing safe, decent, and affordable housing; improved infrastructure; support services; and a suitable living environment, principally for low-moderate income residents.

Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.

Add Attachments

Delete Attachments

View Attachments

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424

16. Congressional Districts Of:

* a. Applicant

* b. Program/Project

Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed.

Add Attachment

Delete Attachment

View Attachment

17. Proposed Project:

* a. Start Date:

* b. End Date:

18. Estimated Funding (\$):

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| * a. Federal | <input type="text" value="919,611.00"/> |
| * b. Applicant | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * c. State | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * d. Local | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * e. Other | <input type="text" value="0.00"/> |
| * f. Program Income | <input type="text" value="40,000.00"/> |
| * g. TOTAL | <input type="text" value="959,611.00"/> |

*** 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process?**

- a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on
- b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review.
- c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372.

*** 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)**

Yes No

If "Yes", provide explanation and attach

Add Attachment

Delete Attachment

View Attachment

21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001)**

** I AGREE

** The list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency specific instructions.

Authorized Representative:

Prefix: * First Name:
Middle Name:
* Last Name:
Suffix:

* Title:

* Telephone Number: Fax Number:

* Email:

* Signature of Authorized Representative: 

* Date Signed:

Instructions for the HUD 424-B Assurances and Certifications

As part of your application for HUD funding, you, as the official authorized to sign on behalf of your organization or as an individual, must provide the following assurances and certifications. The Responsible Civil Rights Official has specified this form for use for purposes of general compliance with 24 CFR §§ 1.5, 3.115, 8.50, and 146.25, as applicable. The Responsible Civil Rights Official may require specific civil rights assurances to be furnished consistent with those authorities and will specify the form on which such assurances must be made. A failure to furnish or comply with the civil rights assurances contained in this form may result in the procedures to effect compliance at 24 CFR §§ 1.8, 3.115, 8.57, or 146.39.

By submitting this form, you are stating that all assertions made in this form are true, accurate, and correct.

As the duly representative of the applicant, I certify that the applicant: [Insert below the Name and title of the Authorized Representative, name of Organization and the date of signature]:

*Authorized Representative Name:

Kean Register

*Title: City Manager

*Applicant/Recipient Organization:

City of Bryan, Texas

1. Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, has the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds to pay the non-Federal share of program costs) to plan, manage and complete the program as described in the application and the governing body has duly authorized the submission of the application, including these assurances and certifications, and authorized me as the official representative of the application to act in connection with the application and to provide any additional information as may be required.

2. Will administer the grant in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C 2000(d)) and implementing regulations (24 CFR part 1), which provide that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subject to discrimination under any program or activity that receives Federal financial assistance OR if the applicant is a Federally recognized Indian tribe or its tribally designated housing entity, is subject to the Indian Civil Rights Act (25 U.S.C. 1301-1303).

3. Will administer the grant in compliance with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), as amended, and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8, the American Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et.seq.), and implementing regulations at 28 CFR part 35 or 36, as applicable, and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101-07) as amended, and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 146 which together provide that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of disability or age, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity that receives Federal financial assistance; except if the grant program authorizes or limits participation to designated populations, then the applicant will comply with the nondiscrimination requirements within the designated population.

4. Will comply with the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-19), as amended, and the implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100, which prohibit discrimination in housing on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, or national origin and will affirmatively further fair housing; except an applicant which is an Indian tribe or its instrumentality which is excluded by statute from coverage does not make this certification; and further except if the grant program authorizes or limits participation to designated populations, then the applicant

will comply with the nondiscrimination requirements within the designated population.

5. Will comply with all applicable Federal nondiscrimination requirements, including those listed at 24 CFR §§ 5.105(a) and 5.106 as applicable.

6. Will not use Federal funding to promote diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) mandates, policies, programs, or activities that violate any applicable Federal anti-discrimination laws.

7. Will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4601) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24 and, as applicable, Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5304(d)) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 42, subpart A.

8. Will comply with the environmental requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 et.seq.) and related Federal authorities prior to the commitment or expenditure of funds for property.

9. That no Federal appropriated funds have been paid, or will be paid, by or on behalf of the applicant, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, and officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress, in connection with the awarding of this Federal grant or its extension, renewal, amendment or modification. If funds other than Federal appropriated funds have or will be paid for influencing or attempting to influence the persons listed above, I shall complete and submit Standard Form-L.L.L. Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying. I certify that I shall require all subawards at all tiers (including sub-grants and contracts) to similarly certify and disclose accordingly. Federally recognized Indian Tribes and tribally designated housing entities (TDHEs) established by Federally-recognized Indian tribes as a result of the exercise of the tribe's sovereign power are excluded from coverage by the Byrd Amendment, but State-recognized Indian tribes and TDHEs established under State law are not excluded from the statute's coverage.

I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true, accurate, and correct. WARNING: Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§287, 1001, 1010, 1012, 1014; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802; 24 CFR §28.10(b)(1)(iii)).

* Signature:



* Date: (mm/dd/yyyy):

07/30/2025

Public Reporting Burden Statement: The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering, and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden can be sent to: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of the Chief Data Officer, R, 451 7th St SW, Room 4176, Washington, DC 20410-5000. **Do not send completed HUD 424-B forms to this address.** This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid OMB control number. The Department of Housing and Urban Development is authorized to collect this information under the authority cited in the Notice of Funding Opportunity for this grant program. The information collected provides assurances and certifications for legal requirements related to the administration of this grant program. HUD will use this information to ensure compliance of its grantees. This information is required to obtain the benefit sought in the grant program. This information will not be held confidential and may be made available to the public in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. §552).

ASSURANCES - CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

OMB Number: 4040-0009
Expiration Date: 06/30/2028

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0348-0042), Washington, DC 20503.

PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET. SEND IT TO THE ADDRESS PROVIDED BY THE SPONSORING AGENCY.

NOTE: Certain of these assurances may not be applicable to your project or program. If you have questions, please contact the Awarding Agency. Further, certain Federal assistance awarding agencies may require applicants to certify to additional assurances. If such is the case, you will be notified.

As the duly authorized representative of the applicant, I certify that the applicant:

1. Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance, and the institutional, managerial and financial capability (including funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs) to ensure proper planning, management and completion of project described in this application.
2. Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States and, if appropriate, the State, the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the assistance; and will establish a proper accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards or agency directives.
3. Will not dispose of, modify the use of, or change the terms of the real property title or other interest in the site and facilities without permission and instructions from the awarding agency. Will record the Federal interest in the title of real property in accordance with awarding agency directives and will include a covenant in the title of real property acquired in whole or in part with Federal assistance funds to assure nondiscrimination during the useful life of the project.
4. Will comply with the requirements of the assistance awarding agency with regard to the drafting, review and approval of construction plans and specifications.
5. Will provide and maintain competent and adequate engineering supervision at the construction site to ensure that the complete work conforms with the approved plans and specifications and will furnish progressive reports and such other information as may be required by the assistance awarding agency or State.
6. Will initiate and complete the work within the applicable time frame after receipt of approval of the awarding agency.
7. Will establish safeguards to prohibit employees from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain.
8. Will comply with the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. §§4728-4763) relating to prescribed standards of merit systems for programs funded under one of the 19 statutes or regulations specified in Appendix A of OPM's Standards for a Merit System of Personnel Administration (5 C.F.R. 900, Subpart F).
9. Will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. §§4801 et seq.) which prohibits the use of lead-based paint in construction or rehabilitation of residence structures.
10. Will comply with all Federal statutes relating to non-discrimination. These include but are not limited to: (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin; (b) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended (20 U.S.C. §§1681 1683, and 1685-1686), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex; (c) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. §794), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of handicaps; (d) the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§6101-6107), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; (e) the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (P.L. 92-255), as amended relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of drug abuse; (f) the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-616), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination on the basis of alcohol abuse or alcoholism; (g) §§523 and 527 of the Public Health Service Act of 1912 (42 U.S.C. §§290 dd-3 and 290 ee 3), as amended, relating to confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records; (h) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§3601 et seq.), as amended, relating to nondiscrimination in the sale, rental or financing of housing; (i) any other nondiscrimination provisions in the specific statute(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and (j) the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statute(s) which may apply to the application.

11. Will comply, or has already complied, with the requirements of Titles II and III of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-646) which provide for fair and equitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property is acquired as a result of Federal and federally-assisted programs. These requirements apply to all interests in real property acquired for project purposes regardless of Federal participation in purchases.
12. Will comply with the provisions of the Hatch Act (5 U.S.C. §§1501-1508 and 7324-7328) which limit the political activities of employees whose principal employment activities are funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
13. Will comply, as applicable, with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§276a to 276a-7), the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. §276c and 18 U.S.C. §874), and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§327-333) regarding labor standards for federally-assisted construction subagreements.
14. Will comply with flood insurance purchase requirements of Section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-234) which requires recipients in a special flood hazard area to participate in the program and to purchase flood insurance if the total cost of insurable construction and acquisition is \$10,000 or more.
15. Will comply with environmental standards which may be prescribed pursuant to the following: (a) institution of environmental quality control measures under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (P.L. 91-190) and Executive Order (EO) 11514; (b) notification of violating facilities pursuant to EO 11738; (c) protection of wetlands pursuant to EO 11990; (d) evaluation of flood hazards in floodplains in accordance with EO 11988; (e) assurance of project consistency with the approved State management program developed under the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. §§1451 et seq.); (f) conformity of Federal actions to State (Clean Air) implementation Plans under Section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§7401 et seq.); (g) protection of underground sources of drinking water under the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended (P.L. 93-523); and, (h) protection of endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (P.L. 93-205).
16. Will comply with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 (16 U.S.C. §§1271 et seq.) related to protecting components or potential components of the national wild and scenic rivers system.
17. Will assist the awarding agency in assuring compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended (16 U.S.C. §470), EO 11593 (identification and protection of historic properties), and the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. §§469a-1 et seq).
18. Will cause to be performed the required financial and compliance audits in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."
19. Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies governing this program.
20. Will comply with the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104) which prohibits grant award recipients or a sub-recipient from (1) Engaging in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect (2) Procuring a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect or (3) Using forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

| | |
|---|----------------|
| SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED CERTIFYING OFFICIAL | TITLE |
|  | City Manager |
| APPLICANT ORGANIZATION | DATE SUBMITTED |
| City of Bryan, Texas | 08/14/2025 |

CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan regulations, the jurisdiction certifies that:

Affirmatively Further Fair Housing --The jurisdiction will affirmatively further fair housing.

Uniform Relocation Act and Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan -- It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended, (42 U.S.C. 4601-4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24. It has in effect and is following a residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan required under 24 CFR Part 42 in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the Community Development Block Grant or HOME programs.

Anti-Lobbying --To the best of the jurisdiction's knowledge and belief:

1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
2. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions; and
3. It will require that the language of paragraph 1 and 2 of this anti-lobbying certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

Authority of Jurisdiction --The consolidated plan is authorized under State and local law (as applicable) and the jurisdiction possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations.

Consistency with plan --The housing activities to be undertaken with Community Development Block Grant, HOME, Emergency Solutions Grant, and Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS funds are consistent with the strategic plan in the jurisdiction's consolidated plan.

Section 3 -- It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 75.



Signature of Authorized Official

07/30/25

Date

City Manager - Kean Register

Title

Specific Community Development Block Grant Certifications

The Entitlement Community certifies that:

Citizen Participation -- It is in full compliance and following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR 91.105.

Community Development Plan -- Its consolidated plan identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that have been developed in accordance with the primary objective of the CDBG program (i.e., the development of viable urban communities, by providing decent housing and expanding economic opportunities, primarily for persons of low and moderate income) and requirements of 24 CFR Parts 91 and 570.

Following a Plan -- It is following a current consolidated plan that has been approved by HUD.

Use of Funds -- It has complied with the following criteria:

1. Maximum Feasible Priority. With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG funds, it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low- and moderate-income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include CDBG-assisted activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available (see Optional CDBG Certification).

2. Overall Benefit. The aggregate use of CDBG funds, including Section 108 guaranteed loans, during program year(s) One year: "2025" [a period specified by the grantee of one, two, or three specific consecutive program years], shall principally benefit persons of low and moderate income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the amount is expended for activities that benefit such persons during the designated period.

3. Special Assessments. It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds, including Section 108 loan guaranteed funds, by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements.

However, if CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG funds) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds.

In addition, in the case of properties owned and occupied by moderate-income (not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property for public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG funds to cover the assessment.

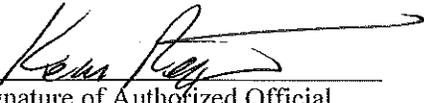
Excessive Force -- It has adopted and is enforcing:

1. A policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and
2. A policy of enforcing applicable State and local laws against physically barring entrance to or exit from a facility or location which is the subject of such non-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction.

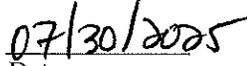
Compliance with Anti-discrimination laws -- The grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d) and the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-3619) and implementing regulations.

Lead-Based Paint -- Its activities concerning lead-based paint will comply with the requirements of 24 CFR Part 35, Subparts A, B, J, K and R.

Compliance with Laws -- It will comply with applicable laws.



Signature of Authorized Official



Date

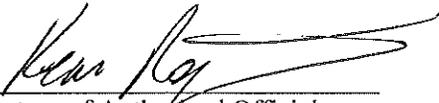
City Manager - Kean Register

Title

OPTIONAL Community Development Block Grant Certification

Submit the following certification only when one or more of the activities in the action plan are designed to meet other community development needs having particular urgency as specified in 24 CFR 570.208(c):

The grantee hereby certifies that the Annual Plan includes one or more specifically identified CDBG-assisted activities which are designed to meet other community development needs having particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community and other financial resources are not available to meet such needs.



Signature of Authorized Official

07/30/2025
Date

City Manager - Kean Register

Title

Specific HOME Certifications

The HOME participating jurisdiction certifies that:

Tenant Based Rental Assistance -- If it plans to provide tenant-based rental assistance, the tenant-based rental assistance is an essential element of its consolidated plan.

Eligible Activities and Costs -- It is using and will use HOME funds for eligible activities and costs, as described in 24 CFR §§92.205 through 92.209 and that it is not using and will not use HOME funds for prohibited activities, as described in §92.214.

Subsidy layering -- Before committing any funds to a project, it will evaluate the project in accordance with the guidelines that it adopts for this purpose and will not invest any more HOME funds in combination with other Federal assistance than is necessary to provide affordable housing;



Signature of Authorized Official

07/30/2025
Date

City Manager - Kean Register

Title

APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING LOBBYING CERTIFICATION:

Lobbying Certification

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

OMB Number: 2501-0044
Expiration Date: 2/28/2027

Public reporting burden. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.25 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate and any suggestions for reducing this burden can be sent to: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of the Chief Data Officer, R, 451 7th St SW, Room 8210, Washington, DC 20410-5000. Do not send completed forms to this address. This agency may not collect this information, and you are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. HUD is authorized to collect this information under the authority cited in the Notice of Funding Opportunity for this grant program. The information collected will provide proposed budget data for multiple programs. HUD will use this information in the selection of applicants. This information is required to obtain the benefit sought in the grant program. This information will not be held confidential and may be made available to the public in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. §552).

City of Bryan, Texas

Applicant Name

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) & HOME Investment Partnerships Program

Program/Activity Receiving Federal Grant Funding

Acting on behalf of the above named Applicant as its Authorized Official, I make the following certifications and agreements to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) regarding the sites listed below:

I certify that the above named Applicant will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:

a. Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the Applicant's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition.

b. Establishing an on-going drug-free awareness program to inform employees ---

(1) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;

(2) The Applicant's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;

(3) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and

(4) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace.

c. Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph a.;

d. Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph a. that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will ---

(1) Abide by the terms of the statement; and

(2) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;

e. Notifying the agency in writing, within ten calendar days after receiving notice under subparagraph d.(2) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position title, to every grant officer or other designee on whose grant activity the convicted employee was working, unless the Federal agency has designated a central point for the receipt of such notices. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;

f. Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under subparagraph d.(2), with respect to any employee who is so convicted ---

(1) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or

(2) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency;

g. Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs a. thru f.

2. Sites for Work Performance. The Applicant shall list (on separate pages) the site(s) for the performance of work done in connection with the HUD funding of the program/activity shown above: Place of Performance shall include the street address, city, county, State, and zip code. Identify each sheet with the Applicant name and address and the program/activity receiving grant funding.)

Please see attached list.

Check here if there are workplaces on file that are not identified on the attached sheets.

I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true and correct.

WARNING: Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012, 1014; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802).

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Name of Authorized Official Kean Register | Title City Manager |
| Signature X  | Date 07/30/2025 |

form HUD-50070 (3/98)
ref. Handbooks 7417.1, 7475.13, 7485.1 & .3

HUD Form 50070
Certification for a Drug Free Workplace
August, 14, 2025

Work Place Sites:

City of Bryan, Texas
Community Development Department
Community Development Block Grant & HOME Investment Partnerships Program
1803 Greenfield Plaza
Bryan, Brazos County, TX 77802

City of Bryan, Texas
Community Development Block Grant & HOME Investment Partnerships Program
300 S. Texas Avenue
Bryan, Brazos County, TX 77803